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VOLUME (1836)

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BULLETINS

OF

STATE INTELLIGENCE, &c.

1836.

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BULLETINS.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 1, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 1, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty will hold a Levee at St. James's-Palace, on Tuesday the 23d of February next, at two o'clock, on Wednesday the 2d of March, and on every succeeding Wednesday till further orders.

REGULATIONS TO BE OBSERVED AT THE KING'S LEVEES, AT ST. JAMES'S-PALACE.

The Noblemen and Gentlemen who propose to attend His Majesty's Levees at St. James's-Palace, are requested to bring with them two cards with their names thereon written, one to be left with the King's Page in attendance in the Presence-Chamber, and the other to be delivered to the Lord in Waiting, who will announce the name to His Majesty. And those Gentlemen who are to be presented are hereby informed, it is absolutely

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necessary that their names, with the name of the Gentleman who is to present them (not the Lord in Waiting), should be sent in to the Lord Chamberlain's-Office, *before twelve o'clock on the Saturday previous to the Levee on the 23d of February, and on the Monday previous to each succeeding Levee*, in order that they may be submitted for the King's approbation; it being His Majesty's command, that no presentation shall hereafter be made at the Levees, but in conformity with the above regulations; and further, that no person shall be admitted, on any pretenee whatever, who has not been so presented.

It is partieularly requested, that Gentiemen who are to be presented at the Levees will have their names *distinctly* written upon the eard to be delivered to the Lord in Waiting, in order that there may be no mistake in announcing them to the King.

The state apartments will not be open for the reeeption of company eoming to Court, until half past one o'clock.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, January 1, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that it is the Queen's intention to hold Drawing-Rooms on the following days:

Wednesday,	February	24,	being for the eelebration of Her Majesty's Birth-day.
Tuesday,	Mareh	24.	
Thursday,	April	21.	
Thursday,	May	5.	
Saturday,	May	28,	being for the eelebration of His Majesty's Birth-day.
Thursday,	June	16.	

No

No presentations can take place on those days appointed for the celebration of their Majesties' Birth-days.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 1, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Drawing-Room to be held at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday the 24th of February next, being for the celebration of Her Majesty's Birth-day, *the Knights of the several Orders are to appear in their Collars.*

Crown-Office, January 1, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Leicester.

Northern Division.

The Right Honourable Charles Somerset Manners, of Belvoir-castle, in the said county of Leicester, commonly called Lord Charles Somerset Manners, in the room of the Right Honourable Robert William Manners, commonly called Lord Robert William Manners, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 5, 1836.

Foreign-Office, January 5, 1836.

THE King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint the Honourable George Sulyarde Stafford Jerningham, now Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at the Hague, to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Turin.

The King has also been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Sir Alexander Malet, Bart. now Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Turin, to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at the Hague.

Foreign-Office, January 5, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of M. de la Boutraye as Consul at Dublin for His Majesty the King of the French.

Crown-

Crown-Office, January 5, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Gloucester.

Western Division.

Robert Blagden Hale, Esq. of Alderley, in the room of Henry Somerset, commonly called the Marquess of Worcester, now Duke of Beaufort.

Whitehall, December 28, 1835.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend George Burnside to the church and parish of Orr, alias Urr, in the stewartry of Kirkcudbright and presbytery of Dumfries, vacant by the resignation of the Reverend William Wallace Duncan.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 8, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, October 28, 1835.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon William Charles Ellis, Esq. M. D. of Hanwell, in the county of Middlesex.

War-

War-Office, 8th January 1836.

MEMORANDUM.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to permit the 39th Regiment of Foot to resume on its colours and appointments, the motto "*Primus in Indis*," in consideration of its having been the first of the King's Regiments which served in India, it having embarked in the year 1754, and returned to Ireland in the year 1758.

His Majesty has also been pleased to permit the Regiment to resume the word "*Plassey*," in commemoration of the gallantry displayed by the Regiment at the battle of Plassey, on the 5th February 1757, when serving with the English troops under Colonel, afterwards Lord, Clive.

His Majesty has likewise been pleased to permit the 39th Regiment to bear the *Castle and Key*, in addition to the word "*Gibraltar*," which, with the 12th, 56th, and 58th Regiments, it has already been permitted to bear on its colours and appointments, in commemoration of the gallantry displayed by those Regiments in the memorable defence of Gibraltar in 1782.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

SPRING CIRCUITS, 1836.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

H. R. Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Essex, at Chelmsford, Tuesday, March 15.
Essex, at Colchester, Wednesday, March 16.
Suffolk, at Ipswich, Thursday, March 17.
Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Saturday, March 19.
Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Monday, March 21.
Norfolk, at Lynn, Wednesday, March 23.
Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Thursday, March 24.
Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge, Saturday, March 26.
Cambridgeshire, at Ely, Monday, March 28.
Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Tuesday, March 29.
Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Wednesday, March 30.
Lincolnshire, at Lincoln and City, Thursday, March 31.
Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham and Town, Monday, April 4.
Derbyshire, at Derby, Wednesday, April 6.
At the City of Lichfield, Friday, April 8.
Staffordshire, at Stafford, Monday, April 11.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Thursday, April 14.
Warwickshire, at Birmingham, Saturday, April 16.
Shropshire, at Oldbury, Monday, April 18.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Wednesday, April 20.
At the City of Coventry, Friday, April 22.
Leicestershire, at Leicester, Saturday, April 23.
Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Tuesday, April 26.
Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Thursday, April 28.
Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Friday, April 29.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

J. G. Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

Berkshire, at Reading, Friday, February 26.
Oxfordshire, at Oxford, Saturday, February 27.
Worcestershire, at Worcester and City, Monday, February 29.
Radnorshire, at Presteigne, Wednesday, March 2.
Herefordshire, at Hereford, Friday, March 4.
Brecknockshire, at Brecon, Monday, March 7.
Cardiganshire, at Cardigan, Tuesday, March 8.
Pembrokeshire, at Haverfordwest and Town, Wednesday, March 9.
Carmarthenshire, at Carmarthen and Borough, Friday, March 11.
Glamorganshire, at Swansea, Monday, March 14.
Glamorganshire, at Cardiff, Wednesday, March 16.
Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Friday, March 18.
Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Saturday, March 19.
At the City of Bristol, Tuesday, March 22.
Somersetshire, at Bath, Thursday, March 24.
Somersetshire, at Wells, Saturday, March 26.
Devonshire, at Plymouth, Tuesday, March 29.
Cornwall, at Bodmin, Thursday, March 31.
Devonshire, at Exeter and City, Saturday, April 2.
Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Tuesday, April 5.
Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Friday, April 8.
At the Town of Southampton, Saturday, April 9.
Hampshire, at Winchester, Monday, April 11.

HOME CIRCUIT.

T. B. Bowen, Esq. Commissioner.

Kent, at Dover, Saturday, March 5.
At the City of Canterbury, Monday, March 7.
Kent, at Maidstone, Tuesday, March 8.
Sussex, at Horsham, Friday, March 25.
Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Saturday, April 2.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

W. J. Law, Esq. Commissioner.

Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Friday, February 19.
Yorkshire, at Sheffield, Monday, February 22.
Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Wednesday, February 24.
At the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Tuesday, March 1.
At the City of York, Wednesday, March 2.
Yorkshire, at York Castle, Thursday, March 3.
Yorkshire, at Richmond, Monday, March 7.
Durham, at Durham, Tuesday, March 8.
Northumberland, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Town, Thursday, March 10.
Cumberland, at Carlisle, Monday, March 14.
Westmorland, at Appleby, Wednesday, March 16.
Westmorland, at Kendal, Thursday, March 17.
Lancashire, at Lancaster, Friday, March 18.
Lancashire, at Preston, Saturday, March 26.
Lancashire, at Liverpool, Monday, March 28.
Cheshire, at Chester and City, Wednesday, March 30.
Flintshire, at Mold, Saturday, April 2.
Denbighshire, at Ruthin, the same day.
Anglesey, at Beaumaris, Tuesday, April 5.
Carnarvonshire, at Carnarvon, Wednesday, April 6.
Merionethshire, at Dolgelly, Saturday, April 9.
Montgomeryshire, at Welch Pool, Tuesday, April 12.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 12, 1836.

Cambridge-House, August 30, 1835.

HIS Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint the Reverend William Bentinck Lethem Hawkins, M. A. to be one of His Royal Highness's Domestic Chaplains.

[The following article is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of 17th November 1835.]

Whitehall, January 11, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend James Dewar to the church and parish of Salin, in the presbytery and isle of Mull, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Duncan M'Lean to the church and parish of Kilbrandon.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 15, 1836.

Downing-Street, January 14, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Senior to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Island of Antigua.

Downing-Street, January 15, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Gabriel Agostini, Esq. to be Attorney General of the Island of St. Lucia.

Whitehall, January 12, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Thomas James Hall, Esq. a Police Magistrate and Justice of the Peace for the borough of Liverpool.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 19, 1836.

At the Court at *Brighton*, the 16th day of *January* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty in Council was this day pleased to deliver the Great Seal to the Right Honourable Sir Charles Christopher Pepys, Knt. whereupon the Oath of Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain was, by His Majesty's command, administered to him, and he took his place at the Board accordingly

This day the Right Honourable Henry Bickersteth was, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

Whitehall, January 19, 1836.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable Henry Bickersteth Master or Keeper of the Rolls and Records in Chancery, the same being vacant by the surrender of the Right Honourable Sir Charles Christopher Pepys, Knt. now Chancellor of Great Britain.

The

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto the Right Honourable Sir Charles Christopher Pepys, Knt. Chancellor of that part of the said United Kingdom called Great Britain, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile, and title of Baron Cottenham, of Cottenham, in the county of Cambridge.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baroness of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to the Honourable Mary Elizabeth Lady Campbell, wife of Sir John Campbell, Knt. His Majesty's Attorney-General, and eldest daughter of the Right Honourable James Baron Abinger, by the name, style, and title of Baroness Stratheden, of Cupar, in the county of Fife, and, at her decease, the dignity of a Baron of the said United Kingdom to the heirs male of the body of the said Mary Elizabeth Lady Campbell lawfully begotten by the said Sir John Campbell, by the name, stile, and title of Baron Stratheden, of Cupar, in the county of Fife.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto the Right Honourable Henry Bickersteth, Master or Keeper of the Rolls and Records in Chancery, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile, and title of Baron Langdale, of Langdale, in the county of Westmoreland.

Downing-Street, January 15, 1836.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to pass the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, nominating the Venerable William Grant Broughton, Archdeacon of New South Wales, to the Bishoprick of Australia.

Whitehall, January 14, 1836.

The King has been pleased to grant unto John M'Neill, Esq. His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the royal Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, of the first class, which the Shah of Persia has conferred upon him, in approbation of his services while attached to the British Force in Persia, and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that His Majesty's said concession and especial mark of His royal favour, be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

Office of the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales, January 19, 1836.

This is to certify that, under the provisions of the 7th section of the fourth and fifth William the Fourth, cap. 76, the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed William Day, of Maresfield, in the county of Sussex, Esq. one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said county, one of the Deputy Lieutenants of the same county, and late Vice-Chairman of the Board of Guardians of the Poor of the Uckfield Union; Thomas Stevens, of Bradfield, in the county of Berks, Esq. one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said county, and late Vice-Chairman of the Board of Guardians of the Poor of the Bradfield Union; Richard Digby Neave, of Havering atte Bower, in the county of Essex, Esq. one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the liberty of Havering atte Bower; and Edmund Walker Head, Esq. Master of Arts; to be Assistant-Commissioners of the Poor Laws.

And this is further to certify, that the said Thomas Stevens and Richard Digby Neave did, on Saturday the 16th instant, take the oath required by the 11th section of the said Act; and that the said William Day and Edmund Walker Head did, on Monday the 18th instant, take the said oath; before Mr. Justice Patteson, one of the Judges of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, at his Chambers at Serjeant's Inn.

Signed, by order of the Board,

Edwin Chadwick, Secretary.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 22, 1836.

At the Court at *Brighton*, the 16th day of *January* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the third and fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the "abolition of slavery throughout the British colo- "nies; for promoting the industry of the manu- "mitted slaves; and for compensating the persons "hitherto entitled to the services of such slaves;" it is enacted, "that, from and after the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, all persons who, in conformity with the laws now in force in the said colonies respectively, shall, on or before the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, have been duly registered as slaves in any such colony, and who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall be actually within any such colony, and who shall by such registries appear to be, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, of the full age of six years or upwards, shall, by force and virtue of the said Act, and without the previous execution of any in-

den-

denture of apprenticeship, or any other deed or instrument for that purpose, become and be apprenticed labourers"; and whereas, by the said Act, it is further enacted, that, subject to the obligations imposed by the said Act, or to be imposed as therein mentioned upon such apprenticed labourers as aforesaid, all and every the persons who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall be holden in slavery within any such British colony as aforesaid shall, upon, and from, and after the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, become and be, to all intents and purposes, freed and discharged of and from all manner of slavery, and shall be absolutely and for ever manumitted; and that the children thereafter to be born to any such persons, and the offspring of such children, shall, in like manner, be free from their birth; and that, from and after the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, slavery shall be, and is thereby, utterly and for ever abolished and declared unlawful throughout the British colonies, plantations, and possessions abroad:

And whereas by the said Act it is provided, that the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury may raise the sum of twenty millions of pounds sterling, towards compensating the persons entitled to the services of the slaves to be manumitted and set free by virtue of the said Act, for the loss of such services:

And whereas in the said Act it is recited, that various rules and regulations are or may be necessary for the purposes therein specified and that such regulations could not without great inconvenience, be made, except by the respective governors councils, and assemblies, or other local legislatures of the said respective colonies, or by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, in

reference to those colonies to which the legislative authority of His Majesty in Council extends; and it is, therefore, by the said Act enacted and declared, that nothing in the said Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent the enactment, by the respective governors, councils, and assemblies, or by such other local legislatures as aforesaid, or by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, of any such Acts of General Assembly, or Ordinances, or Orders in Council, as might be requisite for making and establishing such several rules and regulations as aforesaid, or any of them, or for carrying the same, or any of them, into full and complete effect:

And whereas it is by the said Act further enacted, that no part of the said sum of twenty millions of pounds sterling shall be applied or shall be applicable to the purposes therein aforesaid, for the benefit of any person entitled to the services of any slave in any of the colonies therein aforesaid, unless an Order shall have been first made by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, declaring that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in such colony for giving effect to the said Act, by such further and supplementary enactments as therein mentioned; nor unless a copy of such Order in Council, duly certified by one of the Clerks in Ordinary of His Majesty's Privy Council, shall, by the Lord President of the Council, have been transmitted to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or to the Lord High Treasurer, for the time being, for their or his guidance or information; and every such Order shall be published three several times in the London Gazette, and shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within six weeks next after the date thereof, if Parliament shall be then in session, and if not, within six weeks from the then next ensuing session of Parliament:

And

And whereas, in order to carry into effect the objects of the said recited Act, an Act hath been passed by the President, Council, and Assembly of the island of Nevis, intituled "An Act to provide "for the maintenance, protection, and good govern- "ment of apprenticed labourers, and to settle the "jurisdiction and authority of special magistrates;" also "An Act to establish a local constabulary "force on the several plantations in this island;" and also "An Act to alter and amend an Act, "intituled 'An Act to provide for the maintenance, "protection, and good government of apprenticed "labourers, and to settle the jurisdiction and autho- "rity of special magistrates:'"

And whereas it is considered by His Majesty in Council, that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in the said island of Nevis, for giving effect to the said recited Act of Parliament, by such further and supplementary enactments as therein mentioned, according to the true intent and meaning of the said Act:

His Majesty is, therefore, pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to declare, and it is hereby declared, that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in the said island of Nevis, for giving effect to the said recited Act of Parliament, by such further and supplementary enactments as therein are mentioned:

And the Right Honourable the Marquess of Lansdowne, the President of His Majesty's Privy Council, and the Right Honourable Lord Glenelg, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Whitehall, January 21, 1836.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Sir John Franklin, Knt. Captain in the Royal Navy, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the gold cross of the Order of the Redeemer, which His Majesty Otho, King of Greece, has conferred upon him, in approbation of his services at Patras, while commanding the ship Rainbow ; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed :

And also to command, that the said concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 26, 1836.

Foreign-Office, January 23, 1836.

IT has been notified to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, by the Brazilian Minister at this Court, that the Regent, in the name of the Emperor of Brazil, has declared the ports of the insurgent province of Para to be in a state of blockade.

Foreign-Office, January 26, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of Mr. Pandias Ralli as Consul in London for His Majesty the King of Greece.

From the DUBLIN GAZETTE of Tuesday, January 19, 1836.

ELECTION OF A TEMPORAL PEER OF IRELAND.

IN pursuance of an Act, passed in the fortieth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to regulate the mode by which the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons, to serve in the Parliament of the United Kingdom, on the part of Ireland, shall be summoned and returned to the said Parliament," I do hereby give notice, that the Right Honourable Edward Hadding, Baron Dunsany, has been chosen by a majority of votes to be the Peer to sit in the House of Lords of the United Kingdom, in the room of Charles William Earl of Charleville, deceased.

John Hart, Deputy Clerk, Crown and Hanaper.

Crown and Hanaper-Office, Dublin, dated this 18th day of January 1836.

Whitehall, January 25, 1836.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Sir Keith-Alexander Jackson, Bart. Captain in the 4th (or Queen's Own) Regiment of Light Dragoons, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, of the second class, which the Shah of

of Persia has been pleased to confer upon that Officer, in testimony of his royal approbation of his conduct and services while attached to the Persian army; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed:

And also to command, that the said concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 29, 1836.

Office of Woods, &c. January 29, 1836.

Designs for the New Houses of Parliament.

THE Commissioners appointed by His Majesty for the examination of designs for the new Houses of Parliament having made their selection, *Notice is hereby given* that, for the purpose of delivering over to the respective Candidates such designs as shall not have been selected, attendance will be given at the late official residence of the Speaker of the House of Commons, New Palace-yard, Westminster, on Tuesday and Wednesday the 2d and 3d of February, between the hours of ten and four.

As the same motto or device has been adopted by more than one Candidate, it will be necessary that the parties should be very minute and particular in their applications, and that they should furnish the best possible evidence for the authentication of their respective designs.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 2, 1836.

Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office, House of Lords, February 2, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be attendance at this Office to-morrow, between the hours of three and six, in the afternoon.

Peeresses on announcing, within the time above specified, their intention of being present at the opening the session of Parliament, will have places reserved for them.

No stranger can be admitted to any part of the House, except by a ticket, subscribed by the Deputy Great Chamberlain.

No Lady can be admitted, into the body of the House, but in full dress.

The doors will not be open, for the admission of strangers, before twelve o'clock.

CHOLMONDELEY, D. G. C.

Downing-Street, February 2, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Colonel Sir John Harvey to be Lieutenant-Governor of Prince Edward Island, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Down-

Downing-Street, February 2, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Jeffery Hart Bent, Esq. to be Chief Justice of the Colony of British Guiana.

Downing-Street, February 2, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Andries Stockenstrom, Esq. to be Lieutenant-Governor of the eastern division of the settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, comprising the several districts of Albany, Somerset, Uitenhage, and Graaff Reynet.

Downing-Street, February 2, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Torrens, C. B.; William Alexander Mackinnon, M. P.; William Hutt, M. P.; John George Shaw Lefevre, George Palmer, jun. Jacob Montefiore, Samuel Mills, Edward Barnard, Josiah Roberts, and James Pennington, Esqrs. to be His Majesty's Commissioners for carrying into effect certain parts of the Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to empower His Majesty to erect South Australia into a British Province or Provinces, and to provide for the colonization and government thereof," the said Commissioners to be styled "the Colonization Commissioners for South Australia."

Downing-Street, February 2, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint John Hindmarsh, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, to be Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of South Australia.

White-

Whitehall, February 2, 1836.

The King, taking into His royal consideration that, upon the deeease of Nieholas Viscount Bangor, of that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland ealled Ireland, the title and dignity of Viscount Bangor devolved upon his nephew and heir, Edward-Southwell now Viscount Bangor, as eldest son and heir of Edward Ward, Esq. commonly called the Honourable Edward Ward (by the Lady Arabella his wife, daughter of William late Earl of Glandore), which said Edward Ward was a younger son of Bernard late Viscount Bangor, and next brother of Nieholas the said Viscount Bangor, and that, aecording to the ordinary rules of honour, the younger brothers and sisters of the said Edward-Southwell now Viscount Bangor cannot enjoy that plaee and precedenee which would have been due to them in ease their said father, Edward Ward, had survived his brother, the said Nieholas Viseount Bangor, and thereby suceeeded to the said title and dignity of Viseount Bangor; His Majesty has been graciously pleased to ordain and deelare, that John-Petty Ward, Esq.; the Reverend Henry Ward, Clerk; Theodosia, widow and reliet of the late Major Kean Osborne; Arabella-Catherine, wife of Edward Wolstenholme, Esq.; and Urania-Caroline, wife of Lieutenant-General the Honourable John Meade, younger brothers and sisters of the said Edward-Southwell now Viscount Bangor, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same titles, plaee, pre-eminenee, and preeedenee, as if their said late father, Edward Ward, had sueeeeded to the said title and dignity of Viscount Bangor:

And His Majesty has been further pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in His College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 5, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, February 4, 1836.

THIS day His Majesty proceeded in state from St. James's-Palace to the House of Peers, where he arrived about two o'clock; and was received, on alighting from his state coach, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Deputy Lord Great Chamberlain, the Earl Marshal, the Lord Steward of the Household, the Lord Viscount Melbourne, Clarenceux King of Arms, in the absence of Garter, and the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, and proceeded to the robing-room in the customary manner.

His Majesty was there robed, and having put on the imperial crown, the procession moved into the House in the usual order;—the sword of state was borne by the Lord Viscount Melbourne, and the cap of maintenance by the Marquess of Winchester.

His Majesty being seated on the Throne, the Great Officers of State and others standing on the right and left, Sir Augustus Clifford, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to deliver the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament:

My

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IT is with much satisfaction that I again meet the great council of the nation assembled in Parliament. I am ever anxious to avail Myself of your advice and assistance; and I rejoice that the present state of public affairs, both at home and abroad, is such as to permit you to proceed, without delay or interruption, to the calm examination of those measures which will be submitted to your consideration.

I continue to receive from My Allies, and generally from all Foreign Powers, assurances of their unaltered desire to cultivate with Me those friendly relations which it is equally My wish to maintain with them; and the intimate union which happily subsists between this country and France is a pledge to Europe of the continuance of the general peace.

Desirous on all occasions to use My friendly endeavours to remove causes of disagreement between other Powers, I have offered My mediation in order to compose the difference which has arisen between France and the United States. This offer has been accepted by the King of the French. The answer of the President of the United States has not yet been received; but I entertain a confident hope that a misunderstanding between two nations so enlightened and high minded, will be settled in a manner satisfactory to the feelings and consistent with the honor of both.

I have still to lament the continuance of the civil contest in the northern provinces of Spain. The measures which I have taken, and the engagements into which I have entered, sufficiently prove My deep anxiety for its termination; and the prudent and vigorous conduct of the present Government of Spain inspires Me with the hope that the authority of the Queen will soon be established in every part of her dominions; and that the Spanish nation, so

long connected by friendship with Great Britain, will again enjoy the blessings of internal tranquillity and union.

I have given directions that there shall be laid before you the treaty which I have concluded with the Queen of Spain, for the suppression of the slave trade.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have directed the estimates of the year to be prepared and laid before you without delay. They have been framed with the strictest regard to a well-considered economy.

The necessity of maintaining the maritime strength of the country, and of giving adequate protection to the extended commerce of My subjects, has occasioned some encrease in the estimates for the naval branch of the public service.

The state of the commerce and manufactures of the United Kingdom is highly satisfactory.

I lament that any class of My subjects should still suffer distress; and the difficulties which continue to be felt in important branches of agriculture may deserve your inquiry, with a view of ascertaining whether there are any measures which Parliament can advantageously adopt for the alleviation of this pressure.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I have not yet received the further report of the Commission appointed to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales; but I have reason to believe that their recommendations upon most of the important subjects submitted to them are nearly prepared. They shall be laid before you without delay, and you will direct your early attention to the ecclesiastical establishment, with the intention of rendering it more efficient for the holy purposes for which it has been instituted.

Ano-

Another subject which will naturally occupy you is the state of the tithe in England and Wales; and a measure will be submitted to you, having for its end the rendering this mode of providing for the clergy more fixed and certain, and calculated to relieve it from that fluctuation and those objections to which it has hitherto been subject.

The principles of toleration by which I have been invariably guided, must render Me desirous of removing any cause of offence or trouble to the consciences of any portion of My subjects; and I am therefore anxious that you should consider whether measures may not be framed which, whilst they remedy any grievances which affect those who dissent from the doctrine or discipline of the Established Church, will also be of general advantage to the whole body of the community.

The speedy and satisfactory administration of justice is the first and most sacred duty of a Sovereign; and I earnestly recommend you to consider whether better provision may not be made for this great purpose in some of the departments of the law; and more particularly in the Court of Chancery.

I trust that you will be able to effect a just settlement of the question of tithe in Ireland, upon such principles as will tend at length to establish harmony and peace in that country.

You are already in possession of the report of the Commission appointed to inqure into the state of the municipal corporations in Ireland; and I entertain a hope that it will be in your power to apply to any defects and evils, which may have been shown to exist in those institutions, a remedy founded upon the same principles as those of the Acts which have already passed for England and Scotland.

A further report of the Commission of Inquiry into the condition of the poorer classes of My subjects in Ireland will speedily be laid before you. You will approach this subject with the caution due to its im-

importance and difficulty; and the experience of the salutary effects already produced by the Act for the amendment of the laws relating to the poor in England and Wales may, in many respects, assist your deliberations.

I rely upon your prudence and wisdom, and upon your determination to maintain, as well as to amend, the laws and institutions of the country; and I commit these questions of domestic policy, to which I have deemed it My duty to direct your attention, into your hands, persuaded that you will so treat them as to increase the happiness and prosperity, by promoting the religion and morality, of My people.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 3d day of *February* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board, a Memorial from the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, dated the twenty-eighth January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, in the words following, viz.

"*May it please your Majesty,*

"WHEREAS by your Majesty's Order in Council, dated nineteenth March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, your Majesty was graciously pleased to annul your Majesty's Royal Proclamation of the twenty-ninth of June one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, for granting the distribution of the net proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, and also your Majesty's Order in Council of thirtieth June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, for the distribution of the net proceeds of captures and seizures made by

by your Majesty's ships and vessels of war, under the several Acts passed for the prevention of smuggling, and other Acts relating to your Majesty's revenue of customs, and to trade and navigation, for the abolition of the slave trade, and for the capture and destruction of piratical vessels, and of the rewards which have been conferred for the same; and whereas by your Majesty's Royal Proclamation, dated nineteenth of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, your Majesty was further graciously pleased to direct, that distributions should be made of the net proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, of captures and seizures under the several Acts passed relating to the revenue of customs and to trade and navigation, for the abolition of the slave trade, and for the capture and destruction of piratical vessels, according to the scheme therein set forth; and whereas it has been represented to us that the said scheme, which was submitted to your Majesty in our humble Memorial of thirty-first January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, has not in its application produced the full benefit and effect contemplated in our said Memorial, we beg leave, therefore, with all humility, to submit to your Majesty the following scheme of distribution of the net proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, of captures and seizures made by your Majesty's ships and vessels of war, under the several Acts passed for the prevention of smuggling, and the Acts relating to your Majesty's revenue of customs and to trade and navigation, for the abolition of the slave trade, and for the capture and destruction of piratical vessels, and of the rewards which have been conferred for the same; and we humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased, by your Order in Council, to annul your Majesty's said Proclamation of the nineteenth March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and, by your Royal Proclamation, to order and direct that the said distribution of proceeds

of

of rewards shall in future be made in the manner following, viz.

" That the flag-officer or officers shall have one sixteenth part of the whole net proceeds arising from prizes captured from the enemy, and from all other captures and seizures as aforesaid, made by the ships and vessels under his or their command, and of the rewards conferred for the same, save and except as hereinafter provided and directed :

" That the captain or captains or commanders of any of your Majesty's ships or sloops of war, who shall have been actually on board at the time of any such capture or seizure, shall have one eighth part of the remainder divided equally among them, and where there is no flag-officer, one eighth part of the whole :

" That the remainder shall be distributed into shares according to the following scale, viz.

" To the sea lieutenants, field-officers of marines (when embarked), captains of marines and land forces, master of the fleet, physician of the fleet (provided such physician of the fleet be actually on board at the time of such capture or seizure), and masters—ten shares each :

" To the lieutenants and quartermasters of marines, and lieutenants, ensigns, and quartermasters of land forces, secretaries to admirals, chaplains, surgeons, pursers, mates, second masters, gunners, boatswains, carpenters, and first engineers—six shares each :

" To the assistant-surgeons, midshipmen, masters' assistants, schoolmasters, junior engineers, clerks, masters at arms, admirals' and captains' coxswains, quartermasters, gunners' mates, boatswains' mates, captains of forecastle, captains of the hold, coxswain of the launch, sail-maker, rope-maker, carpenters' mates, caulkers, armourers, captains of the main top, captains of the fore top, pilots, serjeants of marines —three shares each :

" To

" To the ships' cooks and ships' corporal, captains of the mast, captains of the after-guard, yeoman of signals, coxswains of the pinnace, sail-makers' mates, coopers, caulkers' mates, armourers' mates, corporals of marines—two shares each:

" To the gunners' crew, seamen gunners, carpenters' crew, sail-makers' crew, coopers' crew, able and ordinary seamen, yeomen of store rooms, stokers in steam vessels, privates and fifers of marines, above seven years service—one share each:

" To the cooks' mate, barber, pursers' steward, captains' steward, ward or gun-room stewards, ward or gun-room cook, stewards' mate, landsmen and boys of first class, young gentlemen's steward, young gentlemen's cook, privates and fifers of marines, under seven years service—two thirds of a share each:

" Volunteers of the second class and boys of the second class—one third of a share each:

" That when land forces are embarked to serve as marines, they shall share, according to their respective ranks, as marines:

" That when captains and commanders share together, the captains shall receive double the amount of the commanders:

" That commanders doing the duty of first lieutenants, shall share like other commanders:

" That lieutenants commanding small vessels, when not in company with any captain or commander, shall share as captains:

" That the clerk in charge in small vessels shall share as a purser, unless a ship or vessel bearing a purser be present, when he is to share only as clerk:

" That in all cases in which supernumeraries, whether officers or men, shall be borne by order of the Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, or by

other proper authority, they shall share with the respective ranks in which they may be acting: provided always, that no flag-officer, or other person, not actually present at the capture or destruction of any pirate vessel, shall be entitled to share in any distribution of the proceeds or bounty in respect of the crews of such piratical ships, vessels, or boats; and also that no flag-officer, or other person, who shall not have been actually on board of any of your Majesty's ships or ships of war, or at the actual taking, sinking, burning, or otherwise destroying any ship or ships of war, or privateers belonging to the enemy, shall be entitled to share in the distribution of any head or bounty money, granted as a reward for the taking, sinking, burning, or otherwise destroying any such ship or vessel:

"The following regulations, we submit, should be established with respect to the share before mentioned, to be given to the flag-officer or officers under whose command the capturing ship may be:

"That a captain, commander, or commanding officer of a ship or vessel shall be deemed to be under the command of a flag when he shall have actually received some order from, or be acting in execution of, some order issued by a flag-officer; and, in the event of his being directed to join a flag-officer on any station, he shall be deemed to be under the command of such flag-officer from the time when he arrives within the limits of the station, which circumstance is to be always carefully noted in the log-book, and shall be considered to continue under the command of the flag-officer of such station until he shall have received some order directly from, or be acting in execution of some order issued by, some other flag-officer duly authorised, or by the Lord High Admiral, or your Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral for the time being:

"That when ships or vessels under the command of

of several flags, which belong to separate stations, shall happen to be joint captors, each flag-officer, under whose orders the ships or vessels are, shall receive a proportion of the flag share, according to the number of capturing ships or vessels belonging to each flag respectively:

" Captains or commanders, or commanding officers of such ships or vessels as shall be under orders from the Lord High Admiral, or your Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, being joint captors with other ships or vessels under a flag or flags, the flag-officer is only to have his proportion of the flag share, according to the number of ships belonging to his squadron:

" That if a flag-officer be sent to command in the ports of the United Kingdom, he shall have no share in the prizes captured from the enemy, nor in the other captures or seizures as aforesaid, made by ships or vessels which have sailed, or shall sail, from that port by order of the Lord High Admiral, or your Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, nor in the rewards conferred for the same:

" That when more flag-officers than one shall be serving together, the one sixteenth part of the net proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, and of the other captures or seizures as aforesaid, made by any ships or vessels of the fleet or squadron, and of the rewards conferred for the same, shall be divided in the following proportions, namely:

" If there be but two flag-officers, the chief shall have two third parts of the said one sixteenth, and the other shall have the remaining third part; but if the number of flag-officers be more than two, the chief shall have only one half, and the other half shall be equally divided amongst the junior flag-officers:

" That commodores of the first class and captains of the fleet shall be esteemed as flag-officers:

" And we would further most humbly submit, that the captains and commanders of your Majesty's ships and vessels of war, shall, on making any capture or seizure, transmit, as soon as may be, or cause to be transmitted to the Secretary of the Admiralty, a true and perfect list of all the officers, seamen, marines, and soldiers, and others who were actually on board your Majesty's ships and vessels of war under their command, at the time of the said capture or seizure, and also of those who were absent on duty at such time; which list shall contain the quality of the service of each person on board, together with the description of the men, taken from the description books of the capturing ships or vessels, and their several ratings, and be subscribed by the captain or commanding officer and three or more of the chief officers on board:

" And we would further humbly submit, that when such lists shall have been duly examined with the muster books of such ships and vessels, and lists annexed thereto, in order to see that such lists agree with such muster books and annexed lists, as to the names, qualities, or ratings of the officers, seamen, marines, soldiers, and others belonging to such ships and vessels, and, upon request, the Accountant-General of your Majesty's Navy, or examining officer shall forthwith grant a certificate, signed by such officer, of the truth of any lists so transmitted to the agents nominated or appointed by the captors or seizors; and, also upon application, the said Accountant-General, or examining officer, shall give, or cause to be given, to the said agents all such lists, from the muster books of any such ships and vessels and annexed lists, as the said agents shall find requisite for their direction in making distribution to the parties entitled to share in the produce of such captures and seizures, and the rewards conferred for the

the same, and shall be otherwise aiding and assisting to the said agents in all such matters as shall be necessary:

"And we would further humbly submit, that in case any difficulty shall arise in respect to any of the regulations hereby proposed, and not herein provided for, or not sufficiently provided for, the same shall be referred to your Majesty's Lord High Admiral, or your Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, and their directions thereupon shall be considered as final, and have the same force and effect as if specially provided for in your Majesty's Royal Proclamation:

"Provided always, and we would hereby humbly submit, that the distribution hereinbefore made, or directed to be made, shall not be construed to affect any captures or seizures made before the day of the date of your Majesty's Royal Proclamation, nor any captures or seizures which shall be made after that day, and which shall be condemned or adjudged in any of your Majesty's Courts of Vice-Admiralty, before notice of your Majesty's Proclamation shall have been received by the Court of Vice-Admiralty in which such condemnation or adjudication shall pass; and we would hereby lastly submit, that the proceeds of all such captures and seizures, made before the date of your Majesty's Royal Proclamation, or which will be made after that day, and shall be condemned or adjudged in any of your Majesty's Courts of Vice-Admiralty, antecedent to the notice of your Majesty's Royal Proclamation having been received in such Courts, together with all rewards aforesaid, shall continue to be distributed in the proportions and manner directed in and by your Majesty's said Royal Proclamation dated nineteenth March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four."

His Majesty, having taken the said Memorial into con-

consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to approve thereof, and also of the scheme for future distribution therein submitted; and His Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is hereby pleased to direct, that the aforesaid Proclamation, of the nineteenth of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, be annulled, and the same is hereby annulled accordingly; save and except as to any captures or seizures which have been made before the day of the date of this Order, and any captures or seizures which shall be made after that day, and which shall be condemned and adjudged in any of His Majesty's Courts of Vice-Admiralty, before notice of this Order shall have been received by the Court of Vice-Admiralty in which such condemnation or adjudication shall pass; and that the proceeds of all such last-mentioned captures and seizures, together with all rewards conferred for the same, shall continue to be distributed in the proportions and manner directed in and by the said former Proclamation:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS by Our Order in Council of this day's date, We were graciously pleased, for the reasons therein contained, to annul Our Royal Proclamation of the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, directing that distribution should be made of the net proceeds

ceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, of captures and seizures under the several Acts passed relating to the revenues of customs, and to trade and navigation, for the abolition of the slave trade, and for the capture and destruction of piratical vessels, and of the rewards conferred for the same, according to the scheme therein set forth; and it is expedient, that provision should be made by Us for the future distribution of such proceeds or rewards, We do now make known to all our loving subjects, and all others whom it may concern, by this Our Proclamation, by and with the advice and consent of Our Privy Council, that Our Royal will and pleasure is, and We do hereby direct, that the distribution of such proceeds and rewards shall be made in the following manner, viz.:

That the flag officer or officers shall have one sixteenth part of the whole net proceeds arising from prizes captured from the enemy, and from all other captures and seizures as aforesaid, made by the ships and vessels under his or their command, and of the rewards conferred for the same, save and except as hereinafter provided and directed.

That the captain or captains, or commanders, of any of Our ships or sloops of war, who shall have been actually on board at the time of any such capture or seizure, shall have one eighth part of the remainder divided equally among them, and where there is no flag-officer, one eighth part of the whole.

That the remainder shall be distributed into shares, according to the following scale, viz.:

First class.—To the sea lieutenants, field-officers of marines (when embarked), captains of marines and land forces, master of the fleet, physician of the fleet (provided such physician of the fleet be actually on board at the time of such capture or seizure), and masters—ten shares each.

Second class.—To the lieutenants, and quarter-masters

masters of the marines and lieutenants, ensigns, and quartermasters of land forces, secretaries to admirals, chaplains, surgeons, pursers, mates, second masters, gunners, boatswains, carpenters, and first engineers—six shares each.

Third class.—To the assistant-surgeons, midshipmen, masters' assistants, schoolmasters, junior engineers, clerks, masters at arms, admirals' and captains' coxswains, quarter-masters, gunners' mates, boatswains' mates, captains of the forecastle, captains of the hold, coxswain of the launch, sail-makers, rope-makers, carpenters' mates, caulkers, armourers, captains of the main-top, captains of the fore-top, pilots, serjeants of marines—three shares each.

Fourth class.—To the ships' cooks, and ships' corporal, captains of the mast, captains of the after-guard, yeomen of signals, coxswains of the pinnace, sail makers' mates, coopers, caulkers' mates, armourers' mates, corporals of marines—two shares each.

Fifth class.—To the gunners' crew, seamen gunners, carpenters' crew, sail-makers' crew, coopers crew, able and ordinary seamen, yeomen of store-rooms, stokers in steam-vessels, privates and fifers of marines above seven years service— one share each.

Sixth class.—To the cook's mate, barber, purser's steward, captains' steward, ward or gun-room stewards, ward or gun-room cook, steward's mate, landsmen and boys of first class, young gentlemen's steward, young gentlemen's cook, privates and fifers of marines under seven years' service—two-thirds of a share each.

Seventh class.—Volunteers of the second class and boys of the second class—one third of a share each.

And We do further Order, that when land forces are embarked to serve as marines, they shall share according to their respective ranks as marines.

That

That when captains and commanders share together, the captains shall receive double the amount of the commanders.

That commanders doing the duty of first lieutenants shall share like other commanders.

That lieutenants commanding small vessels, when not in company with any captain or commander, shall share as captains.

That the clerk in charge in small vessels shall share as a purser, unless a ship or vessel bearing a purser be present, when he is to share only as clerk.

That in all cases in which supernumeraries, whether officers or men, shall be borne by order of the Lord High Admiral, or Our Commissoners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, or by other proper authority, they shall share with the respective ranks in which they may be acting; provided always, that no flag-officer, or other person, not actually present at the capture or destruction of any pirate vessel, shall be entitled to share in any distribution of the proceeds or bounty in respect of the crews of such piratical ships, vessels, or boats, and also that no flag-officer, or other person, who shall not have been actually on board of any of Our ships or vessels of war, or at the actual taking, sinking, burning, or otherwise destroying any ship or ships of war or privateer belonging to the enemy, shall be entitled to share in the distribution of any head or bounty money, granted as a reward for the taking, sinking, burning, or otherwise destroying any such ship or vessel.

And We do hereby further direct, that the following regulations shall be observed, with respect to the share before-mentioned to be given to the flag-officer or officers under whose command the capturing ship may be:

That a captain, commander, or commanding officer of a ship or vessel, shall be deemed to be under the command of a flag when he shall have

actually received some order from, or be acting in execution of some order issued by, a flag-officer, and, in the event of his being directed to join a flag-officer on any station, he shall be deemed to be under the command of such flag-officer from the time when he arrives within the limits of the station, which circumstance is to be always carefully noted in the log-book, and shall be considered to continue under the command of the flag-officer of such station, until he shall have received some order directly from, or be acting in execution of some order issued by, some other flag officer duly authorised, or by the Lord High Admiral, or Our Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral for the time being:

That when ships or vessels under the command of several flags, which belong to separate stations, shall happen to be joint captors, each flag-officer under whose orders the ships or vessels are, shall receive a proportion of the flag share, according to the number of capturing ships or vessels belonging to each flag respectively:

Captains or commanders, or commanding officers, of such ships or vessels as shall be under orders from the Lord High Admiral, or Our Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, being joint captors with other ships or vessels under a flag or flags, the flag-officer is only to have his proportion of the flag share according to the number of ships belonging to his squadron:

That if a flag-officer be sent to command in the ports of the United Kingdom, he shall have no share in the prizes captured from the enemy, nor in the other captures or seizures as aforesaid, made by ships or vessels which have sailed, or shall sail, from that port by order of the Lord High Admiral, or Our Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, nor in the rewards conferred for the same:

That

That when more flag-officers than one shall be serving together, the one sixteenth part of the net proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, and of the other captures or seizures as aforesaid, made by any ships or vessels of the fleet or squadron, and of the rewards conferred for the same, shall be divided in the following proportions, namely:

If there be but two flag-officers, the chief shall have two third parts of the said one sixteenth, and the other shall have the remaining third part; but, if the number of flag-officers be more than two, the chief shall have only one half, and the other half shall be equally divided amongst the junior flag-officers:

That commodores of the first class, and captains of the fleet, shall be esteemed as flag officers:

And We further direct, that the captains and commanders of Our ships and vessels of war, shall, on making any capture or seizure, transmit, as soon as may be, or cause to be transmitted, to the Secretary of the Admiralty a true and perfect list of all the officers, seamen, marines, and soldiers, and others who were actually on board Our ships and vessels of war under their command at the time of the said capture or seizure, and also of those who were absent on duty at such time; which list shall contain the quality of the service of each person on board, together with the description of the men, taken from the description books of the capturing ships or vessels, and their several ratings, and be subscribed by the captain or commanding officer, and three or more of the chief officers on board:

And that when such lists shall have been duly examined with the muster books of such ships and vessels, and lists annexed thereto, in order to see that such lists agree with such muster books and annexed lists, as to the names, qualities, or ratings of the officers, seamen, marines, soldiers, and others belonging to such ships and vessels, and, upon

request, the Accountant-General of Our Navy, or examining officer, shall forthwith grant a certificate, signed by such officer, of the truth of any lists so transmitted to the agents nominated or appointed by the captors or seizors; and also, upon application, the said Accountant-General, or examining officer, shall give, or cause to be given, to the said agents all such lists from the muster books of any such ships and vessels, and annexed lists, as the said agents shall find requisite for their direction in making distribution to the parties entitled to share in the produce of such captures and seizures, and the rewards conferred for the same, and shall be otherwise aiding and assisting to the said agents in all such matters as shall be necessary:

And We further direct, that in case any difficulty shall arise in respect to any of the regulations hereby proposed, and not herein provided for, or not sufficiently provied for, the same shall be referred to Our Lord High Admiral, or Our Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, and their directions thereupon shall be considered as final, and have the same force and effect as if specially provided for in Our Royal Proclamation:

Provided always, that the distribution hereinbefore made, or directed to be made, shall not be construed to affect any captures or seizures made before the day of the date of this Our Royal Proclamation, nor any captures or seizures which shall be made after that day, and which shall be condemned or adjudged in any of Our Courts of Vice Admiralty, before notice of this Our Royal Proclamation shall have been received by the Court of Vice Admiralty in which such condemnation or adjudication shall pass; and We hereby further direct, that the proceeds of all such captures and seizures, made before the date of this Our Royal Proclamation, or which shall be made after that day,

and

and shall be condemed or adjudged in any of Our Courts of Vice-Admiralty, antecedent to the notice of this Our Royal Proclamation having been received in such Courts, together with all rewards aforesaid, shall continue to be distributed in the proportions and manner directed in and by Our said Royal Proclamation dated nineteenth March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, this third day of February, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and in the sixth year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fifty-sixth year of the reign of Our late Royal Father, His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to provide for a new silver coinage, and to regulate the gold and silver coinage of the Realm," the Master and Worker of Our Mint, in London, was empowered to coin silver bullion into silver coins of the standard of eleven ounces and two pennyweights of fine silver, and eighteen pennyweights of alloy to the pound troy, and in weight after the rate of sixty-six shillings to the pound troy; and whereas We have thought fit to order that certain pieces of silver money should be coined to be called groats, or fourpences, and to be of the value, each, of one-third part of a shilling; and whereas, pursuant to Our said Order, and in virtue of

of the power given by the said Act, a coinage of the said groats or fourpences, at the rate and of the standard aforesaid, has been made, and every such groat or fourpence has for the obverse impression, Our Effigy, with the inscription, "Gulielmus IIII. D. G. Britanniar. Rex F. D." and for the reverse, a figure of Britannia, holding the Trident with one hand, and having the other hand placed upon a shield, bearing the Union Cross, with the words "Four Pence" round the figure, and the date of the year in the exergue, and with a milled graining round the edge; and whereas, pieces of silver money of the above description have been coined at Our Mint, and will be coined there, in pursuance of Orders issued, and to be issued, by Us; We have, therefore, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, thought fit to issue this Our Royal Proclamation; and we do hereby ordain, declare, and command that the said pieces of money so coined, and to be coined, shall be current and lawful money of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and shall pass and be received as current and lawful money of the United Kingdom, by the names aforesaid, and at the value hereinbefore assigned to them.

Given at Our Court at Saint James's, this third day February, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and in the sixth year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 3d day of *February* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

SHERIFFS appointed by His Majesty in Council, for the Year 1836.

Bedfordshire,	Francis Green, of Bedford, Esq.
Berkshire,	William Bennett, of Faringdon-House, Esq.
Buckinghamshire,	Thomas Tyrwhitt Drake, of Shardloes, Esq.
Camb' & Hunt'.	George Thornhill, of Diddington, Esq.
Cheshire,	Egerton Leigh, of High Leigh, Esq.
Cornwall,	Arthur Kelly, of Kelly, near Launceston, Esq.
Cumberland,	Thomas Irwin, of Calder-Abbey, Esq.
Derbyshire,	William Pole Thornhill, of Stanton, Esq.
Devonshire,	Robert Robertson, of Membland, Esq.
Dorsetshire,	John Stein, of Chalmington, Esq.
Essex,	William Whitaker Maitland, of Loughton-Hall, Esq.
Gloucestershire,	Samuel Gist Gist, of Wormington Grange, Esq.
Herefordshire,	Edward Griffiths, of Newcourt, Esq.

Hert-

Hertfordshire,	William Blake, of Danesbury, Esq.
Kent,	Sir Edward Cholmeley Dering, of Surrenden, Bart.
Leicestershire,	Sir Lionel Talmash, of Buckminster, Bart. commonly called Lord Huntingtower.
Lincolnshire,	Sir Mountague John Cholmeley, of Easton-Hall, Bart.
Monmouthshire,	George Rooke, of Llandogo, Esq.
Norfolk,	Anthony Hamond, of Westacre, Esq.
Northamptonshire,	William Harris, of Wootton-House, Esq.
Northumberland,	Thomas Riddell, of Felton-Park, Esq.
Nottinghamshire,	John Handley, of Muskham Grange, Esq.
Oxfordshire,	Thomas Stonor, of Stonor, Esq.
Rutlandshire,	Richard Wade, of Uppingham, Esq.
Shropshire,	Sir William Edward Rouse Boughton, of Downton, Bart.
Somersetshire,	James Bennett, of North Cadbury, Esq.
Staffordshire,	Thomas Hawe Parker, of Park-Hall, Esq.
County of Southampton,	Sir Charles Hulse, of Breamore, Bart.
Suffolk,	Edward Bliss, of Brandon, Esq.

Sur-

Surrey,	William Henry Cooper, of Pains-Hill, Esq.
Sussex,	John James King, of Coates, Esq.
Warwickshire,	Henry Cadwallader Adams, of Ansty, Esq.
Wiltshire,	Sir John Dugdale Astley, of Everleigh, Bart.
Worcestershire,	Sir Offley Penbury Wakeman, of Perdiswell, Bart.
Yorkshire,	Nicholas Edmund Yarburgh, of Heslington-Hall, Esq.

WALES.

Anglesey,	Richard Lloyd Edwards, of Monachdu, Esq.
Breconshire,	John Lloyd Vaughan Watkins, of Pennoyre, Esq.
Cardiganshire,	George Bowen Jordan Jordan, of Pigeonsford, Esq.
Carmarthenshire,	Richard Janion Nevill, of Llanelly, Esq.
Carnarvonshire,	Thomas Parry Jones Parry, of Aberdunant, Esq.
Denbighshire,	John Robin, of Tany graig, Esq.
Flintshire,	Sir John Williams, of Bodlewyddan, Bart.
Glamorganshire,	Thomas Penrice, of Kilvrough, Esq.
Merionethshire,	John Ellirker Boulcott, of Hendreissa, Esq.
Montgomeryshire,	James Proud Johnson, of Monksfields, Esq.

Pembrokeshire,	Charles Wheeler Townsend Webb Bowen, of Camrose, Esq.
Radnorshire,	James Williams Morgan, of Treble-Hill, Glasbury, Esq.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 3d day of *February* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable William Fitzhardinge Berkeley Lord Seagrave to be Lord Lieutenant of and in the county of Gloucester, the city of Bristol, and county of the same, and the city of Gloucester, and county of the same, and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Gloucester, his Lordship this day took the Oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint Capel Hanbury Leigh, Esq. Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Monmouth, he this day took the Oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

His Majesty having been pleased to appoint Penry Williams, Esq. Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Brecon, he this day took the Oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

St. James's-Palace, February 3, 1836.

This day had audience of His Majesty:

The Baron Del Torre de Moncorvo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Queen of Portugal and the Algarves, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign;

Mohammed Noory Effendi, on a speeial mission from the Sultan, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign;

Monsieur Galväo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Brazil, this being his first audience in form, upon delivering his credentials, and also to deliver a letter from his Sovereign;

The Marquis de Barbaeena, on a speeial mission from the Emperor of Brazil, to deliver his credentials;

And Monsieur de Gersdorff, Minister Resident from the King of Saxony, to deliver a letter from his sovereign:

To wlhich several audiences they were respectivcly introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Queen's-House, St. James's, February 5, 1836.

This day had audience of Her Majesty the Queen:

The Count de Ludolf, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign;

The Baron Del Torre de Moncorvo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from Her

Most Faithful Majesty the Queen of Portugal and the Algarves, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign;

Monsieur Galväo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Brazil, being his first audience in form of Her Majesty, and to deliver a letter from his Sovereign;

And the Marquis de Barbacena, on a special mission from the Emperor of Brazil, being his first audience of Her Majesty, upon delivering his credentials:

To which audiences they were respectively introduced by Earl Howe, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Duchy of Lancaster, February 3, 1836.

The King has been this day pleased to appoint Charles Standish, of Standish-hall, Esq. to be Sheriff of the county palatine of Lancaster for the year ensuing.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 9, 1836.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 3d day of *February* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the third and fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the "abolition of slavery throughout the British colo- "nies; for promoting the industry of the manu- "mitted slaves; and for compensating the persons "hitherto entitled to the services of such slaves;" it is enacted, "that, from and after the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, all persons who, in conformity with the laws now in force in the said colonies respectively, shall, on or before the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, have been duly registered as slaves in any such colony, and who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall be actually within any such colony, and who shall by such registries appear to be, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, of the full age of six years or upwards, shall, by force and virtue of the said Act, and without the previous execution of any in-

den-

denture of apprenticeship, or any other deed or instrument for that purpose, become and be apprenticed labourers;" and whereas, by the said Act, it is further enacted, that, subject to the obligations imposed by the said Act, or to be imposed as therein mentioned upon such apprenticed labourers as aforesaid, all and every the persons who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall be holden in slavery within any such British colony as aforesaid, shall, upon and from and after the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty four, become and be, to all intents and purposes, freed and discharged of and from all manner of slavery, and shall be absolutely and for ever manumitted; and that the children thereafter to be born to any such persons, and the offspring of such children, shall, in like manner, be free from their birth; and that, from and after the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, slavery shall be, and is thereby, utterly and for ever abolished and declared unlawful throughout the British colonies, plantations, and possessions abroad:

And whereas by the said Act it is provided, that the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury may raise the sum of twenty millions of pounds sterling, towards compensating the persons entitled to the services of the slaves to be manumitted and set free by virtue of the said Act, for the loss of such services:

And whereas in the said Act it is recited, that various rules and regulations are or may be necessary for the purposes therein specified and that such regulations could not, without great inconvenience, be made, except by the respective governors, councils, and assemblies, or other local legislatures of the said respective colonies, or by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, in re-

reference to those colonies to which the legislative authority of His Majesty in Council extends; and it is, therefore, by the said Act enacted and declared, that nothing in the said Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent the enactment, by the respective governors, councils, and assemblies, or by such other local legislatures as aforesaid, or by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, of any such Acts of General Assembly, or Ordinances, or Orders in Council, as might be requisite for making and establishing such several rules and regulations as aforesaid, or any of them, or for carrying the same, or any of them, into full and complete effect:

And whereas it is by the said Act further enacted, that no part of the said sum of twenty millions of pounds sterling shall be applied or shall be applicable to the purposes therein aforesaid, for the benefit of any person entitled to the services of any slave in any of the colonies therein aforesaid, unless an Order shall have been first made by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, declaring that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in such colony for giving effect to the said Act, by such further and supplementary enactments as therein mentioned; nor unless a copy of such Order in Council, duly certified by one of the Clerks in Ordinary of His Majesty's Privy Council, shall, by the Lord President of the Council, have been transmitted to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or to the Lord High Treasurer, for the time being, for their or his guidance or information; and every such Order shall be published three several times in the London Gazette, and shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within six weeks next after the date thereof, if Parliament shall be then in session, and if not, within six weeks from the then next ensuing session of Parliament:

And

And whereas, in order to carry into effect the objects of the said recited Act, certain Acts have been passed by the President, Council, and Assembly of the island of Montserrat, intituled "An Act for "the abolition of slavery in this island;" also "An "Act for the protection and maintenance of ap- "prenticed labourers in this island; and for ensur- "ing the punctual discharge by such apprenticed "labourers of the services due by them to their "employers, and generally for regulating the con- "duct and for the punishment of any offences com- "mitted by such apprenticed labourers;" also "An "Act for the classification of apprenticed labourers;" also "An Act for giving to the special magistrates "jurisdiction over apprenticed labourers, and direct- "ing their mode of proceeding in the exercise of "such jurisdiction;" also "An Act for establish- "ing a police in the said island;" and also "An "Act to repeal the proviso contained in the fourth "clause of an Act, intituled 'An Act for the abo- "lition of slavery in this island;'"

And whereas it is considered by His Majesty in Council, that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in the said island of Montserrat, for giving effect to the said recited Act of Parliament, by such further and supplementary enactments as therein mentioned, according to the true intent and meaning of the said Act:

His Majesty is, therefore, pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to declare, and it is hereby declared, that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in the said island of Montserrat, for giving effect to the said recited Act of Parliament, by such further and supplementary enactments as therein are mentioned:

And the Right Honourable the Marquess of Lansdowne, the President of His Majesty's Privy Council, and the Right Honourable Lord Glenelg,

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one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at St. James's, February 5, 1836.

A CHAPTER of the Most Noble Order of the Garter having been summoned for this day, the following Knights Companions, in their mantles and collars, assembled in the Entrée-room, viz.: His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, Prince George of Cambridge, the Earl of Westmorland, the Marquess Camden, the Duke of Newcastle, the Duke of Wellington, the Duke of Dorset, the Marquess of Exeter, the Duke of Richmond, the Duke of Norfolk, and the Duke of Grafton, attended by the under-named Officers of the Order, in their mantles, chains, and badges, viz. the Lord Bishop of Winchester, Prelate of the Order; the Honourable and Reverend the Dean of Windsor, Register of the Order; Sir William Woods, Knt. (Clarenceux King of Arms), Deputy to Sir Ralph Bigland, Knt. Garter Principal King of Arms; and Sir Augustus-William-James Clifford, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod.

At half past two o'clock, the Knights Companions were called over by Deputy Garter, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign, in the Royal Closet.

The Sovereign, being seated in the chair of state, the Knights Companions, by His Majesty's command, took their respective seats according to the order of their stalls, the Prelate standing on the right hand of the Sovereign, and the Register, Deputy Garter, and Black Rod at the bottom of the table.

The Prelate then signified to the Chapter, the Sovereign's royal will and pleasure, that the two vacant stalls in the Royal Chapel of St. George at Windsor be filled; and as by the statutes none but a Knight can be elected, his Grace Alexander Duke of Hamilton and Brandon was introduced by Deputy Garter and Black Rod, and knighted by His Majesty with the sword of state, and his Grace, having kissed the Sovereign's hand, retired. After which Henry Marquess of Lansdowne was, in like manner, introduced and knighted with the same ceremonies.

The Knights Companions then proceeded to the election, and the suffrages having been collected by the Prelate, were by him presented to the Sovereign, who was pleased to command him to declare, and he accordingly declared, that the Most Noble Alexander Duke of Hamilton and Brandon had been duly elected a Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter.

Then, by the Sovereign's command, his Grace was received at the door of the Chapter-room by the Duke of Norfolk and the Duke of Grafton, the two junior Knights Companions present, and conducted between them to His Majesty, preceded by Deputy Garter (bearing the ensigns of the Order on a crimson velvet cushion) and by Black Rod. The Duke of Hamilton, kneeling near the Sovereign, and Deputy Garter presenting on his knee the Garter, His Majesty, assisted by His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland and Prince George of Cambridge, the two senior Knights Companions present, buckled it on his Grace's left leg, the Prelate pronouncing the usual admonition.

Deputy Garter next presented, in like manner, the ribband with the George, and His Majesty, with the assistance of the said two senior Knights Companions, placed the same over his Grace's left shoulder, the Prelate pronouncing the admonition. The Duke having again kissed the Sovereign's hand,

and

and received the congratulations of each of the Knights Companions, withdrew.

The Chapter then proceeded to a second election, and the suffrages having been collected by the Prelate, and presented to the Sovereign, the Most Honourable Henry Marquess of Lansdowne, Lord President of His Majesty's Council, was, by the Sovereign's command, declared duly elected, whereupon his Lordship was introduced and invested with the Garter and the ribband and George, in the same manner as the Duke of Hamilton had been, and the like formalities having been observed, the Marquess withdrew.

The Chapter being ended, Deputy Garter again called over the Knights Companions, who, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of the Sovereign, with the usual reverences.

At the Court at St. James's, February 5, 1836.

The King, as Sovereign of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, has been pleased, by letters patent under His royal sign manual and the great seal of the Order, bearing date this day, to dispense with all the statutes usually observed in regard to installation, and to give and grant unto the Most Noble Alexander Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, and unto the Most Honourable Henry Marquess of Lansdowne, Lord President of the Council, Knights of the said Most Noble Order, and duly invested with the ensigns thereof, full power and authority to exercise respectively all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, in as full and ample a manner as if the said Duke and the said Marquess had been formally installed, any decree, rule, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

St. James's-Palace, February 6, 1836.

This day the Count de Ludolf, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, had audience of His Majesty, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Foreign-Office, February 9, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint John M'Neill, Esq. to be His Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to the Shah of Persia.

Whitehall, February 8, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Robert Lee to the church and parish of Campsie, in the presbytery of Glasgow and county of Stirling, vacant by the transportation of Doctor Norman Macleod, late Minister there, to a church at Glasgow.

Office of the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales, February 8, 1836.

This is to certify that, under the provisions of the 7th section of the fourth and fifth William the Fourth, cap. 76, the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed George Clive, of Lincoln's-inn, Esq. Brrrister at Law; John Revans, Esq. late Secretary to the Commission of Enquiry into the Condition of the Poor in Ireland; and William James Voules, of New Windsor, in the county of Berks, Esq.; to be Assistant-Commissioners of the Poor Laws.

And this is further to certify, that the said George Clive did, on Thursday the 28th day of January last, take the oath required by the 11th section of the said Act; and that the said John Revans and William James Voules did, on Saturday the 6th day of February instant, take the said oath, before the Honourable Mr. Justice Patteson, one of the Judges of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, at his Chambers in Serjeant's Inn.

Signed, by order of the Board,

Edwin Chadwick, Secretary.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 12, 1836.

WHEREAS the Chairman of the Select Committee appointed by the House of Commons to try and determine the merits of the petition of Robert King and others, complaining of an undue election and return for the city of Dublin, did, on the 16th of April, A. D. 1835, inform the House, that the said Select Committee had made an order for the nomination and appointment of Commissioners to examine evidence in Ireland respecting certain facts, allegations, matters, and things referred to the said Commissioners and specially assigned and limited in the said order;

And whereas I have this day received a copy of the minutes of the proceedings of the said Commissioners, under their hands and seals;

Now I do hereby, and by virtue of an Act, passed in the forty-second year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for regulating the trial of controverted elections or returns of Members to serve in the United Parliament for Ireland," direct the aforesaid Select Committee to reassemble and meet again upon Monday the 29th day of February instant, at twelve o'clock at noon, to take the proceedings of the said Commissioners into consideration.

For which this shall be to the aforesaid Select Committee a sufficient warrant.

Given under my hand, this 9th day of February 1836, J. ABERCROMBY, Speaker.

White-

Whitehall, February 10, 1836.

The King having taken into His Royal consideration, that upon the decease, in the month of November 1834, of Philip Earl of Hardwicke, the title and dignity of Earl of Hardwicke devolved upon Charles-Philip now Earl of Hardwicke, as eldest son and heir of the late Sir Joseph-Sydney Yorke, Admiral of the Blue Squadron of His Majesty's Fleet, and Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, younger and next brother, that left issue, of the said Philip late Earl of Hardwicke; and that, according to the ordinary rules of honour, the younger brothers and sister of the said Charles-Philip now Earl of Hardwicke cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to them in case their late father, the said Sir Joseph-Sydney Yorke, had survived the said Philip Earl of Hardwicke, and thereby succeeded to the said title and dignity of Earl of Hardwicke; His Majesty hath been graciously pleased to ordain and declare that Henry-Reginald Yorke, Clerk, Eliot-Thomas Yorke, Esq., Grantham-Muntor Yorke, Clerk, and Agneta-Elizabeth Yorke, Spinster, the younger brothers and sister of the said Charles-Philip now Earl of Hardwicke, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same title, place, pre-eminece, and precedence, as if their father, the said Sir Joseph-Sydney Yorke, had survived the said Philip Earl of Hardwicke and thereby succeeded to the said title and dignity of Earl of Hardwicke:

And His Majesty hath been further pleased to command that the said Royal order and declaration be registered in His College of Arms.

Crown-

Crown-Office, February 12, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Devizes.

James Whitley Deans Dundas, of Barton-court, in the county of Berks, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, in the room of Sir Philip Charles Henderson Durham, who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 16, 1836.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, February 16, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that it is the Queen's intention to hold a Drawing-Room on Thursday, March 24th, being for the celebration of Her Majesty's Birth-day.

No presentations can take place on the Birth-day, but it is particularly requested that each Lady and Gentleman attending the Drawing-Room will bring three cards, one to be left in the Waiting-room, one to be delivered to the Lord in Waiting on the King, and the other to the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, who will announce them to Her Majesty.

Foreign-

Foreign-Office, February 16, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Justin Sheil, Esq. a Captain in the Service of the Honourable the East India Company, to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at the Court of Persia.

Downing-Street, February 13, 1836.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to pass the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, nominating the Venerable George Jehosaphat Mountain, D. D. Archdeacon of Quebec, to be Bishop of Montreal, in the province of Lower Canada.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 16, 1836.

[The following Notification is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of Tuesday last.]

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, February 18, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that it is the Queen's intention to hold a Drawing-Room on Wednesday the 24th of February instant, being for the celebration of Her Majesty's Birth-day.

No presentations can take place on the Birth-day, but it is particularly requested that each Lady and Gentlemen attending the Drawing-Room will bring three cards, one to be left in the Waiting-room, one to be delivered to the Lord in Waiting on the King, and the other to the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, who will announce them to Her Majesty.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 19, 1836.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, February 19, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday the 24th of February, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlborough-house, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the *entrée*, which are to proceed down the Park, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the King's-court, those of the Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other per-

sons having the *entrée* may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park, till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the *entrée* by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the *entrée* will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, on Monday next, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL, Lord Steward.

St. James's-Palace, February 13, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Edwin Pearson, Esq. Lieutenant of His Majesty's Guard of Yeomen of the Guard.

War-

War-Office, 19th February 1836.

MEMORANDUM.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to permit the 36th Regiment to bear on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges and devices heretofore granted to the Regiment, the word

"*Orthes,*"

in commemoration of the distinguished conduct of the Regiment on that memorable occasion of the 27th February 1814.

Whitehall, January 13, 1836.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Lieutenant John Laughton, of the Bengal Engineers, His royal licence and permission to accept and wear the insignia of the second class of the Order of the Lion and Sun, which the Schah of Persia has conferred upon him, in approbation of his services while attached to his army; provided, nevertheless, that the said licence and permission doth not authorise, and shall not be deemed or construed to authorise, the assumption of any stile, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining to a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that the said royal concession, together with the relative documents, be registered in His Majesty's College of Arms.

Crown-Office, February 19, 1836.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Stoke-upon-Trent.

Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable George Anson, in the room of Richard Edensor Heathcote, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Borough of Malton.

John Walbanke Childers, of Cantley, in the county of York, Esq. in the room of the Right Honourable Sir Charles Christopher Pepys, now Baron Cottenham.

Borough of Cockermouth.

Edward Horsman, of the city of Edinburgh, Esq. in the room of Fretchville Lawson Ballantine Dykes, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Whitehall, February 17, 1836.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Reverend Renn Dickson Hampden, D. D. the office and place of Regius Professor of Divinity in the University of Oxford, together with the place and dignity of a Canon of the Cathedral church of Christ, in the said University, properly belonging to the Regius Professor of Divinity in the said University, being void by the death of Doctor Edward Burton.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 23, 1836.

Whitehall, February 22, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to the following Gentlemen and the respective heirs male of their bodies lawfully begotten, viz.

Sir Henry Bethune, of Kilconquhar, in the county of Fife, Knt.

Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Makdougall Brisbane, of Brisbane, in the county of Ayr, and of Makerstown, in the county of Roxburgh, LL. D. K. C. B.

Donald Campbell, of Dunstaffnage, in the county of Argyll, Esq.

James Rivett-Carnac, of Derby, in the county of Derby, and of Upper Harley-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Fairfax, of the Holmes, in the county of Roxburgh.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the said United Kingdom, unto Colin Mackenzie, of Kilcoy, in the county of Ross

Ross, Esq. during the term of his natural life; with remainder, at his decease, to his second son, Evan Mackenzie, Esq. and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, and, in default of such issue, to his third son, Colin John Mackenzie, Esq. and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to the following Gentlemen, and the respective heirs male of their bodies lawfully begotten, viz.

The Reverend John Barker Mill, of Mottisfont, in the county of Southampton.

Robert William Newman, of Stokeley, and of Mamhead, in the county of Devon, Esq.

Henry Charles Paulet, of West Hill-lodge, in the county of Southampton, Esq.

Sir Frederick Adair Roe, of Brundish, in the county of Suffolk, Knt. Chief Magistrate of the Police Office, Bow-street, in the county of Middlesex.

Vice-Admiral Sir Charles Rowley, of Hill-house, in the county of Berks, K. C. B.

Joseph Sawle Graves Sawle, of Penrice, in the county of Cornwall, and of Barley, in the county of Devon, Esq.

Crown-Office, February 23, 1836.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Leicester.

Southern Division.

Charles William Packe, of Ravenstone-hall, Esq. in the room of Thomas Frewen Turnor, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

City of Glasgow.

The Right Honourable William Henry Cavendish Bentinck, commonly called Lord William Bentinck, in the room of Colin Dunlop, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Crown-Office, February 23, 1836.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Spring Assizes, 1836, viz.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable *Thomas Lord Denman,* Lord Chief Justice.

The Right Honourable Mr. Baron *Parke.*

Yorkshire, Saturday, February 27, at the Castle of York.

City of York, the same day, at the Guildhall of the City of York.

Durham, Saturday, March 12, at Durham.

Northumberland, Wednesday, March 16, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day, at the Guildhall of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Cumberland, Saturday, March 19, at Carlisle.

Westmorland, Thursday, March 24, at Appleby.

Lancashire (North), Saturday, March 26, at Lancaster.

Lancashire (South), Wednesday, March 30, at Liverpool.

HOME CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir *Nicolas Conyngham Tindal,* Knt. Lord Chief Justice.

The Right Honourable Mr. Justice *Vaughan.*

Hertfordshire, Wednesday, March 2, at Hertford.

Essex, Monday, March 7, at Chelmsford.

Kent, Monday, March 14, at Maidstone.

Sussex, Monday, March 21, at Lewes.

Surrey, Monday, March 28, at Kingston-upon-Thames.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable *James Lord Abinger,* Lord Chief Baron.

The Right Honourable Mr. Justiee *Bosanquet.*

Northamptonshire, Monday, February 29, at Northampton.

Rutlandshire, Friday, March 4, at Oakham.

Lincolnshire, Saturday, March 5, at the Castle of Lincoln.

City of Lincoln, the same day, at the City of Lincoln.

Nottinghamshire, Thursday, March 10, at Nottingham.

Town of Nottingham, the same day, at the Town of Nottingham.

Derbyshire, Monday, March 14, at Derby.

Leicestershire, Saturday, March 19, at the Castle of Leicester.

Borough of Leicester, the same day, at the Borough of Leicester.

City of Coventry, Wednesday, March 23, at the City of Coventry.

Warwickshire, the same day, at Warwick.

NOR-

NORFOLK CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Park.*
Mr. Justice *Gaselee.*

Buckinghamshire, Monday, March 7, at Aylesbury.
Bedfordshire, Thursday, March 10, at Bedford.
Huntingdonshire, Monday, March 14, at Huntingdon.
Cambridgeshire, Wednesday, March 16, at Cambridge.
Suffolk, Monday, March 21, at Bury St. Edmund's.
Norfolk, Saturday, March 26, at the Castle of Norwich.
City of Norwich, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City of Norwich.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Littledale.*
Mr. Baron *Bolland.*

Southampton, Saturday, February 27, at the Castle of Winchester.
Wiltshire, Saturday, March 5, at New Sarum.
Dorsetshire, Friday, March 11, at Dorchester.
Devonshire, Thursday, March 17, at the Castle of Exeter.
City of Exeter, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City of Exeter.
Cornwall, Friday, March 25, at Launceston.
Somersetshire, Saturday, April 2, at the Castle of Taunton.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

Mr. Baron *Alderson.*
Mr. Justice *Williams.*

Berkshire, Wednesday, February 24, at Reading.
Oxfordshire, Saturday, February 27, at Oxford.
Worcestershire, Friday, March 4, at Worcester.

L 2 *City*

City of Worcester, the same day, at the City of Worcester.
Staffordshire, Thursday, March 10, at Stafford.
Shropshire, Friday, March 18, at Shrewsbury.
Herefordshire, Wednesday, March 23, at Hereford.
Monmouthshire, Saturday, March 26, at Monmouth.
Gloucestershire, Tuesday, March 29, at Gloucester.
City of Gloucester, the same day, at the City of Gloucester.

CIRCUIT of the PRINCIPALITY of WALES, and COUNTY PALATINE of CHESTER.

Mr. Baron *Gurney.*
Mr. Justice *Coleridge.*

Glamorganshire, Tuesday, March 1, at Swansea.
Carmarthenshire, Wednesday, March 16, at Carmarthen.
Borough of Carmarthen, the same day, at the Borough of Carmarthen.
Montgomeryshire, Tuesday, March 8, at Welchpool.
Pembrokeshire, Tuesday, March 8, at Haverfordwest.
Town of Haverfordwest, the same day, at the Town of Haverfordwest.
Merionethshire, Saturday, March 12, at Bala.
Carnarvonshire, Wednesday, March 16, at Carnarvon.
Cardiganshire, Saturday, March 12, at Cardigan.
Anglesey, Saturday, March 19, at Beaumaris.
Denbighshire, Wednesday, March 23, at Ruthin.
Brecknockshire, Wednesday, March 23, at Brecon.
Flintshire, Saturday, March 26, at Mold.
Radnorshire, Saturday, March 26, at Presteign.
Cheshire, Wednesday, March 30, at Chester.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 26, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, February 25, 1836.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning, on Sunday next the 28th instant, for Her late Majesty the Queen of the Two Sicilies, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The Court to change the mourning on Sunday the 13th of March next, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

One week of the above mourning is also to be for Her late Royal Highness the Grand Duchess of Hesse.

And on Sunday the 20th of March next, the Court to go out of mourning.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 23d day of *February* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty in Council was this day pleased to appoint Henry Thomas Chamberlayne, of Stoney Thorpe, Esq. to be Sheriff of the county of Warwick, in the room of Henry Cadwallader Adams, of Ansty, Esq.

Foreign-Office, February 25, 1836.

IT has been notified to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, by His Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Caracas, that the President of the Republic of Venezuela has, by a decree, dated the 10th of December 1835, declared the fortress and town of Puerto Cabello to be in a state of blockade; and that the same will be maintained until the surrender of the force which, at that time, occupied the castle and town of Puerto Cabello.

St. James's-Palace, February 23, 1836.

This day had audience of His Majesty:

The Count de Bjornstjerna, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sweden and Norway, to deliver letters from his Sovereign;

M. Van de Weyer, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Belgians, to take leave for a short period of absence;

And M. Dedel, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Ple-

Plenipotentiary from the King of the Netherlands, to deliver his credentials:

To which they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, February 24, 1836.

This day M. Dedel, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Netherlands, had his first audience of Her Majesty:

To which he was introduced by Earl Howe, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, February 23, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major-General Wilshire Wilson, of the Royal Artillery, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, February 23, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon James John Gordon Bremer, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, February 23, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Captain the Honourable James Ashley Maude, of the Royal Navy, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphie Order; Knight of the Order of St. Louis; of the second Order of St. Anne of Russia; and Commander of the Order of the Redeemer, of Greece.

St. James's-Palace, February 23, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on John Strutt Peyton, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, February 23, 1836.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Colonel William Jones, one of Her Majesty's Gentlemen Ushers Quarterly Waiters, vice Stanhope, resigned.

Crown-Office, February 26, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Clonmell.

Nicholas Ball, of No. 85, Stephen's-green, Dublin, Esq. in the room of Dominick Ronayne, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 1, 1836.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, March 1, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that it is the Queen's intention to hold Drawing-Rooms on the following days, viz.

Thursday,	March	24.	
Thursday,	April	21.	
Thursday,	May	5.	
Saturday,	May	28,	being for the celebration of His Majesty's Birth-day.
Thursday,	June	16.	

St. James's-Palace, February 23, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Henry Hart, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy and Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, February 23, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major-General Charles William Maxwell, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Foreign-Office, February 24, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Thomas de Grenier Fonblanque, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at Dantzig, and for the ports and places in the dominions of His Majesty the King of Prussia.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 4, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, February 20, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Thomas Derinzy, Esq. Exon of His Majesty's Guard of the Yeomen of the Guard, in the room of E. Pearson, Esq. resigned.

White-

Whitehall, March 3, 1836.

The King has been pleased to order a congé d'elire to pass the Great Seal, empowering the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Durham to elect a Bishop of that See, the same being void by the death of the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor William Van Mildert, late Bishop thereof; and His Majesty has also been pleased to recommend to the said Dean and Chapter, the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor Edward Maltby, now Bishop of Chichester, to be by them elected Bishop of the said See of Durham.

Whitehall, March 3, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend John Downie Kennedy, Preacher of the Gospel, to the church and parish of Nigg, in the presbytery of Tain and county of Ross, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Lewis Rose, late Minister there, to a church at Glasgow.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 8, 1836.

Westminster, March 4, 1836.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for raising the sum of fifteen millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six—seven.

An Act to apply certain sums to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six—seven.

An Act for vesting the office of Constable of the Castle of Saint Briavels in the First Commissioner of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works,

Works, and Buildings; and for vesting the office of Keeper of the Forest of Dean, in the county of Gloucester, in the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Buildings.

And one private Act.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 11, 1836.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, March 11, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen will hold a Drawing-Room on Thursday, March 24.

It is absolutely necessary that all Ladies intending to be presented, should send their names, with that of the Lady presenting them, to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, on or before Tuesday 22d of March, in order that they may be submitted to Her Majesty.

All Ladies and Gentlemen attending the Drawing-Room are requested to bring three cards; one to be left in the Anti-room, another to be given to the Lord in Waiting to the King, and the third to the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, who will announce the name to Her Majesty.

No Lady can present another, unless she herself attends the Drawing-Room.

War-

War-Office, 11th March 1836.

MEMORANDUM.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to permit the 14th Regiment of Foot to bear on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to the Regiment, the word

"*Tournay,*"

in commemoration of the distinguished conduct of the Brigade, consisting of the 14th, 37th, and 53d Regiments, in the action fought near Tournay, on the 22d May 1794.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 15, 1836.

Downing-Street, March 11, 1836.

THE King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Vice-Admiral Sir Graham Moore, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the said Order, in the room of Admiral the Honourable Sir Thomas Pakenham, deceased.

Down-

Downing-Street, March 12, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Thomas Cochrane Hammill, Esq. to be Provost Marshal of the Colony of British Guiana.

Downing-Street, March 13, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint William Rough, Esq. Serjeant at Law, to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon.

Downing-Street, March 13, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint John Jeremie, Esq. to be First Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon.

Downing-Street, March 13, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint John Frederick Stoddart, Esq. to be Second Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of the Island of Ceylon.

Downing-Street, March 14, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint John Hubert Plunkett, Esq. to be Attorney General of the Colony of New South Wales.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 18, 1836.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, March 18, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 24th of March, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlborough-house, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the *entrée*, which are to proceed down the Park, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the King's-court, those of the Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other persons

sons having the *entrée* may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park, till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the *entrée* by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the *entrée* will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, on Tuesday next, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL, Lord Steward.

St. James's-Palace, March 16, 1836.

This day had audience of His Majesty:

The Count de Ludolf, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies;

And Monsieur Galvao, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Brazil, to deliver letters from their respective Sovereigns:

To which they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, March 16, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon the Honourable Fleetwood Broughton Reynolds Pellew, Captain in the Royal Navy, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

St. James's-Palace, March 14, 1836.

The King has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint Alfred Bunn, Esq. one of His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice George Bague.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 22, 1836.

Westminster, March 18, 1836.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable*

able House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for carrying into further execution two Acts of His present Majesty relating to the compensation for slaves upon the abolition of slavery, and for facilitating the distribution and payment of such compensation.

An Act to amend an Act of the last session for abolishing capital punishments in cases of letter stealing and sacrilege.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the fifth year of the reign of His present Majesty, for repairing the road from Farnborough to Riverhill, in the parish of Sevenoaks, in the county of Kent, and for making a new line of road to communicate therewith.

An Act for better lighting with gas the borough of Reading and hamlet of Whitley, in the county of Berks, by a company to be called the Reading Union Gas Company.

And two private Acts.

Crown-Office, March 22, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Town or Burgh of Paisley.

Archibald Hastie, Esq. in the room of Alexander Graham Speirs, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 25, 1836.

At the Court at St. James's, March 23, 1836.

CEREMONIAL *of the Investiture of Vice-Admiral Sir Graham Moore, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, with the Ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.*

THE following Knights Grand Crosses, in their mantles and collars of the Order, assembled at St. James's-Palace, viz. His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, his Grace the Duke of Wellington, Lord Viscount Beresford, Lord Hill, the Honourable Sir Edward Paget, the Honourable Sir Charles Colville, the Right Honourable Sir James Kempt, Sir George-Townsend Walker, Bart., the Earl of Rosslyn, Sir George Martin, the Right Honourable Sir Stratford Canning, Sir James Hawkins-Whitshed, Bart., Sir William Houstoun, Sir Edward Barnes, Lord Strafford, the Honourable Sir Robert Stopford, the Honourable Sir William Lumley, Sir James Willoughby Gordon, Bart., Sir Thomas-Masterman Hardy, Bart., Lord Viscount Palmerston, Sir Pulteney Malcolm, Sir George Anson, Sir Thomas Dallas, the Earl of Minto, Lord Edward Somerset, Sir William-Henry Pringle, the Honourable Sir Edward Stopford, Lord Amelius Beauclerk, and His Serene Highness Prince Ernest of Hesse-Philippsthal-Barchfeld,

feld, attended by the under-named Officers of the Order, in their mantles, chains, and badges, viz. Algernon Greville, Esq. Bath King of Arms; Captain Michael Seymour, R.N. Register and Secretary; and Sir William Woods (Clarenceux King of Arms), Deputy Register and Secretary.

At two o'clock, the Knights Grand Crosses were called over by Bath King of Arms, and, with the Officers of the Order, proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign in the Throne-room, with the usual reverences.

Then, by His Majesty's command, Vice-Admiral Sir Graham Moore was introduced into the Royal Presence between the two Junior Knights Grand Crosses present, preceded by Bath King of Arms, bearing the ribband, badge, and star of a Knight Grand Cross upon a crimson velvet cushion.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, having thereupon received from Bath King of Arms the ribband and badge, presented them to the Sovereign, and Sir Graham Moore, kneeling, His Majesty was graciously pleased to put the same over the Vice-Admiral's right shoulder; Sir Graham, rising, had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and, having received from His Majesty the star of the Order, retired.

The Knights Grand Crosses were then again called over, and, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of the Sovereign, with the accustomed reverences.

Downing-Street, March 24, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Edward Deas Thomson, Esq. to be Secretary and Registrar of the Records of the Colony of New South Wales.

Down-

Downing-Street, March 25, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint William M'Pherson, Esq. to be Clerk of the Legislative and Executive Councils of the Colony of New South Wales.

War-Office, 25th March 1836.

MEMORANDUM.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to permit the 59th, 72d, and 83d Regiments to bear on their colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices heretofore granted to them, the words

"*Cape of Good Hope,*"

in commemoration of the distinguished gallantry displayed by those Regiments at the capture of the town and garrison of the Cape of Good Hope, on the 8th January 1806, when they formed part of two Brigades employed on that occasion.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 29, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, March 28, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty will *not* hold a Levee next week.

His Majesty's Levee will take place on Wednesday the 13th of April next, at two o'clock, and the future Levees on the succeeding Wednesdays until further orders.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, March 28, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that it is Her Majesty's intention to hold Drawing-Rooms on the following days, viz.

Thursday, April 21st.
Thursday, May 5th.
Saturday, May 28th.
Thursday, June 16th.

St.

St. James's-Palace, March 23, 1836.

This day had audience of His Majesty, His Royal Highness the Prince Ferdinand of Portugal, His Serene Highness the Duke Ferdinand of Saxe-Cobourg-Gotha, and His Serene Highness the Prince Augustus of Saxe-Cobourg-Gotha:

To which they were introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, March 23, 1836.

This day His Royal Highness the Prince Ferdinand of Portugal, also His Serene Highness the Duke Ferdinand of Saxe-Cobourg-Gotha, and His Serene Highness the Prince Augustus of Saxe-Cobourg-Gotha, had audience of Her Majesty the Queen:

To which they were introduced by Earl Howe, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Likewise the Count de Ludolf, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, had audience of Her Majesty the Queen, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Earl Howe, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, March 16, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Colonel Daniel Jones, of the town of Brockville, in the district of Johnstown, in the province of Upper Canada.

St. James's-Palace, March 23, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major-General William Gabriel Davy, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Whitehall, March 25, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Charles Sidebottom, Esq. a Police Magistrate and Justice of the Peace for the borough and city of Worcester.

Whitehall, March 26, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Thomas Adam Colling to the vicarage of Buckland Brewer, with the chapelries of Buckworthy and East Putford thereto belonging, in the county of Devon and diocese of Exeter, void by the death of the Reverend Charles Davie.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 1, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, March 30, 1836.

THIS day the Baron Bülow, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Prussia, had an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Westminster, March 30, 1836.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the

the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for carrying into effect a Treaty, made between His Majesty and the Queen Regent of Spain, for the abolition of the slave trade.

An Act to indemnify such persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for offices and employments, and for extending the time limited for those purposes respectively until the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven; to permit such persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file affidavits of the execution of indentures of clerks to attornies and solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the first day of Hilary Term one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven; and to allow persons to make and file such affidavits, although the persons whom they served shall have neglected to take out their annual certificates.

An Act for extending the time for building a bridge over the River Avon, from Clifton, in the county of Gloucester, to the opposite side of the river, in the county of Somerset.

An Act to establish a company for more effectually lighting with gas the city and county of the city of Exeter, and certain parishes and places in the county of Devon.

An Act for the better supplying the borough of Reading, in the county of Berks, and the neighbourhood thereof, with gas.

An Act for removing the markets held in the town or village of Bridgend, in the county of Glamorgan, and for providing other market places in lieu thereof, and for regulating and maintaining the same.

An Act to incorporate the Subscribers to the Middlesex Hospital, and for better enabling them to carry on their charitable designs.

An Act for repairing and maintaining the road from Rochdale, in the county palatine of Lancaster, to Halifax and Ealand, in the west riding of the county of York.

An Act for repairing the road from the town of Buckingham, in the county of Buckingham, to the West Chester or Holyhead-road, in the parish of Passenham, in the county of Northampton, and from the north east end of the town of Stony Stratford to Newport Pagnel, in the said county of Buckingham.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road and branches leading from Radcliffe towards Bolton and Bury, all in the county of Lancaster.

And five private Acts.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 5, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, March 16, 1836.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon George Hamilton Seymour, Esq. Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 8, 1836.

Downing-Street, April 8, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to appoint John Reddie, Esq. to be Chief Justice of the Island of St. Lucia.

Downing-Street, April 8, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Elzear Bédard, Esq. to be one of the Judges for the District of Quebec, in the Province of Lower Canada.

Downing-Street, April 8, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint W. B. Wolseley, Esq. to be Assistant Secretary of the Colony of British Guiana.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 12, 1836.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, April 11, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen will hold a Drawing-Room on Thursday, April 21st.

It is absolutely necessary that all Ladies intending to be presented, should send their names, with that of the Lady presenting them, to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, on or before Tuesday, April 19th, in order that they may be submitted to Her Majesty.

All Ladies and Gentlemen attending the Drawing-Room are requested to bring three cards; one to be left in the Anti-room, another to be given to the Lord in Waiting to the King, and the third to the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, who will announce the name to Her Majesty.

No Lady can present another, unless she herself attends the Drawing-Room.

Whitehall, April 12, 1836.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, granting to the Right Honourable Dominick Browne, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, the dignity of a Baron of that part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland, by the name, stile, and title of Baron Oranmore and Browne, of Carra Browne-castle, in Oranmore, in the county of Galway, and of Castle MacGarrett, in the county of Mayo.

Downing-Street, April 11, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Rear-Admiral Patrick Campbell, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Commander of the said Order, in the room of Vice-Admiral Sir Graham Moore.

Foreign-Office, April 12, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint George Stoddart, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul in the islands of Madeira.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint Patrick William Kelly, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at Carthagena, in the Republic of New Granada.

War-

War-Office, 12th April 1836.

MEMORANDUM.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to permit the 27th, or Inniskilling, Regiment of Foot to bear on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been authorised, the words

"*St. Lucia,*"

in commemoration of the gallant conduct evinced by the Regiment, on the 24th May 1796, in the attack upon the fort Morne Fortuné, which led to the surrender of the island of St. Lucia, on the 26th of that month.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 15, 1836.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, April 15, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 21st of April, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlborough-house, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square.

square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the *entrée*, which are to proceed down the Park, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the King's-court, those of the Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other persons having the *entrée* may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park, till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the *entrée* by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the *entrée* will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, on Tuesday next, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL, Lord Steward.

Downing-Street, April 13, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Henry Light, Esq. to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Island of Antigua.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 19, 1836.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 13th day of *April* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the third and fourth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to regulate the trade of the British "possessions abroad," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that no goods shall be imported into, nor shall any goods, except the produce of the fisheries in British ships, be exported from, any of the British possessions in America by sea, from or to any place other than the United Kingdom, or some other of such possessions, excepting to or from the several ports in such possessions called free ports, enumerated or described in the table in the said Act contained; and it is thereby further enacted, that if any goods shall be imported into any port

or

or place in any of the said possessions contrary to the said Act, such goods shall be forfeited; and it is thereby provided, that if His Majesty shall deem it expedient to extend the provisions of the said Act to any port or ports not enumerated in the said table, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Order in Council, to extend the provisions of the said Act to such port or ports; and that from and after the day mentioned in such Order in Council, all the privileges and advantages of the said Act, and all the provisions, penalties, and forfeitures therein contained, subject, nevertheless, to the limitations and restrictions thereinafter provided, shall extend, and be deemed and construed to extend, to any such port or ports respectively, as fully as if the same had been inserted and enumerated in the said table at the time of passing the said Act:

And whereas His Majesty doth deem it expedient to extend the before-mentioned provisions of the said Act, respecting such free ports, to the port of Old Harbour, in the island of Jamaica:

Now, therefore, under and by virtue of the said Act of Parliament, and in exercise of the powers thereby in His Majesty in Council in that behalf vested, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth order, and it is hereby ordered accordingly, that the provisions of the said Act, as far as the same relate to the free ports respectively therein mentioned, shall be, and the same are hereby, extended to the port of Old Harbour, in the island of Jamaica; and that, from and after the ninth day of June next, all the privileges and advantages by the said Act conferred upon the free ports therein mentioned, and all the provisions, penalties, and forfeitures in the said Act contained, subject to the limitations and restrictions therein provided, shall extend to the said port of Old Harbour, as fully and effectually as if such port

had been inserted and enumerated in the said table at the time of passing the said Act:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 13th day of *April* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the third and fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the "abolition of slavery throughout the British colo- "nies; for promoting the industry of the manu- "mitted slaves; and for compensating the persons "hitherto entitled to the services of such slaves;" it is enacted, "that, from and after the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, all persons who, in conformity with the laws now in force in the said colonies respectively, shall, on or before the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, have been duly registered as slaves in any such colony, and who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall be actually within any such colony, and who shall by such registries appear to be, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, of the full age of six years or upwards, shall, by force and virtue of the said Act, and without the previous execution of any indenture of apprenticeship, or any other deed or instrument for that purpose, become and be apprenticed

prenticed labourers;" and whereas, by the said Act, it is further enacted, that, subject to the obligations imposed by the said Act, or to be imposed as therein mentioned upon such apprenticed labourers as aforesaid, all and every the persons who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall be holden in slavery within any such British colony as aforesaid, shall, upon and from, and after the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty four, become and be, to all intents and purposes, freed and discharged of and from all manner of slavery, and shall be absolutely and for ever manumitted; and that the children thereafter to be born to any such persons, and the offspring of such children, shall, in like manner, be free from their birth; and that, from and after the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, slavery shall be, and is thereby, utterly and for ever abolished and declared unlawful throughout the British colonies, plantations, and possessions abroad:

And whereas by the said Act it is provided, that the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury may raise the sum of twenty millions of pounds sterling, towards compensating the persons entitled to the services of the slaves to be manumitted and set free by virtue of the said Act, for the loss of such services:

And whereas in the said Act it is recited, that various rules and regulations are or may be necessary for the purposes therein specified, and that such regulations could not, without great inconvenience, be made, except by the respective governors councils, and assemblies, or other local legislatures of the said respective colonies, or by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, in reference to those colonies to which the legislative authority of His Majesty in Council extends; and

it

it is, therefore, by the said Act enacted and declared, that nothing in the said Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent the enactment, by the respective governors, councils, and assemblies, or by such other local legislatures as aforesaid, or by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, of any such Acts of General Assembly, or Ordinances, or Orders in Council, as might be requisite for making and establishing such several rules and regulations as aforesaid, or any of them, or for carrying the same, or any of them, into full and complete effect:

And whereas it is by the said Act further enacted, that no part of the said sum of twenty millions of pounds sterling shall be applied or shall be applicable to the purposes therein aforesaid, for the benefit of any person entitled to the services of any slave in any of the colonies therein aforesaid, unless an Order shall have been first made by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, declaring that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in such colony for giving effect to the said Act, by such further and supplementary enactments as therein mentioned; nor unless a copy of such Order in Council, duly certified by one of the Clerks in Ordinary of His Majesty's Privy Council, shall, by the Lord President of the Council, have been transmitted to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or to the Lord High Treasurer, for the time being, for their or his guidance or information; and every such Order shall be published three several times in the London Gazette, and shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within six weeks next after the date thereof, if Parliament shall be then in session, and if not, within six weeks from the then next ensuing session of Parliament:

And whereas, in order to carry into effect the objects of the said recited Act, an Act hath been passed

passed by the Governor, Council, and Assembly of the island of Tobago, intituled "An Act to carry "into effect the provisions of an Act of the Im- "perial Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, "intituled 'An Act for the abolition of slavery "throughout the British colonies; for promoting "the industry of the manumitted slaves; and for "compensating the persons hitherto entitled to the "services of such slaves;'" and also an Act to amend an Act, intituled "An Act to carry into "effect the provisions of an Act of the Imperial "Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, in- "tituled 'An Act for the abolition of slavery "throughout the British colonies; for promoting "the industry of the manumitted slaves; and for "compensating the persons hitherto entitled to the "services of such slaves;' and to repeal certain "clauses of an Act, commonly called the Slave Act, "passed on or about the fifteenth day of August "one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, and "to substitute other clauses in this Act in lieu "thereof;" and also an Act, intituled "An Act to "establish rules and regulations for the classification "of those persons hereafter to become apprenticed "labourers, and for ascertaining to which class they "shall respectively belong;" and also an Act, in- tituled "An Act to authorise the temporary ap- "pointment of special magistrates, for the purpose "of giving effect to the provisions of an Act of the "Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, "intituled 'An Act for the abolition of slavery "throughout the British colonies; for promoting "the industry of the manumitted slaves; and for "compensating the persons hitherto entitled to the "services of such slaves;'" and also an Act to amend an Act, intituled "An Act to carry into "effect the provisions of an Act of the Imperial "Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, in- "tituled 'An Act for the abolition of slavery

"through-

" throughout the British colonies;" for promoting " the industry of the manumitted slaves; and for " compensating the persons hitherto entitled to the " services of such slaves;'" and also an Act, intituled " An Act to provide for the building of " places of confinement and punishment, and to " establish a police force in the said island, and also " to repeal fifty fifth, fifty-sixth, and fifty-seventh " clauses of the Act, intituled ' An Act to carry " into effect the provisions of an Act of the Imperial " Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, intituled ' An Act for the abolition of slavery " throughout the British colonies; for promoting " the industry of the manumitted slaves; and for " compensating the persons hitherto entitled to the " services of such slaves:'"

And whereas it is considered by His Majesty in Council, that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in the said islaud of Tobago, for giving effect to the said recited Act of Parliament, by such further and supplementary enactments as therein mentioned, according to the true intent and meaning of the said Act:

His Majesty is, therefore, pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to declare, and it is hereby declared, that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in the island of Tobago, for giving effect to the said recited Aet of Parliament, by sueh further and supplementary enactments as therein are mentioned:

And the Right Honourable the Marquess of Lansdowne, the President of His Majesty's Privy Council, and the Right Honourable Lord Glenelg, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

[The

[The following article is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of Tuesday last.]

Whitehall, April 12, 1836.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, granting to the Right Honourable Dominick Browne, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, the dignity of a Baron of that part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland, by the name, stile, and title of Baron Oranmore and Browne, of Carra Brownè-castle, in Oranmore, in the county of the town of Galway, and of Castle MacGarrett, in the county of Mayo.

Admiralty, April 18, 1836.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to appoint the two Officers under named, to be Extra Naval Aides-de-Camp to His Majesty:

Captain the Right Honourable Lord James Townshend, K. C. H.
Captain Phipps Hornby, C. B.

Downing-Street, April 18, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint James Hurtle Fisher, Esq. to be Resident Commissioner of Public Lands in the Province of South Australia.

Downing-Street, April 19, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Sir John Franklin, Knt. Captain in the Royal Navy, to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Island of Van Diemen's Land and its dependencies.

Downing-Street, April 16, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Reverend William Hutchins to be Archdeacon of the Island of Van Diemen's Land.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 22, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, April 21, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's next Levee will be held on Thursday the 28th instant, instead of Wednesday the 27th, and the future Levees on every succeeding Wednesday until further orders.

Lord

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, April 22, 1836.

BY HIS MAJESTY'S COMMAND.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons attending the Drawing-Rooms and State Balls at St. James's-Palace, who wear any civil uniform, must appear in shoes with buckles, and breeches with knee buckles.

The Master of the Horse, the Master of the Buck Hounds, the Equerries and the Pages of Honour, all Officers of the Navy and Army, Militia and Yeomanry, the Lord Lieutenants of Counties and Deputy Lieutenants, are to appear at the Drawing-Rooms and State Balls in uniform trowsers and boots, agreeably to regulation.

St. James's-Palace, April 20, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon William Jackson Hooker, L. L. D. Regius Professor of Botany in the University of Glasgow, Companion of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Whitehall, April 20, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Honourable and Reverend John Grey, M. A. to the Vicarage of Woller alias Wooler, in the county of Northumberland and diocese of Durham, void by the death of the Reverend William Haigh.

Office of the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales, April 21, 1836.

This is to certify that, under the provisions of the 7th section of the fourth and fifth William the Fourth, cap. 76, the Poor Law Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Francis Wade to be an Assistant-Commissioner of the Poor Laws.

And this is further to certify, that the said Thomas Francis Wade did, on Wednesday the 20th of April instant, take the oath required by the 11th section of the said Act, before the Honourable Mr. Baron Gurney, one of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer.

And this is further to notify, that Major Sir Francis Bond Head, on the 22d day of November 1835; Sir William Edward Parry, on the 3d day of February last; and Henry Pilkington, Esq. on the 22d day of February last; resigned their respective offices of Assistant Poor Law Commissioners.

By order of the Board,

E. Chadwick, Secretary.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 26, 1836.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, April 26, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen will hold a Drawing-Room on Thursday, May 5th.

It is absolutely necessary that all Ladies intending to be presented, should send their names, with that of the Lady presenting them, to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, on or before Tuesday, May 3d, in order that they may be submitted to Her Majesty.

All Ladies and Gentlemen attending the Drawing-Room are requested to bring three cards; one to be left in the Anti-room, another to be given to the Lord in Waiting to the King, and the third to the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, who will announce the name to Her Majesty.

No Lady can present another, unless she herself attends the Drawing-Room.

Westminster, April 22, 1836.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters.

An Act for the regulation of His Majesty's royal marine forces while on shore.

An Act for erecting a county hall and courts of justice, and for providing accommodation for His Majesty's Justices of Assize, for the eastern part of the county of Suffolk.

An Act for building new courts of assize, at Bodmin, for the county of Cornwall, and for providing judges' lodgings and other purposes connected therewith.

An Act for the more easy and speedy recovery of small debts within the Prestbury division of the hundred of Macclesfield, in the county of Chester.

An Act for making a railway from Birmingham to Gloucester, with a branch therefrom.

An

An Act to enable the Bristol and Clifton Oil Gas Company to produce gas from coal and other materials, and to amend the Act relating to the said Company.

An Act to enlarge the powers of several Acts, for effecting improvements in the streets and other places within the town of Manchester.

An Act for making a turnpike road from Richmond to Reeth, in the county of York.

And one private Act.

Foreign-Office, April 26, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Jacob James Hart, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul for the kingdom of Saxony.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint Hugh Wilson, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at Arica, in the republic of Peru.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 29, 1836.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, April 29, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 5th of May, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlborough-house, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the *entrée*, which are to proceed down the Park, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the King's-court, those of the Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other persons

sons having the *entrée* may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park, till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the *entrée* by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the *entrée* will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, on Tuesday next, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL, Lord Steward.

Whitehall, April 29, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable Robert Montgomery Lord Belhaven to be His Majesty's High Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

Foreign-Office, April 9, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Henry William Macaulay, Esq. to be His Majesty's Judge, and Walter William Lewis, Esq. to be His Majesty's Arbitrator, in the Mixed British and Spanish Court of Justice, and Michael Linning Melville, Esq. to be Secretary or Registrar to the said Mixed British and Spanish Court of

Justice, to be established at Sierra Leone: and William Sharp Macleay, Esq. to be His Majesty's Judge, and Edward Wyndham Harrington Schenley, Esq. to be His Majesty's Arbitrator, to the Mixed British and Spanish Court of Justice, to be established at the Havana, under the Treaty concluded between His Majesty and the Queen Regent of Spain, on the 28th of June 1835, for the abolition of the Slave Trade, and in pursuance of the Act of Parliament passed for carrying the said Treaty into effect.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 3, 1836.

Foreign-Office, April 29, 1836.

THE King has been graciously pleased to appoint James Brant, Esq. sometime British Vice-Consul at Trebizonde, to be His Majesty's Consul at Erzeroom.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 6, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, May 4, 1836.

THIS day the Baron de Cetto, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Bavaria, had audience of the King to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, April 20, 1836.

The King has this day been graciously pleased to present Mr. Benjamin Smith a stick of office, and to direct, that he may carry the same when on duty, by virtue of his appointment as Secretary to the Captain of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, May 6, 1836.

The Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household has been pleased to appoint Thomas Shiffner, Esq. to be Paymaster of the Household, in the room of George Talbot, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 10, 1836.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, May 10, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen will hold Drawing-Rooms on Saturday, May 28th, and Thursday, June 16th.

The Drawing-Room on the 28th of May, being for the celebration of His Majesty's Birth-day, no presentations can take place.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 10, 1836.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed John Lyster, Esq. one of the Gentlemen Ushers Quarterly Waiters in Ordinary to His Majesty, in the room of Robert Browne, Esq. deceased.

Lord

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 10, 1836.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed Arthur Blackwood, Esq. one of the Grooms of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Chamber in Ordinary, in the room of Thomas Shiffner, Esq. resigned.

Whitehall, May 10, 1836.

The King, taking into His royal consideration that, upon the decease of Henry Viscount Hood, the title and dignity of Viscount descended to his grandson and heir, Samuel now Viscount Hood, as eldest son and heir of Francis-Wheler Hood, Esq. commonly called the Honourable Francis-Wheler Hood, a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army, who fell in action with the enemy at Aire, in the south of France, on the 2d day of March 1814 (whilst living the son and heir apparent of the said Henry late Viscount Hood), and that, according to the ordinary rules of honour, the younger brother and sister of Samuel now Viscount Hood cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to them in case their said father, Francis-Wheler Hood, had survived the said Henry Viscount Hood, and thereby succeeded to the said title and dignity of Viscount Hood, hath been graciously pleased to ordain and declare, that Francis-Grosvenor Hood, Esq. a Lieutenant and Captain in the Grenadier Regiment of Foot Guards, and Caroline, wife of Arthur-Francis Gregory, of Stivichall, in the county of Warwick, Esq. younger brother and sister of the said Samuel now Viscount Hood, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same titles, place, pre-eminence, and precedence, as if their said late

late father, Francis-Wheler Hood, had succeeded to the said title and dignity of Viscount Hood:

And His Majesty hath been further pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in His College of Arms.

Foreign-Office, May 10, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of Mr. Lewis de Drusina as Consul at Port Louis, in the Island of Mauritius, for the Republic and Hanseatic City of Hamburgh.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

SUMMER CIRCUITS, 1836.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

H. R. Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Wednesday, June 22.
Yorkshire, at Sheffield, Friday, June 24.
Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Monday, June 27.
At the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Saturday, July 2.
At the City of York, Tuesday, July 5.
Yorkshire, at York Castle, Tuesday, July 5.
Yorkshire, at Richmond, Friday, July 8.
Durham, at Durham, Saturday, July 9.
Northumberland, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Town, Tuesday, July 12.
Cumberland, at Carlisle, Friday, July 15.
Westmorland, at Appleby, Monday, July 18.
Westmorland, at Kendal, Tuesday, July 19.
Lancashire, at Lancaster, Wednesday, July 20.
Lancashire, at Preston, Friday, July 29.

Lan-

Lancashire, at Liverpool, Saturday, July 30.
Cheshire, at Chester and City, Wednesday, August 3.
Flintshire, at Mold, Friday, August 5.
Denbighshire, at Ruthin, Saturday, August 6.
Anglesey, at Beaumaris, Tuesday, August 9.
Carnarvonshire, at Carnarvon, Wednesday, August 10.
Merionethshire, at Dolgelly, Saturday, August 13.
Montgomeryshire, at Welch Pool, Tuesday, August 16.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

J. G. Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

Essex, at Chelmsford, Thursday, July 14.
Essex, at Colchester, Friday, July 15.
Suffolk, at Ipswich, Saturday, July 16.
Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Monday, July 18.
Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Tuesday, July 19.
Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Friday, July 22.
Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge, Saturday, July 23.
Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Monday, July 25.
Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Tuesday, July 26.
Cambridgeshire, at Ely, Wednesday, July 27.
Norfolk, at Lynn, Thursday, July 28.
Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Friday, July 29.
Lincolnshire, at Lincoln and City, Monday, August 1.
Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham and Town, Thursday, August 4.
Derbyshire, at Derby, Saturday, August 6.
Leicestershire, at Leicester, Monday, August 8.
Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Tuesday, August 9.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Thursday, August 11.
At the City of Coventry, Saturday, August 13.
Shropshire, at Oldbury, Monday, August 15.
Warwickshire, at Birmingham, Tuesday, August 16.
At the City of Lichfield, Wednesday, August 17.
Staffordshire, at Stafford, Thursday, August 18.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Saturday, August 20.

SOUTH-

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

T. B. Bowen, Esq. Commissioner.

Berkshire, at Reading, Monday, June 27.
Oxfordshire, at Oxford, Wednesday, June 29.
Worcestershire, at Worcester and City, Friday, July 1.
Radnorshire, at Presteigne, Monday, July 4.
Herefordshire, at Hereford, Tuesday, July 5.
Brecknockshire, at Brecon, Thursday, July 7.
Cardiganshire, at Cardigan, Saturday, July 9.
Pembrokeshire, at Haverfordwest and Town, Monday, July 11.
Carmarthenshire, at Carmarthen and Borough, Wednesday, July 13.
Glamorganshire, at Swansea, Friday, July 15.
Glamorganshire, at Cardiff, Monday, July 18.
Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Wednesday, July 20.
Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Thursday, July 21.
At the City of Bristol, Saturday, July 23.
Somersetshire, at Bath, Wednesday, July 27.
Somersetshire, at Wells, Friday, July 29.
Devonshire, at Exeter and City, Monday, August 1.
Devonshire, at Plymouth, Thursday, August 4.
Cornwall, at Bodmin, Saturday, August 6.
Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Tuesday, August 9.
Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Thursday, August 11.
Hampshire, at Winchester, Saturday, August 13.
At the Town of Southampton, Monday, August 15.

HOME CIRCUIT.

W. J. Law, Esq. Commissioner.

At the City of Canterbury, Friday, July 8.
Kent, at Dover, Saturday, July 9.
Kent, at Maidstone, Monday, July 11.
Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Saturday, July 23.
Sussex, at Horsham, Monday, July 25.
Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Monday, August 1.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 13, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, May 4, 1836.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Edwin Pearson, Esq. Lieutenant of His Majesty's Guard of Yeomen of the Guard.

St. James's-Palace, May 12, 1836.

The King was this day pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint William Daniel Bullock, Esq. one of His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Hector Archibald Macneil, Esq. resigned.

Crown-Office, May 13, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Mayo.

Robert Dillon Browne, of Glencorrib, in the county of Mayo, Esq. in the room of the Right Honourable Dominick Browne, now Lord Oranmore, a Peer of Ireland.

War-Office, 13*th May* 1836.

MEMORANDUM.

The King has been pleased to command, that the 5*th, or Northumberland, Regiment of Foot* shall in future be equipped as a Fusilier Regiment, and be styled the 5*th Regiment of Foot, or Northumberland Fusiliers.*

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to permit the 12th and 58th Regiments to bear on their colours and appointments, in addition to the word "*Gibraltar,*" the following distinctions, viz.

The Castle and Key, and the Motto, "*Montis Insignia Calpe,*"

in commemoration of their services during the memorable defence of Gibraltar in the year 1782.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 17, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 17, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Drawing-Room to be held at St. James's-Palace, on Saturday the 28th instant, being for the celebration of His Majesty's Birth-day, *the Knights of the several Orders are to appear in their Collars.*

At the Court at *St. James's,* the 13th day of *April* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by a certain Act of Parliament, made in the fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to regulate "the trade of the British possessions abroad," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, by any Order or Orders in Council to be issued from time to time, to give such directions and make such regulations, touching the trade and commerce to and from any British possessions on or near the Continent of Europe, or within the Mediterranean Sea, or in Africa, or within the limits

of the East India Company's charter (except the possessions of the said Company), as to His Majesty in Council shall appear most expedient and salutary:

And whereas by the same Act, after reciting that it was expedient to constitute and appoint some of the free ports, and other ports in America, to be free warehousing ports for all or any of the goods which may be legally imported into such ports respectively, it is enacted, that certain ports therein enumerated and described should be free warehousing ports for all the purposes of the said Act; and whereas by the same Act various enactments, with reference to the ports so made free warehousing ports as aforesaid, are contained in the words following, that is to say:

And that it shall be lawful for the several collectors and controllers of the said ports respectively, by notice in writing under their hands, to appoint from time to time such warehouses at such ports respectively, as shall be approved of by them, for the free warehousing and securing of goods therein for the purposes of this Act; and also in such notice to declare, what sort of goods may be so warehoused; and also, by like notice, to revoke or alter any such appointment or declaration; provided always, that every such notice shall be transmitted to the governor of the place, and shall be published in such manner as he shall direct:

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the importer of any such goods into the said ports, to warehouse the same in the warehouses so appointed, without payment of any duty on the first entry thereof; subject, nevertheless, to the rules, regulations, restrictions, and conditions hereinafter contained:

And be it further enacted, that all goods so warehoused shall be stowed in such parts or divisions of the warehouse, and in such manner, as the collector

and

and controller shall direct; and that the warehouse shall be locked and secured in such manner, and shall be opened and visited only at such times, and in the presence of such officers, and under such rules and regulations, as the collector and controller shall direct; and that all such goods shall, after being landed upon importation, be carried to the warehouse, or shall, after being taken out of the warehouse for exportation, be carried to be shipped, under such rules and regulations as the collector and controller shall direct:

And be it further enacted, that upon the entry of any goods to be warehoused, the importer of such goods, instead of paying down the duties due thereon, shall give bond, with two sufficient sureties, to be approved of by the collector or controller, in treble the duties payable on such goods, with condition for the safe depositing of such goods in the warehouse mentioned in such entry, and for the payment of all duties due upon such goods, or for the exportation thereof, according to the first account taken of such goods upon the landing of the same; and with further condition, that no part thereof shall be taken out of such warehouse until cleared from thence upon due entry and payment of duty, or upon due entry for exportation; and with further condition, that the whole of such goods shall be so cleared from such warehouse, and the duties upon any deficiency of the quantity, according to such first account, shall be paid within two years from the date of the first entry thereof; and if, after such bond shall have been given, the goods, or any part thereof, shall be sold or disposed of, so that the original bonder shall be no longer interested in, or have any controul over, the same, it shall be lawful for the collector or controller to admit fresh security to be given by the bond of the new proprietor or other person having controul over such goods, with his sufficient sureties, and to cancel the bond given by the

the original bonder of such goods, or to exonerate him to the extent of the fresh security so given:

And be it further enacted, that if any goods which have been entered to be warehoused shall not be duly carried and deposited in the warehouse, or shall afterwards be taken out of the warehouse without due entry and clearance, or, having been entered and cleared for exportation from the warehouse, shall not be duly carried and shipped, or shall afterwards be relanded, except with permission of the proper officer of the customs, such goods shall be forfeited:

And be it further enacted, that upon the entry and landing of any goods to be warehoused the proper officer of the customs shall take a particular account of the same, and shall mark the contents on each package, and shall enter the same in a book to be kept for that purpose; and no goods which have been so warehoused shall be taken or delivered from the warehouse, except upon due entry, and under care of the proper officers for exportation, or upon due entry and payment of duty for home use; and whenever the whole of the goods warehoused under any entry shall be cleared from the warehouse, or whenever further time shall be granted for any such goods to remain warehoused, an account shall be made out of the quantity upon which the duties have been paid, and of the quantity exported, and of the quantity (to be then ascertained) of the goods still remaining in the warehouse, as the case may be, deducting from the whole the quantity contained in any whole packages (if any) which may have been abandoned for the duties; and if upon such account there shall in either case appear to be any deficiency of the original quantity, the duty payable upon the amount of such deficiency shall then be paid:

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the collector or controller, under such regulations as they shall see fit, to permit moderate samples to be taken of any goods so warehoused without entry,

and

and without payment of duty, except as the same shall eventually become payable, as on a deficiency of the original quantity:

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the collector and controller, under such regulations as they shall see fit, to permit the proprietor, or other person having controul over any goods so warehoused, to sort, separate, and pack and repack any such goods, and to make such lawful alterations therein, or arrangements and assortments thereof, as may be necessary for the preservation of such goods, or in order to the sale, shipment, or legal disposal of the same; and also to permit any parts of such goods so separated to be destroyed, but without prejudice to the claim for duty upon the whole original quantity of such goods; provided always, that it shall be lawful for any person to abandon any whole packages to the officers of the customs for the duties, without being liable to any duty upon the same:

And be it further enacted, that goods warehoused at any warehousing port in any of the British possessions in America, being first duly entered, may be delivered, under the authority of the proper officer of the customs, without payment of duty, except for any deficiency thereof, for the purpose of removal to another warehousing port in the same possession, under bond, to the satisfaction of such officer, for the due arrival and rewarehousing of such goods at such other port:

And be it further enacted, that all goods which have been so warehoused or rewarehoused shall be duly cleared, either for exportation or for home consumption, within two years from the day of the first entry for the warehousing thereof; and if any such goods be not so cleared, it shall be lawful for the collector and controller to cause the same to be sold, and the produce shall be applied, first, to the payment of the duties, next, of warehouse rent

and

and other charges, and the overplus (if any) shall be paid to the proprietor; provided always, that it shall be lawful for the collector and controller to grant further time for any such goods to remain warehoused, if they shall see fit so to do:

And be it further enacted, that upon the entry outwards of any goods to be exported from the warehouse, the person entering the same shall give security, by bond, in treble the duties of importation on the quantity of such goods, with two sufficient sureties, to be approved by the collector or controller, that the same shall be landed at the place for which they be entered outwards, or be otherwise accounted for to the satisfaction of the collector and controller:

And be it further enacted, that all vessels, boats, carriages, and cattle made use of in the removal of any goods liable to forfeiture under this Act shall be forfeited; and every person who shall assist, or be otherwise concerned, in the unshipping, landing, or removal, or in the harbouring of such goods, or into whose hands or possession the same shall knowingly come, shall forfeit the treble value thereof, or the penalty of one hundred pounds, at the election of the officers of the customs; and the averment in any information or libel to be exhibited for the recovery of such penalty, that the officer proceeding has elected to sue for the sum mentioned in the information, shall be deemed sufficient proof of such election, without any other or further evidence of such fact:

And be it further enacted, that all goods, and all ships, vessels, and boats, and all carriages, and all cattle, liable to forfeiture under this Act, shall and may be seized and secured by any officer of the customs or navy, or by any person employed for that purpose, by or with the concurrence of the commissioners of His Majesty's customs; and every person who shall, in any way, hinder, oppose, molest, or ob-

obstruct any officer of the customs or navy, or any person so employed as aforesaid, in the exercise of his office, or any person acting in his aid or assistance, shall, for every such offence, forfeit the sum of two hundred pounds:

And be it further enacted, that, under authority of a writ of assistance granted by the superior or supreme Court of Justice, or Court of Vice Admiralty having jurisdiction in the place, who are hereby authorised and required to grant such writ of assistance upon application made to them for that purpose by the principal officers of His Majesty's customs, it shall be lawful for any officer of the customs, taking with him a peace officer, to enter any building or other place in the daytime, and to search for and seize and secure any goods liable to forfeiture under this Act, and, in case of necessity, to break open any doors and any chests or other packages for that purpose; and such writ of assistance, when issued, shall be deemed to be in force during the whole of the reign in which the same shall have been granted, and for twelve months from the conclusion of such reign:

And be it further enacted, that if any person shall, by force or violence, assault, resist, oppose, molest, hinder, or obstruct any officer of the customs or navy, or other person employed as aforesaid, in the exercise of his office, or any person acting in his aid or assistance, such person, being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged a felon, and shall be proceeded against as such, and punished at the discretion of the court before whom such person shall be tried:

And be it further enacted, that all things which shall be seized as being liable to forfeiture under this Act, or under any Act made for the prevention of smuggling, or relating to the revenue of customs, or to trade or navigation, shall be taken forthwith and delivered into the custody of the collector and con-

troller of the customs at the Custom-house next to the place where the same were seized, who shall secure the same by such means, and in such manner, as shall be provided and directed by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs; and, after condemnation thereof, the collector and controller shall cause the same to be sold by public auction, to the best bidder; provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs to direct in what manner the produce of such sale shall be applied, or, in lieu of such sale, to direct that any of such things shall be destroyed, or shall be reserved for the public service:

And be it further enacted, that all penalties and forfeitures which may have been heretofore, or may be hereafter, incurred under this or any other Act relating to the customs, or to trade, or navigation, shall and may be prosecuted, sued for, and recovered in any court of record, or of vice-admiralty, having jurisdiction in the colony or plantation where the cause of prosecution arises, and in cases where there shall happen to be no such courts, then in any court of record, or of vice-admiralty, having jurisdiction in in some British colony or plantation near to that where the cause of prosecution arises; provided, that in cases where a seizure is made in any other colony than that where the forfeiture accrues, such seizure may be prosecuted in any court of record, or of vice-admiralty, having jurisdiction either in the colony or plantation where the forfeiture accrues, or in the colony or plantation where the seizure is made, at the election of the seizor or prosecutor; and in cases where there shall happen to be no such courts in either of the last mentioned colonies or plantations, then in the court of record, or of vice-admiralty, having jurisdiction in some British colony or plantation near to that where the forfeiture accrues, or to that where the seizure is made, at the election of the seizor or prosecutor:

And

And be it further enacted, that if any goods, or any ship or vessel, shall be seized as forfeited under this Act, or any Act hereafter to be made, and detained in any of the British possessions in America, it shall be lawful for the judge or judges of any court having jurisdiction to try and determine such seizures, with the consent of the collector and controller of the customs, to order the delivery thereof, on security by bond, with two sufficient sureties, to be first approved by such collector and controller, to answer double the value of the same, in case of condemnation; and such bond shall be taken to the use of His Majesty, in the name of the collector of the customs in whose custody the goods, or the ship or vessel, may be lodged, and such bond shall be delivered and kept in the joint custody of such collector and his controller; and, in case the goods, or the ship or vessel, shall be condemned, the value thereof shall be paid into the hands of such collector, who shall thereupon, with the consent or privity of his controller, cancel such bond:

And be it further enacted, that no suit shall be commenced for the recovery of any penalty or forfeiture under this Act, except in the name of some superior officer of the customs or navy, or other person employed as hereinbefore mentioned, or of His Majesty's Advocate or Attorney-General for the place where such suit shall be commenced; and if a question shall arise, whether any person is an officer of the customs or navy, or such other person as aforesaid, *vivâ voce* evidence may be given of such a fact, and shall be deemed legal and sufficient evidence:

And be it further enacted, that if any goods shall be seized for nonpayment of duties, or any other cause of forfeiture, and any dispute shall arise whether the duties have been paid for the same, or the same have been lawfully imported, or lawfully laden or exported, the proof thereof shall lie on the

owner or claimer of such goods, and not on the officer who shall seize and stop the same:

And be it further enacted, that no claim to any thing seized under this Act, and returned into any of His Majesty's courts for adjudication, shall be admitted, unless such claim be entered in the name of the owner, with his residence and occupation, nor unless oath to the property in such thing be made by the owner, or by his attorney or agent by whom such claim shall be entered, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and every person making a false oath thereto shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour, and shall be liable to the pains and penalties to which persons are liable for a misdemeanour:

And be it further enacted, that no person shall be admitted to enter a claim to any thing seized in pursuance of this Act, and prosecuted in any of the British possessions in America, until sufficient security shall have been given in the court where such seizure is prosecuted, in a penalty, not exceeding sixty pounds, to answer and pay the costs occasioned by such claim; and, in default of giving such security, such things shall be adjudged to be forfeited, and shall be condemned:

And be it further enacted, that no writ shall be sued out against, nor a copy of any process served upon, any officers of the customs or navy, or other person as aforesaid, for anything done in the exercise of his office, until one calendar month after notice, in writing, shall have been delivered to him, or left at his usual place of abode, by the attorney or agent of the party who intends to sue out such writ or process; in which notice shall be clearly and explicitly contained the cause of the action, the name and place of abode of the person who is to bring such action, and the name and place of abode of the attorney or agent; and no evidence of the cause of such action shall be produced except of such as shall

be

be contained in such notice; and no verdict shall be given for the plaintiff unless he shall prove on the trial that such notice was given; and in default of such proof the defendant shall receive in such action a verdict and costs:

And be it further enacted, that every such action shall be brought within three calendar months after the cause thereof; and shall be laid and tried in the place or district where the facts were committed; and the defendant may plead the general issue, and give the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff shall become nonsuited, or shall discontinue the action, or if upon a verdict or demurrer judgment shall be given against the plaintiff, the defendant shall receive treble costs, and have such remedy for the same as any defendant can have in other cases where costs are given by law:

And be it further enacted, that in case any information or suit shall be brought to trial on account of any seizure made under this Act, and a verdict shall be found for the claimant thereof, and the judge or court before whom the cause shall have been tried shall certify on the record that there was probable cause of seizure, the claimant shall not be entitled to any costs of suit, nor shall the person who made such seizure be liable to any action, indictment, or other suit, or prosecution, on account of such seizure; and if any action, indictment, or other suit or prosecution, shall be brought to trial against any person on account of such seizure, wherein a verdict shall be given against the defendant, the plaintiff, besides the things seized, or the value thereof, shall not be entitled to more than two pence damages, nor to any costs of suit, nor shall the defendant in such prosecution be fined more than one shilling:

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for such officer, within one calendar month after such notice, to tender amends to the party complaining or his

his agent, and to plead such tender in bar to any action, together with other pleas, and if the jury shall find the amends sufficient, they shall give a verdict for the defendant, and in such case, or in case the plaintiff shall become nonsuited, or shall discontinue his action, or judgment shall be given for the defendant upon demurrer, then such defendant shall be entitled to the like costs as he would have been entitled to in case he had pleaded the general issue only; provided always, that it shall be lawful for such defendant, by leave of the court where such action shall be brought, at any time before issue joined, to pay money into court as in other actions:

And be it further enacted, that in any such action, if the judge or court before whom such action shall be tried, shall certify upon the record that the defendant or defendants in such action acted upon probable cause, then the plaintiff in such action shall not be entitled to more than two pence damages, nor to any costs of suits:

And be it further enacted, that all penalties and forfeitures recovered in any of the British possessions in America under this Act, or under any Act made for the prevention of smuggling, or relating to the revenue of customs, or to trade or navigation, shall be paid into the hands of the collector or controller of the port or place in the British possession in America where the same shall have been recovered, and shall be divided, paid, and applied as follows: that is to say, after deducting the charges of prosecution from the produce thereof, one third part of the net produce shall be paid into the hands of the collector of His Majesty's customs at the port or place where such penalties or forfeitures shall be recovered for the use of His Majesty; one third part to the governor or commander in chief of the said colony or plantation; and the other third part to the person who shall seize, inform, and sue for the same; excepting such

such seizure as shall be made at sea by the commanders or officers of His Majesty's ships of war, duly authorised to make seizures, one moiety of which seizures, and of the penalties and forfeitures recovered thereon (first deducting the charges of prosecution from the gross produce thereof), shall be paid as aforesaid to the collector of His Majesty's customs, to and for the use of His Majesty, and the other moiety to him or them who shall seize, inform, and sue for the same, any law, custom, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding, subject, nevertheless, to such distribution of the produce of the seizures so made at sea, as well with regard to the moiety hereinbefore granted to His Majesty, as with regard to the other moiety given to the seizor or prosecutor, as His Majesty shall think fit to order and direct by any Order or Orders of Council, or by any Proclamation or Proclamations to be made for that purpose:

And be it further enacted, that all actions or suits for the recovery of any of the penalties or forfeitures imposed by this Act, may be commenced or prosecuted at any time within three years after the offence committed by reason whereof such penalty or forfeiture shall be incurred, any law, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding:

Provided always, and be it further enacted, that in any case in which proceedings shall have been, or shall hereafter be, instituted in any court of vice-admiralty, or other competent court in any of His Majesty's possessions abroad, against any ship, vessel, boat, goods, or effects, for the recovery of any penalty or forfeiture under any Act for the prevention of smuggling, or relating to the revenue of customs, or to the trade or navigation of the United Kingdom, or of any of His Majesty's possessions abroad, the execution of any sentence or decree, restoring such ship, vessel, boat, goods, or effects, to the claimant thereof, which shall be pronounced by the said vice-admiralty court in which such proceedings shall have been

been had, shall not be suspended by reason of any appeal which shall be prayed and allowed from such sentence, provided that the party or parties appellate shall give sufficient security, to be approved of by the court, to render and deliver the ship, vessel, boat, goods, or effects, concerning which such sentence or decree shall be pronounced, or the full value thereof, to be ascertained either by agreement between the parties, or in case the said parties cannot agree, then by appraisement under the authority of the said court, to the appellant or appellants, in case the sentence or decree so appealed from shall be reversed, and such ship, vessel, boat, goods, or effects be ultimately condemned:

And whereas it is expedient that all those parts of the said Act, made in the fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, which are hereinbefore particularly recited, should be extended and applied to Port Elizabeth, in the colony of the Cape of Good Hope, so that the said port may be made a free warehousing port, within the meaning, and for the purposes of, the said Act:

His Majesty doth, therefore, with the advice of His Privy Council, and in further pursuance and exercise of the powers vested in Him by the last recited Act, order, and it is hereby ordered, that all and every the said enactments and declarations in the said Act so passed in the fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, so far as the same are hereinbefore recited, shall be, and the same are hereby, extended and applied to the said port of Port Elizabeth; and it is ordered, that the said port of Port Elizabeth shall be, and it is hereby declared to be, a free warehousing port, within the meaning, and for the purposes, of the above recited Act; and, from and after the day on which this present Order shall be promulgated within the said colony of the Cape of Good Hope, all the provisions, penalties, and forfeitures in the said Act contained, respecting the

free

free warehousing ports therein mentioned, shall be deemed and construed to extend to the said Port Elizabeth as a free warehousing port, as fully and effectually as if such port were inserted among the free warehousing ports in the said Act contained:

Provided nevertheless, and it is further ordered, that any goods warehoused at any warehousing port in the Cape of Good Hope, being first duly entered, may be delivered, under the authority of the proper officer of the customs, without payment of duty, except for any deficiency thereof, for the purpose of removal to another warehousing port in the same colony, under bond, to the satisfaction of such officer, for the due arrival and rewarehousing of such goods at such other port:

And it is further ordered, that the governor, or the officer for the time being administering the government, of the said colony of the Cape of Good Hope shall, and is hereby required to, promulgate this present Order within one calendar month next after the receipt thereof by him; and this Order shall take effect within the said colony, and have the force of law there upon, from, and after the date of such promulgation thereof as aforesaid, and not before:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

St. James's-Palace, May 13, 1836.

The King has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint Francis Henry Talman, Esq. Master of Arts, Oxford, and of Beckenham, Kent, one of His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Thomas Reeve, resigned.

From the DUBLIN GAZETTE of Tuesday, May 10, 1836.

Dublin-Castle, May 7, 1836.

His Majesty's letter patent has passed the Great Seal, appointing the Right Honourable Lord Plunket, Lord High Chancellor of Ireland; the Most Reverend Father in God Richard Archbishop of Dublin; and the Right Honourable Major-General Sir Edward Blakeney, K. C. B. Commanding the Forces in Ireland; Lords Justices of Ireland.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 20, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 20, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's next Levee will take place on Friday the 27th instant, instead of Wednesday the 25th.

Foreign-Office, May 20, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Samuel Gardner, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at Jassy.

Crown-

Crown-Office, May 20, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

City of Kilkenny.

Daniel O'Connell, Esq. in the room of Richard Sullivan, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

War-Office, 20th May 1836.

MEMORANDUM.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to permit the 5th Regiment of Foot, or Northumberland Fusiliers, to bear on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been authorised, the word

"*Wilhelmstahl,*"

in commemoration of the gallantry displayed by the Regiment when serving with the Allied Army, under Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, at the battle of Groebenstein, on the 24th June 1762, particularly on the capture of a great number of prisoners belonging to the Grenadiers of France and the Regiment d'Aquitaine, in the Woods of Wilhelmstahl.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 24, 1836.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, May 24, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Saturday the 28th of May, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlborough-house, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the *entrée*, which are to proceed down the Park, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the King's-court, those of the Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other persons

sons having the *entrée* may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park, till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the *entrée* by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the *entrée* will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, on Thursday next, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL, Lord Steward.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 18th day of *May*, 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the third year of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act for further continuing, "altering, and amending several Acts for the better "regulation of lastage and ballastage in the River "Thames; and for enabling the Corporation of "Trinity-house of Deptford Strond to reduce, alter, "modify, relinquish, or abolish dues payable to "the said Corporation; and for other purposes con-"nected therewith;" the said Corporation are authorised and empowered from time to time, and at any time or times thereafter, upon the requisition or with

with the consent of His Majesty, His heirs and successors, in His or Their Most Honourable Privy Council, to reduce, relinquish, abolish, alter, or modify all or any or either of the rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls imposed or granted by the several grants, charters, or Acts of Parliament therein recited, or any of them, or collected, taken, levied, and received under the authority thereof respectively, or by ancient usage, custom, or prescription, or any part or parts thereof, so far as may be consistent with the charitable and other uses, purposes, and intents for which the said Corporation had been established and maintained;

Now, therefore, His Majesty, in virtue of the powers vested in him by the above recited Act, and by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased hereby to signify His royal requisition to the said Corporation of the Trinity-house, for the admission of all vessels belonging to the subjects of His Majesty the King of the Belgians into the ports of this country, for the period of six months from and after the date hereof, on payment of the same charges only as are paid by British vessels with respect to all the lights, as well as other charges, that are under the controul of, or payable to, the said Corporation:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 18th day of *May* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to authorise "His Majesty, under certain circumstances, to "regulate the duties and drawbacks on goods im-"ported or exported in foreign vessels, and to "exempt certain foreign vessels from pilotage;" His Majesty is authorised, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, or by any Order or Orders in Council, in all cases in which British vessels, of less burthen than sixty tons, are not required by law to take pilots, to exempt foreign vessels, being of less burthen than sixty tons, from taking on board a pilot to conduct them into or from any of the ports of the United Kingdom, any law, custom, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding:

His Majesty, by virtue of the power vested in him by the said Act, and by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that, for the period of six months from and after the date of this Order, all vessels belonging to the subjects of His Majesty the King of the Belgians, and being of less burthen than sixty tons, which shall enter in, or clear out from, any of the ports of the United Kingdom shall be, and they are hereby, exempted from taking on board a pilot to conduct them into or from any such port, in all cases where British vessels, being of less burthen than sixty tons, are not required by law to take pilots, any law, custom, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding:

And

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

Westminster, May 19, 1836.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for the registration of aliens, and to repeal an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty, for that purpose.

An Act to indemnify witnesses who may give evidence before the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, on a Bill to exclude the borough of Stafford from sending Burgesses to serve in Parliament.

An Act to alter and amend an Act, passed in the first and second year of the reign of His present Majesty, for better raising and securing the fund established for making provision for the widows of the Writers to His Majesty's Signet in Scotland.

An Act to enable the Proprietors or Shareholders of the Family Endowment Society to sue and be sued,

sued, in the name of any one of the Directors, or of the Chairman or Secretary, for the time being of the said Society.

An Act to enable the British Alkali Company to sue and be sued, in the name of the Secretary, or of any one Member, for the time being of the said Company.

An Act to incorporate the Governors of the Westminster-hospital, at the Broad Sanctuary, Westminster, and for conferring powers the better to enable them to carry on their charitable designs.

An Act for erecting and maintaining a justiciary court-hall and other apartments for the use of the Justiciary Court at Glasgow, and also public offices for the city of Glasgow and the lower ward of the county of Lanark, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

An Act for the more easy and speedy recovery of small debts within the borough of Leicester, in the county of Leicester.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway between the royal burgh of Arbroath, in the county of Forfar, and the royal burgh of Forfar, in the same county.

An Act to alter the line of the Great Western Railway, and to amend the Act relating thereto.

An Act for making a railway from the London and Birmingham Railway, near Birmingham, to Derby, to be called "the Birmingham and Derby Junction Railway," with a branch.

An Act for making a railway from the town of Belfast to the city of Armagh, in the province of Ulster, in Ireland.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway from the royal burgh of Dundee, in the county of Forfar, to the royal burgh of Arbroath, in the same county.

An Act for making a railway from Bristol to

Exeter, with branches to the towns of Bridgwater, in the county of Somerset, and Tiverton, in the county of Devon.

An Act for making a railway from Aylesbury to join the London and Birmingham Railway, near the village of Cheddington, in the county of Buckingham.

An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the powers of an Act for lighting with gas the city and county of the city of Exeter; and for lighting with gas the several parishes of Alphington, Heavitree, Saint Leonard, Saint Thomas the Apostle, and Topsham, in the county of Devon.

An Act for lighting with gas the towns of New Mills and Hayfield, and the neighbourhood thereof, in the county of Derby.

An Act for amending and enlarging the powers of the several Acts for building a bridge over the River Thames, at Henley-upon-Thames, in the county of Oxford.

An Act for building a bridge over the River Aire, at Leeds, and for making convenient roads, avenues, and approaches thereto.

An Act for paving, lighting, watching, cleansing, and otherwise improving the town of Crediton, in the county of Devon.

An Act to enable the Wearmouth-dock Company to make and maintain a proper and convenient entrance into the Wearmouth-dock, at the port of Sunderland, in the county palatine of Durham.

An Act for making and maintaining a dock or docks at Southampton.

An Act to enlarge the powers of the several Acts passed for making and maintaining the Saint Katherine-docks, in the county of Middlesex.

An Act for improving, enlarging, and extending the Forth and Clyde navigation, and certain harbours and works belonging thereto and connected therewith,

with, and for making and maintaining two branch cuts or canals from the said navigation.

An Act to alter and amend an Act, passed in the twentieth year of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for repairing, enlarging, and preserving the harbour of Aberystwyth, in the county of Cardigan."

An Act for improving, maintaining, and regulating the harbour of Teignmouth, and the navigation of the River Teign, in the county of Devon.

An Act for establishing a general cemetery in the town and county of the town of Nottingham.

An Act for altering and amending an Act, of the fourth and fifth years of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for making, and for more effectually maintaining and repairing, certain roads in the county of Lanark; and for building a bridge over the River Clyde, at Crossford, in the said county.

An Act for more effectually repairing the roads from Harlow Bush-common to and into the parish of Woodford, and the road from Epping to Writtle, and other roads therein mentioned, all in the county of Essex.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road from Saint Leonards and Saint Mary Magdalen to the Royal Oak Inn at Watlington, and through Sedlescomb to Cripp's Corner, in the parish of Ewhurst, in the county of Sussex.

An Act for making and maintaining as turnpike, a road leading from the Flimwell to Hastings turnpike road, at or near Beauport, in the parish of Hollington, to Hastings, in the county of Sussex.

An Act for the more effectually repairing, improving, and maintaining the road from the town of Ashford to the town of Maidstone, in the county of Kent.

An Act for repairing and improving certain roads in, and leading to and from, the town and county of

the town of Poole, and for making certain new lines of road in the said town and county, and leading thence towards Wareham and Blandford, in the county of Dorset.

An Act for more effectually repairing the road from the Totnes-road, at Lady Down, in the parish of Ugborough, to within four hundred yards of the bridge over the Lacy, and for repairing the road communicating therewith from Hollowcombe-cross to the town of Modbury and Dark-lane, all in the county of Devon.

An Act to enable John Howard Kyan to assign to a company certain letters patent.

And nine private Acts.

Westminster, May 20, 1836.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to consolidate the laws relating to the constabulary force in Ireland.

An Act to amend the laws relating to bankrupts in Ireland.

An Act for amending an Act, of the ninth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act for the better regulation of divisions in the several counties in England and Wales.

An Act to make and maintain a canal, in the county of Dumbarton, from the Forth and Clyde Canal to the river of Clyde, opposite to the river of Cart.

An Act to amend and enlarge the several Acts relating to the Bolton and Leigh Railway, and for other purposes.

An Act for repairing and improving the road from Wakefield to Sheffield, in the county of York.

And one private Act.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 27, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 27, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's next Levee will take place on Wednesday the 8th of June, and in future the Levees will be held on Wednesdays as usual until further orders.

White-

Whitehall, May 27, 1836.

An Address to the King, from the General Assembly of the Chureh of Seotland, aeknowledging, with the deepest gratitude, His Majesty's graeious Letter, together with a munifieent donation of two thousand pounds for the reformation of the Highlands and Islands of Seotland, having been transmitted by Robert Montgomerie Lord Belhaven, His Majesty's Commissioner, to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of His Majesty's Prineipal Seeretaries of State, has been by him presented to the King; whieh Address His Majesty was pleased to reeeive very graeiously.

St. James's-Palace, May 26, 1836.

The King has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint Charles Danee, Esq. one of His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Charles Bague.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 31, 1836.

St. James's Palace, May 18, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Thomas Newley Reeve, Esq. Standard Bearer to His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Sir George Pocock.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 3, 1836.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 18th day of *May* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the third and fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to regulate the trade of the "British possessions abroad," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that the several ports therein in that be-

behalf mentioned shall be free warehousing ports for all the purposes of the said Act; and it is thereby further enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Order in Council, from time to time, to appoint any port in His Majesty's possessions in America, to be a free warehousing port for all or any of the purposes of the said Act; and that every port so appointed shall be, for all the purposes expressed in such Order, a free warehousing port under the said Act, as if appointed by the same:

Now, therefore, in pursuance and exercise of the powers and authorities in His Majesty by the said Act in that behalf vested, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that the port of Grand Key, Turk's Island, in the Bahamas, shall be a free warehousing port for all the purposes of the said Act:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 18th day of *May* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the third and fourth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to regulate the trade of the British "possessions abroad," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that no goods shall be imported into, nor shall any goods, except the produce of the fisheries in British ships, be exported from, any of the British possessions in America by sea, from or to any place other

other than the United Kingdom, or some other of such possessions, excepting to or from the several ports in such possessions called free ports, enumerated or described in the table in the said Act contained; and it is thereby further enacted, that if any goods shall be imported into any port or place in any of the said possessions contrary to the said Act, such goods shall be forfeited; and it is thereby provided, that if His Majesty shall deem it expedient to extend the provisions of the said Act to any port or ports not enumerated in the said table, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Order in Council, to extend the provisions of the said Act to such port or ports; and that from and after the day mentioned in such Order in Council, all the privileges and advantages of the said Act, and all the provisions, penalties, and forfeitures therein contained, subject, nevertheless, to the limitations and restrictions thereinafter provided, shall extend, and be deemed and construed to extend, to any such port or ports respectively, as fully as if the same had been inserted and enumerated in the said table at the time of passing the said Act:

And whereas by the hereinbefore recited Act it is also enacted, that the several ports therein in that behalf mentioned shall be free warehousing ports for all the purposes of the said Act; and it is thereby further enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Order in Council, from time to time, to appoint any port in His Majesty's possessions in America, to be a free warehousing port for all or any of the purposes of the said Act; and that every port so appointed shall be, for all the purposes expressed in such Order, a free warehousing port under the said Act, as if appointed by the same:

And whereas His Majesty doth deem it expedient to extend the before-mentioned provisions of the

said Act, respecting such free ports and free warehousing ports, to the port of Harbour Grace, in the island of Newfoundland:

Now, therefore, under and by virtue of the said Act of Parliament, and in exercise of the powers thereby in His Majesty in Council in that behalf vested, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth order, and it is hereby ordered accordingly, that the provisions of the said Act, as far as the same relate to the free ports respectively therein mentioned, shall be, and the same are hereby, extended to the port of Harbour Grace, in the island of Newfoundland; and that, from and after the tenth day of July next, all the privileges and advantages by the said Act conferred upon the free ports therein mentioned, and all the provisions penalties, and forfeitures in the said Act contained, subject to the limitations and restrictions therein provided, shall extend to the said port of Harbour Grace, as fully and effectually as if such port had been inserted and enumerated in the said table at the time of passing the said Act:

And in further pursuance and exercise of the powers and authorities in His Majesty by the said Act in that behalf vested, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that the port of Harbour Grace, in the island of Newfoundland, hereinbefore appointed a free port as aforesaid, shall also, from and after the tenth day of July next, be a free warehousing port for all the purposes of the said Act:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 7, 1836.

Whitehall, June 6, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable William George Earl of Erroll, K.T. to be Lieutenant and Sheriff Principal of the shire of Aberdeen, in the room of George Duke of Gordon, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 10, 1836.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, June 10, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold a Drawing-Room on Thursday, June 16th, being the last for the season.

It is absolutely necessary that Ladies intending to be presented, should send their names, with that of the Lady presenting them, to the Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, on or

before Tuesday, June 14, in order that they may be submitted to Her Majesty.

All Ladies and Gentlemen attending the Drawing-Room are requested to bring three cards; one to be left in the Anti-room, another to be given to the Lord in Waiting to the King, and the third to the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, who will announce the name to Her Majesty.

No Lady can present another, unless she herself attends the Drawing-Room.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, June 10, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 16th of June, are to fall into the line at the top of St. James's-street, come down the left hand side of the street, round the corner of Pall-mall, and enter at the iron gate nearest to the Palace, set down at the Arcade, return by the iron gate nearest to Marlborough-house, and pass through Pall-mall into St. James's-square. In taking up, they are to come down St. James's-street in like manner, pass through the same gates, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney coaches will be permitted to come within the iron gates, they must set down at the outside thereof, and go away through Pall-mall.

The gate at the top of Constitution-hill will be open only for the carriages of persons having the privilege of the *entrée*, which are to proceed down the Park, and enter the Palace at Stable-yard-gate, turn into the Ambassadors'-court, set down at the Arcade, and go out into Cleveland-row. The carriages of the Cabinet Ministers and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the King's-court,

those

those of the Ambassadors and Foreign Ministers in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other persons having the *entrée* may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park, till called for; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, pass away into Cleveland-row, and up the left hand side of St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and at Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the *entrée* by any other approach to the Palace than the gates above mentioned.

Tickets for carriages belonging to persons having the *entrée* will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, on Tuesday next, between the hours of eleven and three o'clock.

ARGYLL, Lord Steward.

Westminster, June 7, 1836.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the

the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to apply the sum of eight millions, out of the Consolidated Fund, to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six.

An Act to make provision for the better administration of justice in certain of His Majesty's West India colonies.

An Act to revive and continue in force, until the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty, an Act of the Legislature of Jamaica, to explain and amend an Act for the abolition of slavery in that island, and in aid of the same.

An Act to amend an Act of the fourth and fifth years of His present Majesty, in order to enable certain seamen belonging to Shetland or Orkney to pay certain sums of money, payable under that Act to the Seamen's Fund at Lerwick, in Shetland, or Kirkwall, in Orkney.

An Act for enabling the Universal Life Assurance Society to sue and be sued in the name of the actuary for the time being, or of any one of the directors of the said society.

An Act to amend an Act to enable the Birmingham Coal Company to sue and be sued in the name of their secretary, or one of the members of the said company, and to authorise the said company to borrow a further sum of money, and for other purposes relating to the said company.

An Act for granting further powers to a company, called the Imperial Continental Gas Association.

An Act for incorporating certain persons for carrying into effect the purposes of an Act, passed in the fifth and sixth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for enabling John Bradling and Robert William Bradling, Esqrs. to purchase and take leases of lands and hereditaments for the formation of a railway from Gateshead to South Shields.

Shields and Monk Wearmouth, all in the county palatine of Durham, with branches therefrom, and for other purposes."

An Act for better supplying with water the township of Dukinfield, in the county palatine of Chester.

An Act for better paving, lighting, watching, and improving the town of Teignmouth, in the county of Devon, and for supplying the inhabitants thereof with water.

An Act to enable the Carlisle Canal Company to make a dock or docks at Port Carlisle, otherwise Fisher's-cross; and for amending and enlarging the powers and provisions of the Act for making and maintaining the said canal.

An Act to alter, amend, and extend the powers of an Act, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of His late Majesty, for more effectually maintaining, improving, and extending the harbour of Dundee, in the county of Forfar.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the road from the eastern end of the borough of Grampound, through the towns of St. Austell and Lostwithiel, and thence to the east end of the Western Taphouse-lane, in the county of Cornwall; and for making and maintaining certain new roads communicating therewith.

And four private Acts.

St. James's-Palace, June 8, 1836.

This day His Serene Highness the reigning Duke of Saxe Cobourg Gotha, and the Princes Ernest and Albert, his sons, attended by M. de Gersdorff, the Saxon Minister, had audience of the King to take leave:

To which they were introduced by Lord Viscount Pal-

Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Their Serene Highnesses afterwards took leave of Her Majesty at the Queen's-House.

St. James's-Palace, June 8, 1836.

This day Baron Bülow, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Prussia, had an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Foreign-Office, May 25, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint John M'Neill, Esq. (whose appointment as His Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to the Shah of Persia was notified in the Gazette of the 9th February last) to be His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Shah of Persia.

Whitehall, June 10, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Nassau William Senior, Esq. to be one of the Masters in Ordinary of the High Court of Chancery, in the room of James Trower, Esq. deceased.

Crown-

Crown-Office, June 10, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Essex.

Southern Division.

George Palmer, of Nazeing-park, in the said county of Essex, Esq. in the room of Robert Westley Hall Dare, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 14, 1836.

At the Court at Windsor-Castle, June 11, 1836.

CEREMONIAL *of the Investiture of General His Serene Highness Louis William Frederick the reigning Landgrave of Hesse Hombourg with the Ensigns of an Honorary Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.*

THE following Knights Grand Crosses, in their mantles and collars of the Order, assembled in the Guard-chamber of His Majesty's Royal Castle of Windsor, viz. His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, His Royal Highness the Prince of Orange, His Serene Highness the Prince Ernest of Hesse Philippsthal Barchfeld, his Grace the Duke of Wellington, the Lord Viscount Strangford, the Lord Viscount Beresford, Lord Hill,

Lord Cowley, the Honourable Sir Edward Paget, the Lord Viscount Combermere, the Lord Stuart de Rothsay, the Honourable Sir Galbraith-Lowry Cole, the Marquess of Londonderry, Sir William Henry Clinton, the Honourable Sir Charles Colville, the Right Honourable Sir James Kempt, Sir Gordon Drummond, Sir George-Townsend Walker, Bart., the Right Honourable Sir George Cockburn, Lord Heytesbury, Lord Howard of Effingham, the Earl of Rosslyn, Lord Farnborough, Sir George Martin, Sir Harry Neale, Bart., the Right Honourable Sir Stratford Canning, Sir Thomas Byam Martin, Sir James Hawkins-Whitshed, Bart., the Lord Strafford, the Honourable Sir Robert Stopford, the Right Honourable Sir Robert Adair, Sir William Hargood, the Honourable Sir William Lumley, Sir James Willoughby Gordon, Bart., Sir Thomas-Masterman Hardy, Bart. the Lord Viscount Palmerston, Sir Davidge Gould, Sir Pulteney Malcolm, Sir John Ormsby Vandeleur, Sir Herbert Taylor, Sir John Wells, Lord Robert-Edward-Henry Somerset, Sir William-Henry Pringle, the Honourable Sir Edward Stopford, and Sir Graham Moore, attended by the under-named Officers of the Order, in their mantles, chains, and badges, viz. Walter-Aston Blount, Esq. (Chester Herald), Genealogist; Algernon Greville, Esq. Bath King of Arms; Captain Michael Seymour, R. N. Register and Secretary; Sir William Woods (Clarenceux King of Arms), Deputy Register and Secretary; and George Frederick Beltz, Esq. (Lancaster Herald), Gentleman Usher of the Order.

At half past six o'clock, the Knights Grand Crosses having been called over, proceeded, with the Officers of the Order, into the presence of the Sovereign in Saint George's-hall, with the usual reverences.

Then, by His Majesty's command, General His Serene Highness Louis William Frederick the reigning Landgrave of Hesse-Hombourg was received at the en-

entrance of Saint George's-hall by General the Earl of Rosslyn and Admiral Sir James Hawkins Whitshed, Bart., the senior General and the senior Admiral present, and was conducted between them to the Sovereign, preceded by Bath King of Arms (bearing the ensigns of the Order upon a crimson velvet cushion), and by the Gentleman Usher of the Order.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, having received from Bath King of Arms the ribband and badge, presented them to the Sovereign, and His Majesty was pleased to put the same over the Landgrave's right shoulder; His Serene Higness having had the honour to kiss the Sovereign's hand, and, having received from His Majesty the star of a Knight Grand Cross, withdrew.

Then, by His Majesty's command, the Knights Grand Crosses were again called over, and, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of the Sovereign, with the usual reverences.

Her Majesty the Queen, Her Royal Highness the Landgravine of Hesse-Hombourg, His Serene Highness the reigning Duke of Brunswick, their Royal Highnesses Prince William and Prince Alexander of the Netherlands, Prince George of Cambridge, Prince Charles of Solms, and many personages of distinction, together with the Officers of the Royal Household, were present at this august ceremony.

In the evening a dinner of state was given by the Sovereign, in the Waterloo-chamber, to the Knights Grand Crosses, at which several noble and distinguished personages were present, together with the Officers of the Order.

Their Majesties shortly after proceeded to the Drawing-room, where they were received by a party of Nobility and Gentry, specially invited on this occasion.

St. James's-Palace, June 8, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon John Simpson, Esq. Lord Mayor of York.

Whitehall, June 14, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend John Laird, Preacher of the Gospel to the church and parish of Inverkeilor, in the presbytery of Arbroath and shire of Forfar, vacant by the death of the Reverend Alexander Carnegie, late Minister there.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 17, 1836.

Kensington-Palace, June 16, 1836.

HIS Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex submitted to the operation of extraction of the cataract from each eye, on Friday the 10th of June. The progress of His Royal Highness has subsequently been as satisfactory as possible.

Henry Holland, M. D.
Thos. Copeland.
Henry Alexander.

St.

St. James's-Palace, June 15, 1836.

This day His Serene Highness the Prince of Oldenberg, attended by Count Pozzo di Borgo, the Russian Ambassador, had an audience of His Majesty:

To whieh he was introdueed by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Seeretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and eonducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

His Serene Highness had afterwards an audienee of Her Majesty.

Whitehall, June 15, 1836.

The King has been pleased to order a congé d'elire to pass the Great Seal, empowering the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Chureh of Ely to elect a Bishop of that See, the same being void by the death of Doctor Bowyer Edward Sparke, late Bishop thereof; and His Majesty has also been pleased to recommend to the said Dean and Chapter, the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor Joseph Allen, now Bishop of Bristol, to be by them eleeted Bishop of the said See of Ely.

The King has also been pleased to order a eongé d'elire to pass the Great Seal, empowering the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Chureh of Liehfield to eleet a Bishop of the See of Lichfield and Coventry, the same being void by the death of the Honourable Doetor Henry Ryder, late Bishop thereof; and His Majesty has also been pleased to reeommend to the said Dean and Chapter, Samuel Butler, Doetor in Divinity, to be by them eleeted Bishop of the said See.

White-

Whitehall, June 15, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Michael Stewart Johnstone, Preacher of the Gospel, to the church and parish of Monnigoff, in the presbytery of Wigtown and stewartry of Kirkcudbright, vacant by the death of the Reverend John Garlies Maitland.

Whitehall, June 15, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Duncan Campbell to the church and parish of Glenlyon, in the presbytery of Dunkeld and shire of Perth, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend David Campbell to the east church of the parish of Inverness.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 20, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, June 20, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's Levee, intended to be held at St. James's-Palace on Wednesday next the 22d instant, is postponed to Wednesday the 29th instant, at two o'clock.

The 29th instant being a Collar-day, the Knights of the several Orders who attend His Majesty's Levee are to wear their Collars.

Ken-

Kensington-Palace, June 21, 1836.

His Royal Highness has again passed a good night. His vision is every day improving.

H. Holland.
Thos. Copeland.
Henry Alexander.

St. James's-Palace, June 15, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major Warwick Hele Tonkin.

St. James's-Palace, June 15, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon David Wilkie, Esq. Royal Academician, Principal Painter to His Majesty, &c.

FACTORIES' REGULATION ACT.

Whitehall, June 21, 1836.

Robert Rickards, Esq. having resigned his office of Inspector of Factories, the Secretary of State for the Home Department has directed Leonard Horner, Esq. Inspector of Factories, to take charge of the district hitherto under the inspection of Mr. Rickards, viz. Yorkshire, Lancashire, and Cheshire, with the adjacent parts.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 24, 1836.

Kensington-Palace, June 23, 1836.

HIS Royal Highness is going on perfectly well in every respect. His vision is daily becoming stronger.

H. Holland.
Thos. Copeland.
Henry Alexander.

The state of His Royal Highness is so satisfactory, that after to-day there will be no daily Bulletin from the Physicians.

Henry Frederick Stephenson.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, June 22, 1836.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning, on Sunday next the 26th instant, for His late Majesty the King of Saxony, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The

The Court to change the mourning on Sunday the 10th of July next, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And on Sunday the 17th of July next, the Court to go out of mourning.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, June 24, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Knights of the several Orders are to wear their Collars at His Majesty's next Levee, on Wednesday the 29th instant, it being a Collar-day.

Westminster, June 21, 1836.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein

named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for granting an additional rate of postage on letters, between Great Britain and Ireland, by way of Milford and Waterford.

An Act for separating the palatine jurisdiction of the county palatine of Durham from the bishoprick of Durham.

An Act for imposing certain restrictions on the renewal of leases by ecclesiastical persons.

An Act to provide that persons in Scotland accused of letter stealing shall not be entitled to liberation on bail, unless in certain cases.

An Act to enable bastards in Scotland to make testaments.

An Act to continue for three years, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, the Acts for the relief of insolvent debtors in Ireland.

An Act to render valid certain marriages solemnized in a chapel of ease, in the parish of Wandsworth, in the county of Surrey, called Saint Ann's Chapel.

An Act to enable the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of Bristol to raise a sum of money, towards discharging the moneys borrowed under the authority of an Act passed in the second year of the reign of His present Majesty.

An Act to enable Charles Herbert Earl Manvers to endow the chapelry of Perlethorpe, in the parish of Edwinstowe, in the county of Nottingham, to create the same a separate benefice, and to vest the nomination of the incumbents thereof in the said Earl and his heirs.

An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the powers of an Act, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of His late Majesty, intituled "An Act for the more ef-

effectual preservation and increase of the breed of salmon, and for better regulating the fisheries in the River Tweed, and the rivers and streams running into the same, and also within the mouth or entrance of the said river."

An Act for making a railway from the London and Croydon railway to Dover, to be called the South Eastern Railway.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway from the town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, in the county of the town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, to North Shields, in the county of Northumberland, with a branch thereout, in the county of Northumberland.

An Act for making a railway from Cheltenham and from Gloucester to join the Great Western railway, near Swindon, to be called the Cheltenham and Great Western Union Railway, with a branch to Cirencester.

An Act for making a railway, with branches, commencing at the London and Birmingham railway, in the parish of Rugby, in the county of Warwick, to communicate with the towns of Leicester, Nottingham, and Derby, to be called the Midland Counties Railway.

An Act for making a railway from the basin of the Kensington canal, at Kensington, to join the London and Birmingham and Great Western railways, at or near Holsden-green, in the county of Middlesex, and to be called the Birmingham, Bristol, and Thames Junction Railway.

An Act for making a railway from Kingston-upon-Hull to Selby.

An Act for making a railway from the city of York to and into the township of Altofts, with various branches of railway, all in the west riding of the county of York, or county of the said city.

An Act for making a railway from Merthyr Tydfil to Cardiff, to be called the Toff-vale Railway, with branches.

An Act for making a railway from the London and Greenwich railway to the Deptford Pier, to be called the Deptford Pier Junction Railway.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of Greenwich Hospital to improve a certain street, called King-street, in the parish of Greenwich, in the county of Kent, and for other purposes.

An Act for improving the approach to the town of Newton-Abbot from the city of Exeter, through the village of Kingsteignton, in the county of Devon.

An Act to alter and enlarge the powers of an Act, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of His late Majesty, for incorporating the Hungerford-market Company.

An Act to extend the time limited by an Act, passed in the tenth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for the improvement of the Newry navigation.

An Act for regulating, preserving, and improving the port or harbour of Newport, in the county of Monmouth.

An Act to amend and enlarge the powers and provisions of the several Acts for making and maintaining the Ulster Canal, in the counties of Fermanagh, Monaghan, and Armagh, in Ireland.

An Act for better supplying with water the city of Gloucester, and parishes and places in the county of Gloucester, near thereto.

An Act to provide for the better regulation of certain common pastures within the borough of Beverley, in the east riding of the county of York.

An Act for more effectually improving and maintaining the turnpike road leading from the Cow Cawsey, near the town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, to the town of Belford, and from thence to Buckton Burn, in the county of Northumberland.

An Act to amend an Act of the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for more effectually repairing and improving the

the several roads leading to and from the towns of Newton Bushell, South Bovey, and Moretonhampstead, in the county of Devon.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the ninth year of the reign of King George the Fourth, for diverting, improving, and maintaining the roads between the towns of Birstal and Huddersfield, in the west riding of the county of York.

An Act for more effectually maintaining the road from Teignmouth to Dawlish, and for making roads from Dawlish to the Exeter turnpike roads, and certain branches communicating with the same, all in the county of Devon, and to make and maintain other roads communicating with the said roads.

An Act to vary and alter the line of the Marlborough and Salisbury-road, and for making a road from the same to Amesbury, in the county of Wilts.

Downing-Street, June 22, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Joseph Doyle to be Lieutenant Governor of the Island of Grenada.

FACTORIES' REGULATION ACT.

3d and 4th William the Fourth, cap. 103, passed 29th August 1833.

AS all the clauses of the Factories' Regulation Act are now in full operation, the Inspectors of Factories deem it expedient, in order to remove any doubt as to the employment of children subject to restricted hours of labour, to issue the following notice:

1st No child, under NINE years of age, can be employed in any *cotton, flax,* or *wool* factory.—Section 7.

2d. No child, between NINE and THIRTEEN years of age, can be employed, or even allowed to remain, in such factory, without the certificate of a physician or surgeon, countersigned by a magistrate or an inspector of factories, certifying, in the form set forth in the 13th section, the strength and appearance of such child.—Sections 11, 12, and 13.

3d. No child, between NINE and THIRTEEN years of age, can be employed in such factory, without producing weekly a schoolmaster's certificate, that the "child has, for two hours at least for six out of seven days of the week next preceding, attended his school, excepting in cases of sickness, to be certified in such manner as such inspector may appoint, and in case of any holiday, and in case of absence from any other cause allowed by such inspector, or by any justice of the peace in the absence of the inspector."—Section 21.

4th. No child, between NINE and THIRTEEN years of age, can be employed, or even allowed to remain, in such factory longer than forty-eight hours in any one week, and not more than nine hours in any one day.—Sections 8 and 24.

5th. No child, under THIRTEEN years of age, can be employed in any *silk mill* more than ten hours in any one day.

The above and all other provisions of the Factories' Regulation Act, together with all *orders* and *regulations* issued by the Inspectors in their several districts under the authority of this Act, must be strictly observed in the mills and factories subject to the said Act.

Leonard Horner,
Thos. Jones Howell,
Rob. J. Saunders,
Inspectors of Factories.

Whitehall, June 22, 1836.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 28, 1836.

Whitehall, June 25, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the said United Kingdom to the following Gentlemen and the respective heirs male of their bodies lawfully begotten, viz.

John Power, of Kilfane, in the county of Kilkenny, Esq.

Sir Francis Workman Macnaghten, of Bushmills-house, in the county of Antrim, and of Mahan, in the county of Armagh, Knt.

John Kennedy, of Johnstown, in the county of Dublin, Esq.

Lieutenant-General Sir William Houstoun, G. C. B.

St. James's-Palace, June 15, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Captain William Symonds, R. N. Surveyor of His Majesty's Navy.

War-

War-Office, 28th June 1836.

MEMORANDUM.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to permit the 12th Regiment of Foot to bear on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which have been already authorised, the word

"*India*,"

in commemoration of its distinguished conduct during its services in the East Indies, from the year 1797 to the year 1809.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 1, 1836.

Whitehall, June 29, 1836.

THE King has been graciously pleased to ordain and declare, that Douglas Gordon-Hallyburton, Esq. (commonly called the Honourable Douglas Gordon-Hallyburton) only brother of George Marquess of Huntly, in that part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same title, place, pre-eminence, and precedence which would have been due to him in case his late father, Charles fourth Earl of Aboyne, had survived George late Duke of Gordon and Marquess of Huntly, and thereby succeeded to the title and dignity of Marquess of Huntly:

And His Majesty has also been pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in His College of Arms.

White-

Whitehall, June 30, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Colin Hunter to the church of Portnahaven, in the parish of Kilchoman, in the presbytery of Kintyre and shire of Argyll, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Hector Macneill to the Gaelic Church of Hope-street, Glasgow.

Crown-Office, July 1, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Merioneth.

Richard Richards, of Caerymoch, in the said county, and of Bedford-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. in the room of Sir Robert Williams Vaughan, Bart. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Crown-Office, July 1, 1836.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Summer Assizes, 1836, viz.

NORFOLK CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir *Nicolas Conyngham Tindal,* Knt. Lord Chief Justice.

The Right Honourable Sir *John Bernard Bosanquet.*

Buckinghamshire, Wednesday, July 13, at Buckingham.

Bedfordshire, Saturday, July 16, at Bedford.

Huntingdonshire, Wednesday, July 20, at Huntingdon.

Cambridgeshire, Saturday, July 23, at Cambridge.

Suffolk, Wednesday, July 27, at Bury St. Edmund's.
Norfolk, Tuesday, August 2, at the Castle of Norwich.
City of Norwich, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City of Norwich.

HOME CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable *James Lord Abinger,* Lord Chief Baron.
Mr. Justice *Gaselee.*

Hertfordshire, Wednesday, July 6, at Hertford.
Essex, Monday, July 11, at Chelmsford.
Kent, Saturday, July 16, at Maidstone.
Sussex, Saturday, July 23, at Lewes.
Surrey, Thursday, July 28, at Guildford.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Park.*
Mr. Baron *Bolland.*

Northamptonshire, Monday, July 11, at Northampton.
Rutlandshire, Friday, July 15, at Oakham.
Lincolnshire, Saturday, July 16, at the Castle of Lincoln.
City of Lincoln, the same day, at the City of Lincoln.
Nottinghamshire, Wednesday, July 20, at Nottingham.
Town of Nottingham, the same day, at the Town of Nottingham.
Derbyshire, Saturday, July 23, at Derby.
Leicestershire, Wednesday, July 27, at the Castle of Leicester.
Borough of Leicester, the same day, at the Borough of Leicester.
City of Coventry, Saturday, July 30, at the City of Coventry.
Warwickshire, the same day, at Warwick.

OX-

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justiee *Littledale.*
Mr. Justiee *Patteson.*

Berkshire, Monday, July 11, at Abingdon.
Oxfordshire, Wednesday, July 13, at Oxford.
Worcestershire, Saturday, July 16, at Woreester.
City of Worcester, the same day, at the City of Woreester.
Staffordshire, Thursday, July 21, at Stafford.
Shropshire, Wednesday, July 27, at Shrewsbury.
Herefordshire, Tuesday, August 2, at Hereford.
Monmouthshire, Saturday, August 6, at Monmouth.
Gloucestershire, Wednesday, August 10, at Glouceester.
City of Gloucester, the same day, at the City of Glouceester.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir *James Parke.*
Mr. Justiee *Coleridge.*

Yorkshire, Saturday, July 9, at the Castle of York.
City of York, the same day, at the Guildhall of the City of York.
Durham, Saturday, July 23, at Durham.
Northumberland, Wednesday, July 27, at the Castle of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day, at the Guildhall of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
Cumberland, Saturday, July 30, at Carlisle.
Westmorland, Wednesday, August 3, at Appleby.
Lancashire, Northern Division, Saturday, August 6, at Lancaster.
Lancashire, Southern Division, Wednesday, August 10, at Liverpool.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Baron *Alderson.*
Mr. Justice *Williams.*

Southampton, Saturday, July 9, at the Castle of Winchester.
Wiltshire, Thursday, July 14, at Devizes.
Dorsetshire, Wednesday, July 20, at Dorchester.
Devonshire, Saturday, July 23, at the Castle of Exeter.
City of Exeter, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City of Exeter.
Cornwall, Saturday, July 30, at Launceston.
Somersetshire, Saturday, August 6, at the City of Wells.
City of Bristol, Saturday, August 13, at the Guildhall of the said City of Bristol.

CIRCUIT of the PRINCIPALITY of WALES, and COUNTY PALATINE of CHESTER.

The Right Honourable *Thomas Lord Denman,* Lord Chief Justice.
The Right Honourable Sir *John Vaughan.*

Glamorganshire, Tuesday, July 12, at Cardiff.
Carmarthenshire, Monday, July 18, at Carmarthen.
Borough of Carmarthen, the same day, at the Borough of Carmarthen.
Montgomeryshire, Thursday, July 21, at Welchpool.
Pembrokeshire, Monday, July 25, at Haverfordwest.
Town of Haverfordwest, the same day, at the Town of Haverfordwest.
Merionethshire, Tuesday, July 26, at Dolgelly.
Carnarvonshire, Saturday, July 30, at Carnarvon.
Cardiganshire, Saturday, July 30, at Cardigan
Anglesey, Wednesday, August 3, at Beaumaris.

Breck-

Brecknockshire, Saturday, August 6, at Brecon.
Denbighshire, Monday, August 8, at Ruthin.
Radnorshire, Wednesday, August 10, at Presteign.
Flintshire, Thursday, August 11, at Mold.
Cheshire, Saturday, August 13, at Chester.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 5, 1836.

Foreign-Office, July 5, 1836.

MR. VILLIERS, His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of Spain, has transmitted to Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, an official letter, of which the following is a translation, which has been addressed to Mr. Villiers by Señor Xavier de Isturiz, Minister of State of Her Catholick Majesty :

(Translation.)

SIR, *Madrid, June* 9, 1836.

IN answer to the Note which you were pleased to address to my Predecessor on the 10th of December last, requesting that, in order to prevent the repetition of what had occurred with the British vessel Vibilia, on the occasion of her passing by night off the Castle of Tarifa, this point may be definitively settled, and that the conditions required by the Spanish Government from vessels passing at night off the above-mentioned Castle may be communicated to you, with the view of due and full no-

notice thereof being given to the merchants of Great Britain, I have the honour to acquaint you, that Her Majesty the august Queen Regent has been pleased to command, that the Governor of that fortress be informed that, notwithstanding the extreme vigilance to be employed by the commanders or military chiefs of the fortifications on the Spanish coast, whenever any vessel may pass by night within cannon shot of the castle of the said fortress, if a light is hoisted in any visible part of her hull or rigging, she is not to be molested, unless her manœuvres should give occasion for suspicion; that if she should come within cannon shot without having made a signal in the manner pointed out, or in some similar manner, she shall be required to do so by means of three gun flashes, fired at regular intervals; but that if, in spite of all this, she should visibly approach the shore without corresponding by some signal, or without shortening sail, or if she should make any other suspicious manœuvre, she will be considered suspicious, and force will be employed to repel and oblige her to go away.

Her Majesty has been pleased, at the same time, to command me to represent to you the necessity of His Britannic Majesty's Government recommending to British navigators, the expediency of their not coming at night within cannon reach of the batteries on the Spanish shore; and that should they be compelled by hydrographical circumstances to pass close to those batteries, especially to those of Tarifa, they ought to hoist a light, or some other equivalent signal, in the top or in any other visible part of the vessels, in order to avoid being considered as suspicious and molested accordingly.

In making, by order of Her Majesty the august Queen Regent, this communication to you, I have the honour to repeat, &c.

(Signed) XAVIER DE ISTURIZ.

To the British Minister.

White-

Whitehall, July 4, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend James Haldane to the church and parish of Kingoldrum, in the presbytery of Meigle and county of Forfar, vacant by the death of the Reverend William Haldane.

Crown-Office, July 5, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Warwick.

Southern Division.

Evelyn John Shirley, of Eatington-park, in the said county of Warwick, Esq. in the room of Edward Ralph Charles Sheldon, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 8, 1836.

Westminster, July 4, 1836.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read*; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, certain duties on sugar imported into the United Kingdom, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six.

An Act to enable persons to make deposits of stock or Exchequer bills, in lieu of giving security by bond, to the Postmaster-General and Commissioners of Land Revenue, Customs, Excise, Stamps, and Taxes.

An

An Act for investing in Government securities further portions of the cash lying unemployed in the Bank of England, belonging to bankrupts' estates.

An Act for improving the police in the district of Dublin metropolis.

An Act for incorporating a Company for the improvement of waste lands in Ireland.

An Act to enable the Proprietors or Shareholders of a Company called the Bank of British North America, to sue and be sued in the name of any one of the Directors, or of the Secretary, for the time being, of the said Company.

An Act to authorise the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company to apply a portion of certain moneys, already subscribed in fulfilment of their contracts, for building six additional steam vessels, and to legalise such subscription.

An Act for extending and improving the maintenance of the fire police in the borough of Liverpool.

An Act for making a railway from Sheffield to Rotherham, with a branch therefrom to Greasborough Canal, all in the west riding of the county of York.

An Act to enable the Hayle Railway Company to make certain alterations in the lines of such railway, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act for making a railway from Manchester to Leeds.

An Act for making a railway from or near the River Tyne to or near the River Tees, to be called the Great North of England Railway, in the county of Durham.

An Act for making a railway to form a communication between London and Cambridge, with a view to its being extended hereafter to the northern and eastern counties of England.

An Act for making a railway from London to

Norwich and Yarmouth, by Romford, Chelmsford, Colchester, and Ipswich, to be called the Eastern Counties Railway.

An Act to amend the Acts for making a railway from Dundee to Newtyle, in the county of Forfar.

An Act for making a railway from Leeds to Derby, to be called the North Midland Railway.

An Act for making a railway to join the London and Birmingham Railway, at or near the Regent's-canal, in the parish of Saint Pancras, in the county of Middlesex, and proceed from thence to Skinner-street, in the city of London, to be called the London Grand Junction Railway.

An Act for making a railway from and near Romford, in the county of Essex, to Shell-haven, in the same county, and for constructing a tide-dock, at the termination of the said railway at Shell-haven aforesaid.

An Act for regulating and improving the town of Galway, in the county of the same town.

An Act for altering, amending, and enlarging the powers and provisions of an Act for making and maintaining a pier or jetty, and other works, at Herne-bay, in the parish of Herne, in the county of Kent, and for giving additional powers to the Herne-bay Pier Company.

An Act for improving the navigation of a portion of the River Parrett, and for making a navigable canal from the said river to Barrington, all in the county of Somerset.

An Act for improving and maintaing the navigation of the River Suir, and for making and constructing a ship canal at Carrick on Suir.

An Act to alter and amend an Act of His present Majesty for improving the port and harbour of Aberhavon, in the county of Glamorgan, to further improve the said harbour, and to change its name.

An Act for making and maintaining a harbour and

and other works at Sidmouth, in the county of Devon.

An Act for making and maintaining a navigable canal to connect the Rochdale Canal and the River Irwell, in the township of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster.

An Act to extend the time limited by an Act, passed in the ninth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, for improving the navigation and harbour of Tralee, in the county of Kerry.

An Act for providing a more abundant and regular supply of water in the river called the Upper Bann, in Ireland.

An Act for enlarging the embankment of a reservoir in the valley of Wessenden, in the township of Marsden and parish of Almondbury, in the west riding of the county of York; and for other purposes.

An Act for altering and amending several Acts passed for improving the outfall of the River Nene, and the drainage of the lands discharging their waters into the Wisbech River.

An Act for maintaining the public conduits and other waterworks belonging to the town of Southampton, and for providing an additional supply of water for the inhabitants of the said town and neighbourhood.

An Act for lighting with gas, and supplying with water, the town of Tolcross and places adjacent, in the county of Lanark.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for erecting a bridge over the River Dungleddan, within the town and county of Haverfordwest and the liberties thereof.

An Act for authorising the Trustees on the bridges over the Clyde at Glasgow to continue, uphold, repair, and maintain the wooden bridge over the said

river opposite to Portland-street of Laurieston, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

An Act for altering and extending the powers of the Trustees upon the road from Livingston, by Shotts, to the city of Glasgow, and placing under their charge the bridge across the River of Clyde, called Hamilton-bridge, and the avenues thereto, and the road between the east and the west ends of the town of Hamilton.

An Act for repairing, maintaining, and improving the road from Dewsbury to Ealand, in the west riding of the county of York.

And ten private Acts.

Cambridge-House, Hanover, June 30, 1836.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint William Dallas Bernard, M.D. Oxon, to be one of the Physicians Extraordinary to His Royal Highness's Household.

War-Office, 8th July 1836.

GARRISONS.

Major-General the Honourable Patrick Stuart to be Governor of Edinburgh Castle, during the period he may continue on the Staff in North Britain. Dated 8th July 1836.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 12, 1836.

Foreign-Office, July 9, 1836.

A DISPATCH has been received from His Majesty's Consul at Elsinore, stating that the Danish Government has stationed the Wilhelmina, steam-vessel of 96 horse power, in Elsinore Roads, for the purpose of towing through the Sound such vessels bound to Baltic ports as may be detained at the entrance of the Sound by contrary winds. His Majesty's Consul has, at the same time, transmitted a translation of the provisional tariff of the expence attending the towage of vessels through the Sound by the Wilhelmina, steam-vessel, a copy of which is herewith annexed.

Provisional Tariff of the Expence attending the Towage of Vessels through the Sound, by the Danish Steamer Wilhelmina, of 96 Horse Power, viz.

For a vessel not exceeding 50 lasts burthen, 12 rix bank dollars, or £1 7s. per hour.

For a vessel not exceeding 75 lasts burthen, 13 rix bank dollars, or £1 9s. 3d per hour.

For a vessel not exceeding 100 or 125 lasts burthen, 14 rix bank dollars, or £1 11s. 6d. per hour.

For a vessel not exceeding 150, 175, or 200 lasts bur-

burthen, 15 rix bank dollars, or £1 13s. 9d. per hour.

For a vessel not exceeding 225, 250, 275, or 300 lasts burthen, 16 rix bank dollars, or £1 16s. per hour.

Explanations.

It must be remarked with regard to the application of the above Tariffs,

1°. That ships under 50 lasts pay for 50 lasts, the same as all those that are below 63 lasts, but exceeding 63 lasts they are charged for 75 lasts; and thus in the same ratio for ships of a greater burthen, according to the difference of rates stated in the Tariffs.

2°. That the charge for ships exceeding 300 lasts, is made progressively, according to the propositions laid down in the Tariff.

3°. That towage will not take place if more than three hours are required for performing the distance of a Danish mile, except in cases of distress, when a special agreement must be made for the assistance to be rendered.

Remark.—The Last is reckoned at 4000 lbs. or 2 tons. The Danish money has been reduced to 2s. 3d. per rix bank dollar.

(For a true Translation.)

FRANCIS C. MACGREGOR, Consul.

Elsinore, June 1, 1836.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 15, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, July 13, 1836.

THIS day had audience of His Majesty, General Count Sebastiani, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the King of the French, to take leave for a short time; and Andrew Stephenson, Esq. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States of North America, to deliver his credentials:

To which they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, July 14, 1836.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for presenting the Reverend Francis Hodgson, A.M. to the Archdeaconry of Derby, void by the promotion of the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor Samuel Butler to the See of Lichfield and Coventry.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 19, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 19, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's next Levee will be held at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday the 27th instant, instead of Wednesday the 20th instant.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 13th day of *July* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the third and fourth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the general regulation of the "Customs," it is, among other things, enacted, that goods of places within the limits of the East India Company's charter shall be imported only into such ports of the United Kingdom as shall be approved of by the Lords of the Treasury, and declared by an Order in Council to be fit and proper for such importation:

And whereas the port of Plymouth, in the county of Devon, has been approved of by the Lords of His Majesty's Treasury for that purpose; His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Coun-

Council, is thereupon pleased to declare, and it is hereby declared, that the said port of Plymouth is fit and proper for the importation of goods from places within the limits of the East India Company's charter:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Westminster, July 14, 1836.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to repeal so much of two Acts of the ninth and tenth years of King George the Fourth, as directs the period of execution and the prison discipline of persons convicted of the crime of murder.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, for the better administration of

justice, at the holding of petty sessions by justices of the peace, in Ireland.

An Act to amend an Act of His late Majesty King George the Second, for the encouragement of building of chapels of ease, in Ireland.

An Act to amend and regulate the law of Scotland, as to erasures in instruments of sasine and of resignation ad remanentiam.

An Act for the regulation of Benefit Building Societies.

An Act to enable the Liverpool Fire and Life Insurance Company to sue and be sued in the name of the Chairman, Deputy Chairman, or of any one of the Directors of the said Company, and for other purposes.

An Act for the amendment of three several Acts, passed in the sixth, tenth, and forty-seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty George the Third, for the recovery of small debts within the hundreds of Blackheath, of Bromley, and Beckenham, of Rokesley, otherwise Ruxley, and of Little and Lessness, in the county of Kent, and within the hundred of Wallington, in the county of Surrey, and to extend the powers thereof.

An Act to enable the London and Croydon Railway Company to provide a station and other works, in the parish of Saint Olave, in the borough of Southwark, in the county of Surrey, and to amend the Act relating to the said railway.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway from Preston to Longridge, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act for further improving the road between London and Holyhead, by Coventry, Birmingham, and Shrewsbury.

And six private Acts.

Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, July 15, 1836.

This day Andrew Stevenson, Esq. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States of North America, had his first audience of Her Majesty:

To which he was introduced by Earl Howe, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 22, 1836.

Foreign-Office, July 21, 1836.

A DISPATCH, of which the following is an extract, has been transmitted to Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, by the Right Honourable Henry Ellis, His Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary at the Court of Persia:

(Extract.)

My Lord, *Teheran, May* 6, 1836.

I HAVE the honour to forward to your Lordship a Persian copy and translation of a Proclamation or Royal Order, issued by His Majesty the Shah, which places the trade of British subjects with Persia on the same footing, with respect to duties, as

that of Russian subjects; and, moreover, ensures to British merchants security and protection in the admission and sale of their property.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) H. ELLIS.

(Translation).

[Seal of Mohammed Shah.]

WHEREAS the relations of friendship and amity between the powerful and dignified Governments of Persia and England are fixed upon the most perfect and firm basis; and whereas it is agreeable to the exalted character of His Majesty that this friendship and amity should daily increase, and that mutual advantage should thence result; therefore, in the present auspicious year, and henceforth, according to this gracious Proclamation, we grant liberty and permission to the merchants of the British nation, that having brought their merchandize to the territorial possessions of Persia, they may dispose of the same in perfect security and confidence, and that they shall pay to the Officers of Government the same public dues upon their goods as are paid by the merchants of the Russian Government.

In the month of Moohurrim, in the year of the Hegira 1252.

Received at the British Palace, Teheran, on the 5th May 1836.

A true translation,

(Signed) H. ELLIS.

Ex-

Extract from the third Article of the Treaty of Commerce between Russia and Persia.

IT is agreed, that goods imported into Persia, or exported from that Kingdom by Russian subjects, shall be liable, as heretofore, to a duty of five per cent. levied, once for all, upon their import and export, and shall not be subject afterwards to any other duty.

Whitehall, July 20, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Lewis Macpherson to the church at Inch, in the parish of Kingussie, in the presbytery of Abernethy and shire of Inverness, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend John Robertson Glass, late Minister there, to the church and parish of Skye.

Whitehall, July 21, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Peter Chalmers to the first charge of the church and parish of Dumfermline, in the presbytery of Dumfermline and county of Fife, vacant by the death of the Reverend Allan Maclean.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 26, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 26, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's next Levee will be held at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday the 3d of August next, instead of Wednesday the 27th instant.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 29, 1836.

Whitehall, July 25, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to grant unto Sir John-Nicoll-Robert Campbell, Knt. His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Order of the Lion and Sun, of the first class, which His Majesty the Shah of Persia hath been pleased to confer upon him, in approbation of his conduct and services whilst attached to the Persian army:

And to command, that this His Majesty's concession

cession and especial mark of His royal favour, together with the relative documents, be recorded in the College of Arms.

Whitehall, July 25, 1836.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Sir Henry Pynn, Knt. Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army, and late Brigadier-General in the Portuguese Service, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the cross, of the third class, of the Order of Saint Ferdinand, and the supernumerary cross of the Order of Charles the Third, which the Queen Regent of Spain hath been pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of Her Majesty's approbation of his services during the Peninsular war:

And to command, that this His Majesty's concession and especial mark of His royal favour, together with the relative documents, be recorded in the College of Arms.

Crown-Office, July 29, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

John Hodgson, Esq. in the room of Sir Matthew White Ridley, Bart. deceased.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 29, 1836.

India Board, July 28, 1836.

A DISPATCH has been reeeived at this Office from Colonel Chesney, R. A. in command of the Euphrates expedition, dated Euphrates steamer, Anna, 28th May 1836, of which the following, with its enclosure, are eopies:

Euphrates Steamer, Anna,
SIR, *May* 28, 1836.

IT is with feelings of the deepest regret, that I do myself the honour of informing you that the Tigris steamer was totally lost during a hurrieane of indeseribable violence, whieh, after the short struggle of about eight minutes, sent a fine vessel to the bottom in five* fathoms water, and deprived His Majesty of fifteen valuable men, with five natives in addition.

My reports up to the 17th instant, at Deir, will have informed you that all was going on as successfully as the most sanguine could possibly desire.

* The last depth sounded; and we have since found three and an half fathoms on one side of the spot, and five on the other.

We

We found the Arabs well disposed, and quite ready to form depôts for us of wood, charcoal, bitumen, and lignite coal, all met in abundance, and tried with complete success. In addition to these marked advantages, the survey has been carried five hundred and nine miles down the Great River, which seemed in all respects favourable; in short all was continued prosperity up to the afternoon of the 21st instant, when it pleased God to send the calamitous event of which it is now my duty to give a feeble sketch.

A little after one P. M. on that melancholy day, the flat boats being a little ahead, and the Tigris leading the Euphrates, a storm appeared, bringing with it, high in the air, clouds of sand from the west north west quarter. At this moment we were passing over the rocks of Is Geria (deeply covered), and immediately after we made a signal for the Euphrates to choose a berth, and make fast; which was done more as a matter of precaution, on account of the difficulty of seeing our way through the sand than from apprehension that the squall would be so terrific. The Tigris was immediately directed towards the bank, against which she struck without injury, but with so much violence as to recoil a distance of about eight yards, leaving two men on the bank, who had jumped out to make fast. The wind then suddenly veered round, drove her bow off, and thus rendered it quite impossible to secure the vessel to the bank, along which she was blown rapidly by the heavy gusts, her head falling off into the stream as she passed close by the Euphrates, which vessel had been backed opportunely to avoid the concussion. The engines were working at full power, and every endeavour made to turn the vessel's bow to the bank. One anchor was let go, but the heel of the vessel made it impossible to get the other out, and she was then nearly broad side to the wind, with the engines almost powerless, and the

waves, rising to four or five feet, forcing their way in at the windows. Lieutenant Cockburn, the Messrs. Staunton, and some of the men made ineffectual attempts to keep out the water, for the fate of the vessel was already decided; and the fore part of the deck being under water, Lieutenant Lynch came to report that the Tigris was sinking, and the word was immediately passed for all to save themselves. At this very instant a momentary gleam of light faintly shewed the bank at the apparent distance of eight or ten yards; and, as there seemed every probability that the stern would touch it before she went down, Lieutenant Lynch encouraged the people to remain steady until they reached the land. All were on deck at this critical moment, some clinging to the ropes of the awning, the paddle boards, and funnel; but the majority were close to the tiller, and all behaving with the most exemplary obedience, until the vessel went down all at once, and probably within half a minute, after we had seen the bank for an instant.

Lieutenant Lynch, who was at my elbow, dived out underneath the starboard ridge rope, at the moment when there was about four feet water on the deck, and I had the good fortune to get clear, in the same way, through the larboard side, and also to take a direction which brought me to the land, without having seen anything whatever to guide me through darkness worse than that of night. When it cleared a little, I found around me Lieutenant Lynch and Mr. Eden (both greatly exhausted), Mr. Thompson, the Messrs. Staunton, and several of the men. The hurricane was already abating rapidly, and as the distance from the vessel to the shore was very short, we indulged the hope that the rest of our brave companions had reached the bank lower down. For an instant I saw the keel of the Tigris uppermost, near the stern. She went down bow foremost, and, having struck the bottom in that position, she

she probably turned round on the bow as a pivot, and thus showed part of her keel for an instant at the other extremity; but her paddle beams, floats, and parts of the sides were already broken up, and actually floated ashore, so speedy and terrific had been the work of destruction. From the moment of striking the bank until the Tigris went down it scarcely exceeded eight minutes; whilst the operation of sinking itself did not consume more than three; indeed, the gale was so very violent that I doubt whether the most powerful vessel, such as a frigate, could have resisted it, unless she were already secured to the bank; and, for this there was, in our case, little or no time, as it was barely possible, in the position of our consort, to make fast and save the vessel.

I had little, or rather no hope, that the Euphrates could have escaped, but the intrepid skill of Lieutenant Cleaveland and Mr. Charlwood enabled them to get out two anchors in the very nick of time; and by the united means of two hawsers, and the engines working at full power, the vessel maintained her position at the bank until the storm abated, as the enclosed letter* from Captain Estcourt will explain more fully; and as it required all the powers of a fifty horse engine, in the case of the Euphrates, to keep her hawsers from snapping; I infer, that the twenty horses of the Tigris would not have been sufficient to enable her to keep the position at the bank, even if the Officers had succeeded in securing her along side of it.

Lieutenant Lynch and Mr. Eden continued cool and collected until the last moment, nor were any efforts wanting that skill or presence of mind could suggest to save the vessel in the first instance, and the lives in the second, when the former had failed; nor could any thing be more exemplary than their

* 26th May.

conduct, and that of all on board; scarcely a word was spoken, not a murmur was heard, and death was met with that exemplary degree of intrepidity and resignation which have been displayed by every individual throughout the arduous and trying service in which we have been engaged since January 1835.

Having already given a faithful account of the short, but eventful, period of about twelve minutes occupied by the beginning, the progress, and termination of the hurricane, I will conclude the painful part of my task, by referring you to the enclosed return of the names of the valuable men who have been lost to His Majesty and their country for ever. Very different was the result when a similar, but less violent gale, sent my little vessel to the bottom of this river in 1831; for I had not then the misery of deploring the loss of a single life, and my little schooner was afloat and continuing the descent in less than twelve hours; whereas, all our efforts, as yet, have failed even to find the remains of the vessel, not a ripple, or the slightest trace of the unfortunate Tigris, marks the spot where she went down; but our search has not yet terminated, and if she should be found without having been dashed to pieces, I shall take measures to recover her with the assistance of the diving bell, and other means; especially as there are many valuable instruments on board, in addition to the hull and machinery, and particularly as the Arabs here are well disposed.

I am happy to say, that the survivors of the expedition remain as much unshaken as ever in their confidence regarding the final success of this undertaking, as well as the manifest advantages, facilities, and cheapness of this line of communication. The hurricane has been, it is true, a most trying and calamitous event; but, I believe, it is regarded by all, even at this early day, as having no more to do with the navigation of the Euphrates in other re-

respects, than the loss of a packet in the Irish Channel, which might retard, but could not put an end to, the intercourse between England and Ireland.

We are, therefore, continuing our descent and survey to Bussora, hoping, not only to bring up the mail from India within the specified time, but also, if it pleases God to spare us, to demonstrate the speed, economy, and commercial advantages of the River Euphrates, provided the decision of Ministers shall be in the true spirit of Englishmen, to give it a fair trial, rather than abandon the original purpose in consequence of an unforeseen and, as it proved, an unavoidable calamity.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) F. R. CHESNEY, Colonel, commanding the expedition.

The Right Hon. Sir John Cam Hobhouse, Bart. President of the Board of Controul.

Euphrates Steamer, Anna, May 26, 1836.

SIR,

THE very unexpected nature of the hurricane in which this vessel was taken on Saturday last, the 21st instant, and the extreme violence with which it was accompanied, render it necessary that I should acquaint you with the circumstances as they affected this vessel, and that I should lay before you the conduct of Lieutenant Cleaveland and Mr. Charlewood, to whose united exertions and skill, supported by the active exertions of a most willing crew, added to the great power of the engines with which this vessel is propelled, her safety is to be attributed.

Scarcely had we cast off from the bank, when, at mid-day on Saturday last, we, in company with the Tigris, had stopped to take in wood, when a dense cloud of dust was seen to rise high into the air, on the

the right bank. For some minutes it was doubtful whether it would not pass off to our right, but soon it was apparent that it would be otherwise. Preparation was made to meet the squall by furling the awnings, &c. As soon as the Tigris, which was leading, as usual, had cleared a reef of rocks, at this season far under water, she made a signal to choose a berth, and make fast. Hardly was the signal answered, when the gale began. The Tigris was rounding-to to bring up to the left bank; the Euphrates followed; but, as we neared the bank, I saw that the Tigris could not stem the gale and current. She had failed to make the bank, and now was falling off with her head outwards. The Euphrates was compelled to back her paddles to give room. Our operation, as you will at once see, was full of danger; for it could scarcely be expected that she would afterwards be able to gather way upon herself against the violence of the elements and current. However, the Tigris having passed across our bows, we worked the engines with all power. The vessel took the bank with some violence, but did not recoil off. Instantly, Mr. Charlewood was ashore, followed by many men, bearing a hawser and light anchor. Within a few seconds a second anchor and chain cable had been got ashore, and these were followed rapidly by a second chain cable and anchor. Lieutenant Cleaveland kept the engines working the whole time; notwithstanding which, and the anchors and cables fixed ashore, the vessel still drove. However, the gale was soon over, and the vessel was safe.

The density of the cloud of dust excluded from my view the Tigris from the moment she crossed our bows; Mr. FitzJames, in the midst of the storm, reported to me, first that she was upset, and then that she had gone down. As soon, therefore, as our own danger had ceased, and that the Euphrates was secured, I sent off a party ashore, under

under Lieutenant Murphy, to render what assistance he might be able, to the crew of our consort, whilst Mr. Charlewood pressed me to allow him to go by boat, this I did as soon as it was safe.

Of the remainder of this melancholy tale, of the total loss of the Tigris, and the few who escaped to find a shelter on board the Euphrates, you are yourself well acquainted.

I have only to repeat, that to Lieutenant Cleaveland and Mr. Charlewood, and indeed to the whole crew of the Euphrates, the highest praise is due.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) J. W. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,
Capt. 43d. Lt. Inf.

Colonel Chesney.

On board the Euphrates Steamer, off Anna, May 26, 1836.

Return of Officers and Men belonging to the Euphrates Expedition, who were lost on the River Euphrates, near Wordie, by the sinking of the Tigris Steamer, during a violent Hurricane on the 21st instant.

R. B. Lynch, lieutenant, 26th regiment Bengal native infantry; passenger.
Robert Cockburn, lieutenant, royal regiment of artillery.
Eusoff Sader, intepreter.
John Struthers, engineer.
Richard Clark, acting serjeant.
Thomas Jones, gunner, royal regiment of artillery.
Robert Turner, ditto, ditto.
James Moore, ditto, ditto.
James Hay, ditto, ditto.
Archibald M'Donald, private, royal sappers and miners.

Ben-

Benjamin Gibson, seaman.
John Hunter, ditto.
Thomas Booth, ditto.
Thomas Batty, ditto.
George Liddel, ditto.
Aboo, native.
Wasoo, ditto.
Jacoob John, ditto.
Manneh, ditto.
Pedros, ditto.

H. BLOSSE LYNCH, Lt. I. N.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 2, 1836.

Westminster, July 28, 1836.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the

the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to transfer the collection and management of the duties, in Great Britain, on horses let for hire, and on licences relating to the same, from the Commissioners of Stamps and Taxes to the Commissioners of Excise.

An Act to continue the laws for the relief of insolvent debtors in England until the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament.

An Act to continue until the first day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, the several Acts relating to insolvent debtors in India.

An Act to repeal the several Acts now in force relating to bread to be sold out of the city of London, and the liberties thereof, and beyond the weekly bills of mortality, and ten miles of the Royal Exchange; and to provide other regulations for the making and sale of bread, and for preventing the adulteration of meal, flour, and bread beyond the limits aforesaid.

An Act to grant certain powers to heirs of entail in Scotland, and to authorise the sale of entailed lands for the payment of certain debts affecting the same.

An Act to provide for the taking of judicial ratifications of Scottish deeds on oath as heretofore.

An Act to abolish the Commissary Court of Edinburgh, and to regulate the mode of taking proofs in consistorial causes in Scotland.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the third and fourth years of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to

Excise licences, and to the sale of wine, spirits, beer, and cider by retail in Ireland.

An Act to continue for one year, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, the several Acts relating to the importation and keeping of arms and gunpowder in Ireland.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the present session of Parliament, for consolidating the laws relating to the constabulary force in Ireland.

An Act to continue for one year, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, the several Acts for regulating the turnpike roads in Ireland.

An Act to continue until the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, an Act of the ninth year of His late Majesty for the administration of justice in New South Wales and Van Dieman's Land.

An Act to indemnify the Governors and others of the islands of Antigua, Saint Christopher, Nevis, and Montserrat, for having permitted the importation of certain articles duty free.

An Act to enable the Master of the Rolls to demise part of the Rolls' estate to the Society of Judges and Serjeants.

An Act for making a railway from the Minories to Blackwall, with branches, to be called the Commercial Railway.

An Act for making and maintaining a harbour and breakwaters at Tynemouth haven, in the county of Cornwall; and for making and maintaining a railway from thence to the town of Launceston, in the same county.

An Act to amend an Act for more effectually maintaining and improving the harbour of Dover, in the county of Kent.

An Act to alter and amend several Acts for the improvement of the harbour of Swansea, in the county

county of Glamorgan, and for further improving the said harbour.

An Act to rectify a mistake in an Act, passed in the present session of Parliament, for improving and maintaining the navigation of the River Suir; and for making and constructing a ship canal at Currick on Suir.

An Act for making and maintaining a pier, wharf, and other works at Greenwich, in the county of Kent.

An Act for establishing a cemetery for the interment of the dead, southward of the metropolis, to be called the South Metropolitan Cemetery.

And ten private Acts.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 8, 1836.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed William Rose, of Sandhills, in the county of Hants, Esq. one of the Gentlemen of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Chamber in Ordinary.

Foreign-Office, August 1, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Joseph Barclay Pentland, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul-General in the Republic of Bolivia.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint William Penrose Mark, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul for the Province of Granada, to reside at Malaga.

Downing-Street, June 24, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint William Henry Harvey, Esq. to be Treasurer and Accountant-General at the Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope.

Downing-Street, July 12, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint William Wilde, Esq. to be Chief Justice at St. Helena.

Downing-Street, July 21, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Edward Allen Williams, Esq. to be Substitute to the Procureur and Advocate General at Mauritius.

Downing-Street, August 1, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint J. C. Lees, Esq. to be Chief Justice of the Bahama Islands.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 5, 1836.

Downing-Street, August 3, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to appoint John Austin, Esq. to be His Majesty's Commissioner of Enquiry into the affairs of the Island of Malta.

Whitehall, August 3, 1836.

The King has been pleased to nominate the Reverend John Hobart Caunter, B. D. to St. Paul's Chapel, in the parish of St. Mary-le-Bone, in the county of Middlesex and diocese of London, void by the resignation of the Reverend John Crofts, A. M.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 9, 1836.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 3d day of *August* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Lord John Elphinstone was, by His Majesty's command, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and his Lordship took his place at the Board accordingly.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 12, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, August 10, 1836.

THE Reverend John Ryle Wood has been appointed, by the King's command, Resident Deputy Clerk of the Closet to His Majesty.

St.

St. James's-Palace, July 5, 1836.

The King has been pleased, on the nomination of the Right Honourable Lord Foley, to appoint David William Davidson, Esq. one of His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Layburn.

St. James's-Palace, August 10, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Colonel Patrick Lindesay, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 16, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, August 15, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's *next* Levee will take place on Friday the 19th instant, instead of Wednesday the 17th instant.

West-

Westminster, August 13, 1836.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs.

An Act to impose countervailing duties of Excise on mixtures, compounds, preparations, and commodities made from or with spirits removed from Ireland to England or Scotland, or from Scotland to England, and to grant countervailing drawbacks on the removal of the same; to repeal the additional duties of Excise on licences to retailers of spirits in the United Kingdom; and to alter the laws relating to distillers and retailers of spirits.

An Act to repeal the duties and drawbacks of Excise on paper printed, painted, or stained in the United Kingdom; and to reduce the duties, allowances, and drawbacks on paper, buttonboard, millboard, pasteboard, and scaleboard made in the United Kingdom, of the first class; and to discontinue the Excise survey on the manufactures of certain articles made from paper, and on dealers in, and retailers of, vinegar.

An

An Act to reduce the duties on newspapers, and to amend the laws relating to the duties on newspapers and advertisements.

An Act to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the conveyance of newspapers by the post.

An Act for granting relief from the duties of assessed taxes and on stage carriages, in certain cases; and to regulate the charging of the duty payable for taking or killing game in Great Britain; and to provide for the collection of certain local taxes in Scotland.

An Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales.

An Act for carrying into effect the reports of the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to ecclesisatical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage.

An Act for declaring the law as to the day on which it is requisite to present for payment to the acceptors or acceptor, supra protest for honour, or to the referees or referee in case of need, bills of exchange which had been dishonoured.

An Act to authorise the placing of the horse patrol, now acting under the authority of the Chief Magistrate of the Public Office in Bow-street, under the authority of the Justices appointed for the Metropolitan Police District.

An Act to prevent the advertising of foreign and other illegal lotteries.

An Act to facilitate the conveyance of sites for school-rooms.

An Act to appoint additional Commissioners for executing the Acts for granting an aid by a land tax, and for continuing the duties on personal estates, offices, and pensions.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in this present session of Parliament, for imposing

certain restrictions on the renewal of leases by ecclesiastical persons.

An Act for suspending, for one year, appointments to certain dignities and offices in cathedral and collegiate churches, and to sinecure rectories.

An Act to enable His Majesty to make regulations for the better defining and establishing the powers and jurisdiction of His Majesty's Consuls in the Ottoman dominions.

An Act to facilitate, until the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, the recovery of certain arrears of highway rates and composition in lieu of statute duty.

An Act for vesting lighthouses, lights, and sea marks on the coasts of England in the Corporation of Trinity-House of Deptford Strond, and for making provisions respecting lighthouses, lights, buoys, beacons, and sea marks, and the tolls and duties payable in respect thereof.

An Act for continuing until the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, the several Acts for regulating the turnpike roads in Great Britain, which expire with the present or the next session of Parliament.

An Act for the prevention and punishment of offences committed by His Majesty's subjects within certain territories adjacent to the colony of the Cape of Good Hope.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to grant admiralty jurisdiction to the Court of Judicature of Prince of Wales's Island, Singapore, and Malacca.

An Act to continue until the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, an Act of the tenth year of His late Majesty, for providing for the government of His Majesty's settlements in Western Australia, on the western coast of New Australia.

An Act to continue until the first day of July next, and

and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, an Act, passed in the fifth and sixth years of His present Majesty, relating to the dispatch of business done by the Court of Exchequer in Scotland.

An Act to fix the standard qualities of gold and silver plate in Scotland; and to provide for the assaying and marking thereof.

An Act for regulating the process of cessio bonorum in the Court of Session; and for extending the jurisdiction of Sheriffs, in Scotland, in such cases.

An Act to extend the jurisdiction, and regulate the proceedings, of the Civil Bill Courts in Ireland.

An Act to abolish certain offices connected with the Court of Chancery in Ireland; and to provide for the performance of the duties thereof.

An Act to amend the laws relating to loan societies in Ireland.

An Act for converting the Richmond General Penitentiary into one of the prisons for the county of the city of Dublin; and to amend the law relating to prisons in Ireland.

An Act to extend the protection of copyright in prints and engravings to Ireland.

An Act to assimilate the law of Ireland to that of England in respect to the liability of owners of vessels for losses by fire.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway or railways from the city of Edinburgh to Leith, and to the shore of Frith of Forth, at or near to Newhaven and Trinity, all in the county of Edinburgh.

An Act for making a railway from Dublin to Drogheda.

An Act for erecting and maintaining a bridge across the River Thames, from Church-street, in the parish of St. Mary, Lambeth, in the county of Surrey, to the opposite bank of the said river,

near Market-street, in the parish of St. John the Evangelist, within the city and liberty of Westminster, in the county of Middlesex.

An Act for building a foot-bridge over the River Thames, from Hungerford-market, in the parish of St. Martin in the Fields, in the county of Middlesex, to the opposite shore, in the parish of Lambeth, in the county of Surrey; and for making suitable approaches thereto.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the fourth and fifth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for amending the proceedings and practice of the Court of Passage of the borough of Liverpool, in the county palatine of Lancaster;" and to repeal an Act, passed in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled "An Act for the more easy and speedy recovery of small debts in the town and port of Liverpool, and liberties thereof, in the county palatine of Lancaster;" and to give further power for the recovery of small debts within the borough of Liverpool.

And two private Acts.

Whitehall, August 15, 1836.

The King has been pleased to nominate, constitute, and appoint the Right Honourable Lord John Russell to be one of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 16, 1836.

Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office, House of Lords, August 18, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be attendance at this Office to-morrow afternoon, the 19th instant, between the hours of four and six, on the occasion of the Prorogation of Parliament.

Peeresses on announcing, within the time above specified, their intention of being present, will have places reserved for them in the House of Lords.

No Lady can be admitted, into the body of the House, but in full dress.

The doors will not be open for strangers before twelve o'clock.

CHOLMONDELEY, D. G. C.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 19, 1836.

Westminster, August 17, 1836.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to carry into further execution an Act for compensating owners of slaves upon the abolition of slavery, and for completing the full payment of such compensation.

An Act to authorise His Majesty, until six months after the commencement of the next session of Parliament, to carry into immediate execution, by Orders in Council, any treaties, conventions, or stipulations made with any foreign power or state, for the suppression of the slave trade.

An

An Act to suspend to the end of the next session of Parliament, the making of lists and the ballots and enrolments for the militia of the United Kingdom.

An Act for registering births, deaths, and marriages in England.

An Act for marriages in England.

An Act for extinguishing the secular jurisdiction of the Archbishop of York and the Bishop of Ely in certain liberties in the counties of York, Nottingham, and Cambridge.

An Act to provide for the attendance and remuneration of medical witnesses at coroners' inquests.

An Act to render valid certain marriages solemnized in the church of Saint Clement, Oxford.

An Act to continue until the first day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, an Act of the fifty-fourth year of His Majesty King George the Third, for rendering the payment of creditors more equal and expeditious in Scotland.

An Act for the regulation of the Offices of Vice Treasurer and Teller of the Exchequer in Ireland.

An Act to consolidate and amend the several Acts for the uniform valuation of lands and tenements in Ireland; and to incorporate certain detached portions of counties and baronies with those counties and baronies respectively whereto the same may adjoin, or wherein the same are locally situate.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Buildings to make and maintain a road from the church, in the parish of Sunk Island, to the town of Ottringham, in the east riding of the county of York.

An Act for establishing cemeteries for the interment of the dead northward, southward, and eastward

ward of the metropolis by a Company, to be called the London Cemetery Company.

And one private Act.

Whitehall, August 19, 1836.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom appointing Thomas Henry Lister, Esq. to be Registrar General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England.

Whitehall, August 10, 1836.

The King has been pleased to grant unto John Martin, Esq. Historical Painter to His Majesty the King of the Belgians, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Order of Leopold, which the said King of the Belgians has been pleased to confer upon him, in approbation of his services whilst in the actual employ of that Sovereign; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that the said licence and permission doth not authorise, and shall not be deemed or construed to authorise, the assumption of any stile, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that the said royal concession and especial mark of His Majesty's favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 23, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, August 20, 1836.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty's Levees are discontinued until further orders.

St. James's-Palace, August 20, 1836.

THIS day His Majesty proceeded in state from St. James's-Palace to the House of Peers, where he arrived about two o'clock; and was received, on alighting from his state coach, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Earl of Denbigh, acting as Deputy Lord Great Chamberlain, in the absence of the Marquess of Cholmondeley, the Earl Marshal, the Lord Steward of the Household, the Lord Viscount Melbourne, Clarenceux King of Arms, in the absence of Garter, and the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, and proceeded to the robing-room in the customary manner.

His Majesty was there robed, and having put on the imperial crown, the procession moved into the House in the usual order;—the sword of state was borne by the Lord Viscount Melbourne, and the cap of maintenance by the Earl of Shaftesbury, in the absence of the Marquess of Winchester.

His Majesty being seated on the Throne, the Great Officers of State and others standing on the right and left, Sir Augustus Clifford, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to deliver the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

THE state of the public business enables Me at length to relieve you from further attendance in Parliament; and, in terminating your labours, I have again to acknowledge the zeal with which you have applied yourselves to the public business, and the attention which you have bestowed upon the important subjects which I brought under your consideration at the opening of the session.

The assurances of friendly dispositions which I receive from all Foreign Powers enable Me to congratulate you upon the prospect that peace will continue undisturbed.

I lament deeply that the internal state of Spain still renders that country the only exception to the general tranquillity of Europe; and I regret that the hopes which have been entertained of the termination of the civil war have not hitherto been realised. In fulfilment of the engagements which I contracted by the Treaty of Quadruple Alliance I have afforded to the Queen of Spain the co-operation of a part of My naval force, and I continue to look with unabated solicitude to the restoration of that internal peace in Spain which was one of the main objects of the Quadruple Treaty, and which is so essential to the interests of all Europe.

I am happy to be able to inform you that my en-

endeavours to remove the misunderstanding which had arisen between France and the United States, have been crowned with complete success. The good offices which for that purpose I tendered to the two Governments were accepted by both in the most frank and conciliatory spirit; and the relations of friendship have been re-established between them in a manner satisfactory and honourable to both parties. I trust that this circumstance will tend to draw still closer the ties which connect this country with two great and friendly nations.

I have regarded with interest your deliberations upon the reports of the Commission appointed to consider the state of the dioceses in England and Wales, and I have cheerfully given My assent to the measures which have been presented to Me for carrying into effect some of their most important recommendations.

It is with no ordinary satisfaction that I have learned that you have, with great labour, brought to maturity enactments upon the difficult subject of tithe in England and Wales, which will, I trust, prove in their operation equitable to all the interests concerned, and generally beneficial in their results.

The passing of the Acts for civil registration and for marriages in England has afforded Me much satisfaction. Their provisions have been framed upon those large principles of religious freedom, which, with a due regard to the welfare of the Established Church in this country, I have always been desirous of maintaining and promoting; and they will also conduce to the greater certainty of titles, and to the stability of property.

It has been to Me a source of the most lively gratification to observe the tranquillity which has prevailed, and the diminution of crime which has lately taken place, in Ireland. I trust that perseverance in a just and impartial system of government will encourage this good disposition, and enable

that country to develope her great natural resources.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I thank you for the liberality with which you have voted, not only the ordinary supplies of the year, but the additional sums required to provide for an increase in My naval force.

I am also gratified to perceive that you have made provision for the full amount of the compensation awarded to the owners of slaves in My colonial possessions, and that the obligations entered into by the Legislature have thus been strictly fulfilled.

The increased productiveness of the public revenue has enabled you to meet these charges, and at the same time to repeal or reduce taxes, of which some were injurious in their effects upon My people, and others unequal in their pressure upon various parts of My dominions abroad.

The present condition of manufactures and commerce affords a subject of congratulation, provided the activity which prevails be guided by that caution and prudence which experience has proved to be necessary to stable prosperity.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

The advanced period of the year, and the length of time during which you have been engaged in public affairs, must render you desirous of returning to your respective counties. You will there resume those duties which are in importance inferior only to your legislative functions; and your influence and example will greatly conduce to the maintenance of tranquillity, the encouragement of industry, and the confirmation of those moral and religious habits and principles which are essential to the well-being of every community.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by His Majesty's command, said:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

It is His Majesty's royal will and pleasure, that this Parliament be prorogued to Thursday the twentieth day of October next, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Thursday the twentieth day of October next.

Westminster, August 19, 1836.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for continuing and making perpetual, the duty on certain offices and pensions.

An Act to defray the charge of the pay, clothing, and contingent and other expences of the disembodied militia in Great Britain and Ireland; and to grant allowances, in certain cases, to subaltern officers, adjutants, paymasters, quartermasters, surgeons, assistant-surgeons, surgeons' mates, and ser-

serjeant-majors of the militia, until the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven.

An Act to amend an Act, for enabling His Majesty to carry into effect a Convention made between His Majesty, the King of the French, the Emperor of All the Russias, and the King of Bavaria.

An Act to regulate parochial assessments.

An Act to suspend, until the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, proceedings for recovering payment of the money advanced under the Acts for establishing tithe compositions in Ireland.

An Act to repeal two Acts, of the reign of King George the Second, for the recovery of small debts within the city and liberty of Westminster, and for granting more effectual powers for that purpose.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road from Anniesland Toll-bar to Saint George's-road, and branch roads therewith connected, all in the county of Lanark.

Acts received the Royal Assent, August 20, 1836.

(The King present.)

An Act to apply the sum of four millions, out of the Consolidated Fund, to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and to appropriate the supplies granted in this session of Parliament.

An Act for raising the sum of fourteen millions seven thousand nine hundred and fifty pounds, by Exchequer bills, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty six.

An Act for enabling persons indicted of felony to make their defence by counsel or attorney.

An Act for further facilitating the hearing and deter-

termining of suits in equity, in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster.

An Act for the better administration of the borough fund in certain boroughs.

An Act to make temporary provision for the boundaries of certain boroughs.

An Act for the better administration of justice in certain boroughs.

An Act to legalize certain lists of voters, and of claims and objections, for the present year.

An Act for rendering more easy the taking the poll at county elections.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act, of the fifty-fourth year of King George the Third, respecting copyrights, as requires the delivery of a copy of every published book to the libraries of Sion College, the four Universities of Scotland, and of the King's Inns in Dublin.

An Act to prevent the fact of a previous conviction being given in evidence to the jury on the case before them, except when evidence to character is given.

An Act for facilitating the inclosure of open and arable fields in England and Wales.

An Act to extend the period for the repayment of loans, made under an Act, passed in the fourth and fifth year of His present Majesty, for the amendment and better administration of the laws relating to the poor in England and Wales.

An Act to make provision for the better and more expeditious administration of justice in the Stannaries of Cornwall, and for the enlarging the jurisdiction and improving the practice and proceedings in the Courts of the said Stannaries.

An Act to repeal certain provisions respecting the coal trade.

An Act to amend two Acts, passed respectively in the third and fourth and in the fourth and fifth years of His present Majesty, for altering and amend-

amending the laws relating to the temporalities of the Church of Ireland.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the first and second years of His present Majesty, for the extension and promotion of public works in Ireland.

An Act to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the presentment of public money by grand juries in Ireland.

An Act to restrain the alienation of corporate property in certain towns in Ireland.

An Act to amend several Acts relating to the harbour of Kingstown.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 19th day of *August* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty in Council was this day pleased to continue William Lloyd Wharton, of Dryburn, Esq. in the office of Sheriff of the county of Durham.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 19th day of *August* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the third and fourth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the general regulation of the "Customs," it is, among other things, enacted, that goods of places within the limits of the East India Company's charter shall be imported only into such ports of the United Kingdom as shall be approved

proved of by the Lords of the Treasury, and declared by an Order in Council to be fit and proper for such importation:

And whereas the port of Gloucester, in the county of Gloucester, has been approved of by the Lords of His Majesty's Treasury for that purpose; His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is thereupon pleased to declare, and it is hereby declared, that the said port of Gloucester is fit and proper for the importation of goods from places within the limits of the East India Company's charter:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

St. James's-Palace, August 19, 1836.

This day had audience of His Majesty, M. Tricoupi, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Greece, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, August 19, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Charles Lyon Herbert, Esq. M. D.

Foreign-Office, August 19, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint John Parkinson, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul in Mexico.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint Charles Thaddeus O'Gorman, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at Bahia.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint John Hesketh, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at Para.

Whitehall, August 20, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint James Stuart, Esq. to be an Inspector of Factories, in the room of Robert Rickards, Esq. deceased.

Whitehall, August 22, 1836.

Lord John Russell, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been pleased to appoint William Blamire, Esq. and Thomas Wentworth Buller, Esq. Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales.

His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Richard Jones, M. A. a Tithe Commissioner for England and Wales.

White-

Whitehall, August 22, 1836.

William Blamire, Esq. Thomas Wentworth Buller, Esq. and the Reverend Richard Jones, M. A. Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales, this day took the oath prescribed by the Act of last session of Parliament, cap. 71, before Sir John Gurney, Knt. one of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer.

Whitehall, August 22, 1836.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, conferring the honour of Knighthood upon John Graham Dalyell, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 26, 1836.

Crown-Office, August 26, 1836.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Sheffield.

John Parker, Esq.

Borough of Warwick.

The Honourable Charles John Canning, in the room of Major-General the Honourable Sir Charles John Greville, who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 2, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, August 31, 1836.

THIS day the Baron de Blome, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Denmark, had an audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by the Master of the Ceremonies.

Windsor-Castle, August 26, 1836.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Major Edward Brackenbury, Knight of the Royal Military Order of the Tower and Sword, and Knight of St. Ferdinand.

Downing-Street, September 1, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Lieutenant-Governor of Gibraltar, Major-General Sir Alexander Woodford, K. C. B. to be Governor and Commander in Chief of that town and garrison.

Down-

Downing-Street, September 1, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint George Cornwall Lewis, Esq. in addition to John Austin, Esq. to be His Majesty's Commissioner of Enquiry into the affairs of the Island of Malta.

In pursuanee of the directions of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act "to repeal so much of two Aets, made in the tenth "and fifteenth years of the reign of His present "Majesty, as authorises the Speaker of the House "of Commons to issue his warrant to the Clerk of "the Crown, for making out writs for the eleetion "of Members to serve in Parliament, in the manner "therein mentioned, and for substituting other pro-"visions for the like purposes:"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of the Right Honourable William Fitzmaurice, commonly called Earl of Kerry, late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the borough of Calne, hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Burgess to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough of Calne, at the end of fourteen days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand the 31st day of August 1836,

J. Abercromby, Speaker.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

AUTUMN CIRCUITS, 1836.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

H. R. Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Tuesday, October 11.
Yorkshire, at Sheffield, Thursday, October 13.
Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Friday, October 14.
At the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Wednesday, October 19.
Yorkshire, at York and City, Friday, October 21.
Yorkshire, at Richmond, Tuesday, October 25.
Durham, at Durham, Wednesday, October 26.
Northumberland, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Town, Friday, October 28.
Cumberland, at Carlisle, Tuesday, November 1.
Westmorland, at Appleby, Thursday, November 3.
Westmorland, at Kendal, Friday, November 4.
Lancashire, at Lancaster, Saturday, November 5.
Lancashire, at Preston, Monday, November 14.
Lancashire, at Liverpool, Tuesday, November 15.
Cheshire, at Chester and City, Friday, November 18.
Flintshire, at Mold, Monday, November 21.
Denbighshire, at Ruthin, Tuesday, November 22.
Anglesey, at Beaumaris, Friday, November 25.
Carnarvonshire, at Carnarvon, Saturday, November 26.
Merionethshire, at Dolgelly, Tuesday, November 29.
Montgomeryshire, at Welch Pool, Thursday, December 1.

HOME CIRCUIT.

J. G. Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

At the City of Canterbury, Friday, November 11.
Kent, at Dover, Saturday, November 12.
Kent, at Maidstone, Monday, November 14.
Sussex, at Horsham, Friday, November 25.
Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Monday, December 5.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

T. B. Bowen, Esq. Commissioner.

Essex, at Chelmsford, Friday, October 28.
Essex, at Colchester, Saturday, October 29.
Suffolk, at Ipswich, Monday, October 31.
Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Wednesday, November 2.
Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Thursday, November 3.
Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Monday, November 7.
Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge, Tuesday, November 8.
Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Wednesday, November 9.
Cambridgeshire, at Ely, Thursday, November 10.
Norfolk, at Lynn, Friday, November 11.
Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Saturday, November 12.
Lincolnshire, at Lincoln and City, Monday, November 14.
Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham and Town, Wednesday, November 16
Derbyshire, at Derby, Friday, November 18.
Leicestershire, at Leicester, Monday, November 21.
At the City of Lichfield, Wednesday, November 23.

Staf-

Staffordshire, at Stafford, Thursday, November 24.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Monday, November 28.
Warwickshire, at Birmingham, Wednesday, November 30.
Shropshire, at Oldbury, Thursday, December 1.
At the City of Coventry, Friday, December 2.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Saturday, December 3.
Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Tuesday, December 6.
Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Wednesday, December 7.
Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Thursday, December 8.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

W. J. Law, Esq. Commissioner.

Berkshire, at Reading, Monday, October 24.
Oxfordshire, at Oxford, Tuesday, October 25.
Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Thursday, October 27.
Brecknockshire, at Brecon, Monday, October 31.
Glamorganshire, at Cardiff, Wednesday, November 2.
Glamorganshire, at Swansea, Friday, November 4.
Carmarthenshire, at Carmarthen and Borough, Monday, November 7.
Pembrokeshire, at Haverfordwest and Town, Thursday, November 10.
Cardiganshire, at Cardigan, Saturday, November 12.
Radnorshire, at Presteigne, Tuesday, November 15.
Worcestershire, at Worcester and City, Wednesday, November 16.

Herefordshire, at Hereford, Thursday, November 17.
Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Saturday, November 19.
At the City of Bristol, Monday, November 21.
Somersetshire, at Bath, Wednesday, November 23.
Somersetshire, at Wells, Thursday, November 24.
Devonshire, at Plymouth, Monday, November 28.
Cornwall, at Bodmin, Wednesday, November 30.
Devonshire, at Exeter and City, Friday, December 2.
Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Tuesday, December 6.
Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Thursday, December 8.
At the Town of Southampton, Friday, December 9.
Hampshire, at Winchester, Saturday, December 10.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 6, 1836.

Crown-Office, September 6, 1836.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Down.

THE Honourable Arthur Trumbull Blundell Windsor Sandys Hill, commonly called the Earl of Hillsborough, in the room of the Honourable Arthur Moyse William Hill, commonly called Lord Arthur Hill, now Baron Sandys.

County of Cumberland.

Eastern Division.

William James, of Barrock-lodge, in the said county of Cumberland, Esq. in the room of William Blamire, Esq. who has accepted the office of Chief Commissioner for the Commutation of Tithes.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 9, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, September 7, 1836.

THIS day had audience of His Majesty, M. Dedel, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Netherlands, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, September 9, 1836.

The King has been pleased to order a congé d'elire to the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Chichester, empowering them to elect a Bishop of that See, now void by the translation of the Right Reverend Father in God Edward, late Bishop thereof, to the See of Durham; and His Majesty has been also pleased to recommend to the said Dean and Chapter, the Reverend William Otter, Doctor in Divinity, to be by them elected Bishop of the said See of Chichester.

Office

Office of Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, No. 6, John-Street, Adelphi, September 1, 1836.

The Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain has, under the authority of the Act 2d and 3d William 4th, cap. 107, appointed Lord Seymour; Lord Ashley; Robert Gordon, Esq.; Robert Vernon Smith, Esq.; John Abel Smith, Esq.; Colonel James Clitherow; Lieutenant-Colonel William Henry Sykes; Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Clive; Edmund Halswell, Esq.; George Acklom, Esq.; the Reverend Dr. George Shepherd; James William Mylne, Esq.; Bryan Waller Procter, Esq.; Dr. Thomas Turner; Dr. John Bright; Dr. Henry Herbert Southey; Dr. John Robert Hume; and Dr. Edward James Seymour; to be the Metropolitan Commissioners in Lunacy, during the space of one year, for licencing and visiting all houses within the jurisdiction of the said Commissioners, and for carrying into effect the several provisions of the said Act.

By order,

Edward Du Bois, Clerk and Treasurer.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 13, 1836.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 19th day of *August* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act for the "amendment of the law respecting pilots and "pilotage, and also for the better preservation of "floating lights, buoys, and beacons," the Corporation of Trinity-house of Deptford Strond are empowered and required, after due examination, to appoint and licence, under their common seal, fit and competent persons duly skilled to act as pilots, for the purpose of conducting all ships and vessels sailing, navigating, and passing, as well up and down or upon, the Rivers of Thames and Medway, and all and every the channels, creeks, and docks thereof, or therein or leading or adjoining thereunto, between Orfordness and London-bridge, as also from London-bridge to the Downs, and from the Downs, westward, as far as the Isle of Wight, and, in the English Channel, from the Isle of Wight up to London-bridge; and the said pilots, so appointed and licenced, are empowered to demand and receive for

for such services certain rates or prices enumerated in a table, marked A. to the said Act annexed:

And by the said Act the said Corporation of Trinity-house of Deptford Strond are also empowered from time to time, with the consent of His Majesty in His Most Honourable Privy Council, to increase, reduce, alter, or modify all or any or either of the said rates or prices so enumerated in the said table, and to fix and determine the period from and after which such altered or substituted rates or prices are to be demanded; so that such period be not less than three calendar months from the time at which notice thereof shall be given, by hanging up printed tables of the altered or substituted rates or prices in some public or conspicuous place in the Custom-house of London, and also at the Trinity-house in London:

And whereas the said Corporation of Trinity-house of Deptford Strond have submitted to His Majesty in Council certain proposals, to the effect that the several rates or prices specified in the said table, marked A. to the said Act annexed, be subject to a reduction of one fourth part in respect of the pilotage of vessels towed by steam vessels; provided that if the assistance of a steam vessel shall be rendered for a part only of the distance for which any such rate or price is now payable, the said reduction of one fourth shall be made on such part only of the said rate or price as shall be proportionate to the distance towed:

And whereas it hath appeared to His Majesty in Council expedient that the said proposals should be confirmed;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament, and in exercise of the powers thereby in His Majesty vested, His Majesty doth, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, assent to and confirm the said proposals; and it is hereby ordered, that such assent and confirmation shall

shall be signified, in writing, to the said Corporation of Trinity-house of Deptford Strond, to the intent that, in further pursuance of the said Act, the said Corporation do fix and determine the period from and after which such reduced rates or prices shall alone be demanded or received, and do give due notice thereof:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, September 12, 1836.

This day Mr. Dedel, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Netherlands, had a private audience of Her Majesty the Queen to deliver a letter from his Sovereign:

To which he was introduced by Earl Howe, Her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Downing-Street, September 10, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Lieutenant General Lord Aylmer, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the said Order.

Whitehall, September 13, 1836.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, nominating, constituting, and appointing Joseph Phillimore, D. C. L.; Henry William Tancred, Esq.; Edgar Taylor, Esq.; the Rev. Dr. Rees, LL. D.; John Bowring, Esq.; John Nicholl, D. C. L.; Robert Winter, Esq.; Samuel Gale, Esq.; John Parker, Esq.; Samuel March Phillipps, Esq.; Thomas Henry Lister, Esq.; and John Shoveller, LL. D. to be His Commissioners for enquiring into the state of registers of births, deaths, and marriages, not being parochial registers, in England and Wales.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 16, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, September 14, 1836.

THIS day had audience of His Majesty, Baron Bülow, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Prussia, to take leave upon a temporary absence from this Court:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Downing-Street, September 16, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Major-General William Thornton, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Commander of the said Order, in the room of Lieutenant-General Lord Aylmer.

From the DUBLIN GAZETTE of Thursday, September 8, 1836.

ELECTION OF A TEMPORAL PEER OF IRELAND.

IN pursuance of an Act, passed in the fortieth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to regulate the mode by which the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons, to serve in the Parliament of the United Kingdom, on the part of Ireland, shall be summoned and returned to the said Parliament," I do hereby give notice, that writs, bearing test this day, have issued for electing a Temporal Peer of Ireland, to succeed to the vacancy made by the demise of James Stevenson Baron Dufferin and Claneboy, in the House of Lords of the said United Kingdom; which said writs are severally directed to the following Peers, who sat and voted in the House of Lords in Ireland before the Union, and whose right to vote on the election of Temporal Peers of Ireland hath, upon claims made on their behalf, been admitted since the Union by the House of Lords of the said United Kingdom; and that the said writs are ready to be delivered at this Office:

His Royal Highness Ernest Augustus Earl of Armagh.

Au-

Augustus Frederiek Duke of Leinster.
Henry De La Poer Marquess of Waterford.
Arthur Blundel Sandys Trumbull Marquess of Downshire.
George Augustus Marquess of Donegal.
Richard Colly Marquess Wellesley.
William Marquess of Thomond.
Thomas Marquess of Headfort.
Howe Peter Marquess of Sligo.
John Loftus Marquess of Ely.
Charles William Vane Marquess of Londonderry.
Franeis Nathaniel Marquess Conyngham.
George Thomas John Marquess of Westmeath.
James Marquess of Ormonde.
Ulick John Marquess of Clanriearde.
John Earl of Waterford and Wexford.
Edmond Earl of Cork and Orrery.
Miehael James Robert Earl of Roscommon.
John Chambré Earl of Meath.
Richard Ford William Earl of Cavan.
George Earl of Granard.
Henry Earl of Kerry and Shelbourne.
Frederick Earl of Besborough.
Somerset Riehard Earl of Carriek.
Henry Earl of Shannon.
James Earl of Fife.
John Delaval Earl of Tyreonnell.
Arthur Saunders Earl of Arran.
Joseph Earl of Milltown.
Franeis William Earl of Charlemont.
John Earl of Mexborough.
Thomas Earl of Howth.
George Earl of Kingston.
Charles William Earl of Sefton.
Robert Earl of Roden.
Ernest Earl of Lisburn.

Richard Grenville Chandos Earl Nugent.
Stcphen Earl of Mount Cashel.
John Earl of Portarlington.
John Earl of Mayo.
John Willoughby Earl of Enniskillen.
Edmond Earl of Kilkenny.
George Earl of Mountnorris.
William Forward Earl of Wicklow.
Thomas Earl of Clonmel.
John Earl of Clare.
Nathaniel Earl of Leitrim.
Richard Earl of Lucan.
Somerset Lowry Earl of Belmore.
Charles Henry Earl O'Neill.
James Earl of Bandon.
Robert Earl of Castlestuart.
Duprè Earl of Caledon.
Valentine Earl of Kenmare.
Edmond Henry Earl of Limerick.
Richard Le Poer Earl of Clancarty.
Archibald Earl of Gosford.
Lawrence Earl of Rosse.
Welbore Ellis Earl of Normanton.
Charles William Earl of Charleville.
Richard Earl of Bantry.
Richard Earl of Glengall.
George Augustus Frederick Earl of Sheffield.
Francis Jack Earl of Kilmorey.
Henry Stanley Earl of Rathdown.
Windham Henry Earl of Dunraven.
William Earl of Listowell.
Hector John Graham Earl of Norbury.
Thomas Earl of Ranfurley.
Jenico Viscount Gormanstown.
George Child Viscount Grandison.
Henry Charles Viscount Dillon.
James Viscount Netterville.
John Saville Viscount Lumley.

Percy Clinton Sydney Viscount Strangford.
Thomas Heron Viscount Ranelagh.
James Viscount Strabane.
Richard Pigot Viscount Molesworth.
Richard Walter Viscount Chetwynd.
Gustavus Viscount Boyne.
William Keppel Viscount Barrington.
Richard Viscount Powerscourt.
Henry Jeffry Viscount Ashbrooke.
Harvey De Montmorency Viscount Mount-Morres.
Arthur Hill Viscount Dungannon.
Thomas Anthony Viscount Southwell.
John Viscount De Vesci.
James Viscount Lifford.
Edward Southwell Viscount Bangor.
William Viscount Melbourne.
Hayes Viscount Doneraile.
John James Viscount Harberton.
Cornwallis Viscount Hawarden.
Thomas Henry Viscount Ferrard.
Barry John Viscount Avonmore.
John Henry Viscount Templeton.
Cornelius Viscount Lismore.
Robert Viscount Lorton.
Lodge Redmond Viscount Frankfort De Montmorency.
Charles Viscount Gort.
William Viscount Castlemaine.
Standish Viscount Guillamore.
John Thomas Baron Trimlestown.
Edward Wadding Baron Dunsany.
Thomas Oliver Baron Louth.
Cadwallader Davis Baron Blayney.
Francis Charles Seymour Baron Conway and Killultagh.
John Evans Baron Carberry.
Mathew Whitworth Baron Aylmer.

John

John Maxwell Baron Farnham.
Constantine Henry Baron Mulgrave.
Charles George Baron Arden.
Godfrey Baron Macdonald.
William Baron Kensington.
Hugh Hamen Baron Massey.
Edward Baron Rokeby.
Mathew Fitzmaurice Baron Muskerry.
Samuel Baron Hood.
William Baron Riversdale.
Lowther Augustus John Baron Muncaster.
George Baron Auckland.
John Cavendish Baron Kilmaine.
Valentine Browne Baron Cloncurry.
Robert Baron Clonbrock.
Henry Manners Baron Waterpark.
Samuel Baron Bridport.
George Augustus Henry Anne Baron Rancliffe.
Robert Baron Carrington.
Warner William Baron Rossmore.
Charles John Baron Teignmouth.
Edward Baron Crofton.
Charles Ffrench Baron Ffrench.
Hercules Baron Langford.
John Henniker Major Baron Henniker.
Charles Townsend Meredith Baron Ventry.
George Baron Mountsandford.
Henry Baron Dunally.
Granville George Baron Radstock.
Frederick Baron Ashtown.
Eyre Baron Clarina.
William Baron Rendlesham.
John Horsley Baron Decies.
George Baron Garvagh.
John Francis Baron Howden.
Ulysses Baron Downes.
Benjamin Baron Bloomfield.

Wil-

William Vesey Baron Fitzgerald and Vesci.
Robert Shapland Carew Baron Carew.
Dominick Baron Oranmore.

John Hart, Deputy Clerk, Crown and Hanaper.

September 8, 1836.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

AUTUMN CIRCUITS, 1836.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

(As altered from that heretofore notified.)

H. R. Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Tuesday, October 11.
Yorkshire, at Sheffield, Thursday, October 13.
Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Friday, October 14.
At the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Wednesday, October 19.
Yorkshire, at York and City, Friday, October 21.
Yorkshire, at Richmond, Tuesday, October 25.
Durham, at Durham, Wednesday, October 26.
Northumberland, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Town, Friday, October 28.
Cumberland, at Carlisle, Tuesday, November 1.
Westmorland, at Appleby, Thursday, November 3.
Westmorland, at Kendal, Friday, November 4.
Lancashire, at Lancaster, Saturday, November 5.
Lancashire, at Preston, Monday, November 14.
Flintshire, at Mold, Wednesday, November 16.
Denbighshire, at Ruthin, Thursday, November 17.
Montgomeryshire, at Welch Pool, Friday, November 18.

Me-

Merionethshire, at Dolgelly, Monday, November 21.
Carnarvonshire, at Carnarvon, Wednesday, November 23.
Anglesey, at Beaumaris, Thursday, November 24.
Cheshire, at Chester and City, Monday, November 28.
Lancashire, at Liverpool, Wednesday, November 30.

Tithe Commission-Office, London, September 15, 1836.

The Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Lieutenant Robert Kearsley Dawson, of the Royal Engineers, to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales; and the said Robert Kearsley Dawson was sworn in on the 14th instant, before Mr. Justice Gaselee, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, according to the provisions of the said Act.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 23, 1836.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 21st day of *September* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the third and fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the "abolition of slavery throughout the British colo- "nies; for promoting the industry of the manu- "mitted slaves; and for compensating the persons "hitherto entitled to the services of such slaves;" it is enacted, "that, from and after the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, all persons who, in conformity with the laws then in force in the said colonies respectively, should, on or before the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, have been duly registered as slaves in any such colony, and who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, should be actually within any such colony, and who should by such registries appear to be, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, of the full age of six years or upwards, should, by force and virtue of the said Act, and without the previous execution of any in-

denture of apprenticeship, or any other deed or instrument for that purpose, become and be apprenticed labourers;" and whereas, by the said Act it is further enacted, that, subject to the obligations imposed by the said Act, or to be imposed as therein mentioned upon such apprenticed labourers as aforesaid, all and every the persons who, on the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, should be holden in slavery within any such British colony as aforesaid, should, upon and from and after the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, become and be, to all intents and purposes, freed and discharged of and from all manner of slavery, and should be absolutely and for ever manumitted; and that the children thereafter to be born to any such persons, and the offspring of such children, should, in like manner, be free from their birth; and that, from and after the said first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, slavery should be, and the same is thereby, utterly and for ever abolished and declared unlawful throughout the British colonies, plantations, and possessions abroad:

And whereas by the said Act it is provided, that the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury might raise the sum of twenty millions of pounds sterling, towards compensating the persons entitled to the services of the slaves to be manumitted and set free by virtue of the said Act, for the loss of such services:

And whereas in the said Act it is recited, that various rules and regulations were or might be necessary for the purposes therein specified, and that such regulations could not, without great inconvenience, be made, except by the respective governors, councils, and assemblies, or other local legislatures of the said respective colonies, or by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, in re-

reference to those colonies to which the legislative authority of His Majesty in Council extends; and it is, therefore, by the said Act enacted and declared, that nothing in the said Act contained should extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent the enactment, by the respective governors, councils, and assemblies, or by such other local legislatures as therein mentioned, or by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, of any such Acts of General Assembly, or Ordinances, or Orders in Council, as might be requisite for making and establishing such several rules and regulations as aforesaid, or any of them, or for carrying the same, or any of them, into full and complete effect:

And whereas it is by the said Act further enacted, that no part of the said sum of twenty millions of pounds sterling should be applied or be applicable to the purposes therein aforesaid, for the benefit of any person entitled to the services of any slave in any of the colonies therein aforesaid, unless an Order should have been first made by His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, declaring that adequate and satisfactory provision had been made by law in such colony for giving effect to the said Act, by such further and supplementary enactments as therein mentioned; nor unless a copy of such Order in Council, duly certified by one of the Clerks in Ordinary of His Majesty's Privy Council, should, by the Lord President of the Council, have been transmitted to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or to the Lord High Treasurer, for the time being, for their or his guidance or information; and every such Order should be published three several times in the London Gazette, and should be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within six weeks next after the date thereof, if Parliament should be then in session, and if not, within six weeks after the then next ensuing session of Parliament:

And whereas, in order to carry into effect the objects of the said recited Act, certain Acts have been passed by the President, Council, and Assembly of the Virgin Islands, intituled "An Act for "regulating the division of apprenticed labourers "into their respective classes, and for providing "for the dissolution of the apprenticeship, "by contract or otherwise;" and also "An "Act prescribing the duties of the apprenticed "labourers and employers respectively, and im- "posing penalties for the non-performance thereof, "and providing other regulations for the main- "tenance of good order;" and also "An Act for "prescribing the powers and duties of special jus- "tices, and for defining the jurisdiction of the "same;" and also "An Act to regulate the re- "moval of prædial apprenticed labourers from one "plantation or estate to another; the alienation by "sale, inheritance, or will, of the services of ap- "prenticed labourers; the apprenticeship of children "of apprenticed labourers; and the relation in "which apprenticed labourers will stand towards "the State in the said Virgin Islands; and "thereby to carry more effectually into operation "the enactments contained, in that behalf, in an "Act of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain, "intituled 'An Act for the abolition of slavery "throughout the British colonies; for promoting "the industry of the manumitted slaves; and for "compensating the persons hitherto entitled to the "services of such slaves;'" and also "An Act to "repeal the seventh clause, and the proviso con- "tained in the tenth clause, of an Act, intituled 'An "Act for regulating the division of apprenticed "labourers into their respective classes, and for "providing for the dissolution of the apprenticeship, "by contract or otherwise;' and to repeal the "twelfth, thirteenth, fifteenth, nineteenth, thirti- "ninth, and fifty-first clauses of an Act, intituled

"'An

" ' An Act prescribing the duties of apprenticed " labourers and employers respectively, and im- " posing penalties for the non-performance thereof, " and providing other regulations for the main- " tenance of good order;' and to repeal the twenty- " second clause of an Act, intituled ' An Act for " prescribing the powers and duties of special " justices, and for defining the jurisdiction of the " same;' and to repeal the first, second, and fourth " clauses of an Act, intituled ' An Act to regulate " the removal of prædial apprenticed labourers from " one plantation or estate to another; the alienation " by sale, inheritance, or will, of the services of ap- " prenticed labourers; the apprenticeship of children " of apprenticed labourers; and the relation in " which apprenticed labourers will stand towards " the State in the Virgin Islands; and thereby to " carry more effectually into operation the enact- " ments contained, in that behalf, in an Act of the " Imperial Parliament of Great Britain, intituled " ' An Act for the abolition of slavery throughout " the British colonies; for promoting the industry " of the manumitted slaves; and for compensating " the persons hitherto entitled to the services of " such slaves;' and to amend the said Acts relative " to apprenticed labourers;" and also " An Act, " supplemental, in aid of the apprenticeship laws, " and for raising a sum of money, to repair and en- " large the common jail of the Virgin Islands, to " provide for the payment of the keepers and officers " thereto, the maintenance of the prisoners therein, " and for regulating the discipline to be observed in " such jail:"

And whereas it is considered by His Majesty in Council, that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in the said Virgin Islands, for giving effect to the said recited Act of Parliament, by such further and supplementary enact-

ments

ments as therein mentioned, aceording to the true intent and meaning of the said Aet:

His Majesty is, thcrefore, pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Couneil, to deelare, and it is hereby deelared, that adequate and satisfactory provision hath been made by law in the said Virgin Islands, for giving effect to the said recited Act of Parliament, by sueh further and supplementary enaetments as therein are mentioned:

And the Right Honourable the Marquess of Lansdowne, the President of His Majesty's Privy Couneil, and the Right Honourable Lord Glenelg, one of His Majesty's Prineipal Seeretaries of State, are to give the neeessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

C. C. Greville.

Whitehall, September 23, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to ordain and declare, that Matilda-Sophia, wife of the Reverend Dr. William Austen; Georgiana, wife of John-Edmund Maunsell, of Cheltenham, in the county of Gloucester, Esq.; and Caroline-Elizabeth, wife of Thomas-Philip Maunsell, of Thorpe Malsor, in the county of Northampton, Esq. one of the Representatives in Parliament for the said county, three of the daughters and eoheirs of the late William Coekayne, of Rushton-hall, in the said county of Northampton, Esq. commonly called the Honourable William Cockayne, second and youngest surviving son of Charles Viscount Cullen, of the Kingdom of Ireland, deceased, and next brother of Borlase the last Viseount Cullen, also deeeased, may heneeforth have, hold, and enjoy the same titles, plaee, pre-eminence, and precedence, as if their

their said late father, the Honourable William Cockayne, had survived his said elder brother, Borlase Viscount Cullen, and had succeeded to the title and dignity of Viscount Cullen:

And His Majesty has also been pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in the College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 27, 1836.

Tithe Commission-Office, London, September 27, 1836.

THE Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Thomas Smith Woolley, Gent. to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales; and the said Thomas Smith Woolley was sworn in on the 27th instant, before Sir Nicolas Conyngham Tindal, Lord Chief Justice of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, according to the provisions of the said Act.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 30, 1836.

Tithe Commission-Office, London, September 28, 1836.

THE Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Henry Dixon, Gent. to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales; and the said Henry Dixon was sworn in on the 28th instant, before Sir Nicolas Conyngham Tindal, Lord Chief Justice of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, according to the provisions of the said Act.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 4, 1836.

Downing-Street, September 30, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Charles Cunningham, Esq. to be Secretary and Clerk of the Council, and Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, in the Island of Barbadoes.

Down-

Downing-Street, October 1, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Felix Bedingfield, Esq. to be Secretary and Clerk of the Council, and of the Crown, in the Island of Montserrat.

Crown-Office, October 4, 1836.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Calne.

The Honourable John George Charles Fox Strangways, of Abbotsbury, in the county of Dorset, in the room of the Right Honourable William Fitzmaurice, commonly called the Earl of Kerry, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 7, 1836.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 5th day of *October* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by His Majesty in Council, that the Parliament, which stands prorogued to Thursday the twentieth day of October instant, be further prorogued to Thursday the eighth day of December next.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 5th day of *October* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for "carrying into effect the reports of the Commis- "sioners appointed to consider the state of the "Established Church in England and Wales, with "reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so "far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, "and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that

that His Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst others, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that the diocese of Oxford should be increased by the county of Buckingham, now in the diocese of Lincoln, and by the county of Berks, now in the diocese of Salisbury; and that

all parishes which are locally situate in one diocese, but under the jurisdiction of the bishop of another diocese, should be made subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which they are locally situate; and that such variations should be made in the proposed boundaries of the different dioceses as might appear advisable, after more precise information respecting the circumstances of particular parishes or districts; and that none of the proposed alterations affecting the boundaries or jurisdiction of any diocese, the bishop of which was in possession on the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, should take effect until the avoidance of the see, without the consent of such bishop; and that all the archdeaconries of England and Wales should be in the gift of the bishops of the respective dioceses in which they are situate:

It is, amongst other things, enacted, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as shall be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knight, should, for the purposes of the said Act,

be

be one body politic and corporate, by the name of "the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might, upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing, in any such scheme, such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations; and, in particular, that it should be competent to the said Commissioners to propose in any such scheme that all parishes, churches, or chapelries which are locally situate in any diocese, but subject to any peculiar jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese in which the same are locally situate, shall be only subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which such parishes, churches, or chapelries are locally situate:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses the bishops where-

whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order should, as soon as might be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be inserted and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared, and laid before His Majesty in Council, a scheme, bearing date the fourth day of October one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act of Parliament, passed in this present year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports "of the Commissioners appointed to consider the "state of the Established Church in England and "Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and "revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal "dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance thereof, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for carrying into effect so much of the recommendations in the said Act contained, respecting the bishoprics of Oxford and Salisbury, as relates to the county and archdeaconry of Berks.

We humbly recommend and propose, with the con-

consent of the Right Reverend Thomas Bishop of Salisbury and Richard Bishop of Oxford, respectively, to such parts of this scheme as relate to their respective bishoprics, in testimony whereof they have respectively signed and sealed this scheme, that the whole county of Berks, and those parts of the county of Wilts which are insulated thercin, forming together the archdeaconry of Berks and part of the diocese of Salisbury, shall be forthwith absolutely detached and dissevered from the said diocese, and shall be and become permanently annexed and united to and included in and form part of the diocese of Oxford; and that the said archdeaconry, and all parishes and places, churches and chapels, within the limits thereof, and the present and every future archdeacon thereof, and all rural deans, and the whole clergy, and others your Majesty's subjects within the same, shall be forthwith exempted and released from all jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the see of Salisbury, and of the present and every future bishop thereof, and shall be under and subject to the episcopal jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the present bishop of Oxford and his successors bishops of Oxford for the time being, as entirely and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as the county and archdeaconry of Oxford and the archdeacon thereof now are.

And we further recommend and propose, that the right of appointing the archdeacon of the said archdeaconry of Berks shall be vested in the Bishop of Oxford and his successors bishops of Oxford for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing other measures relating to the bishoprics of Salisbury and Oxford, respectively, in conformity to the provisions of the said Act.

All

All which we humbly recommend and propose to your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this fourth day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six.

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said scheme into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, hereby to approve thereof and to ratify the same; and it is hereby, by and with the advice aforesaid, ordered and directed, that this Order shall be forthwith registerered by the registrars of the dioceses of Oxford and Salisbury respectively in the registries of their respective dioceses; and that the said registrars do forthwith respectively certify to His Majesty in Council, that they have complied with these commands; and it is hereby further ordered and directed, by and with the advice aforesaid, that this Order shall be forthwith inserted and published in the London Gazette, and that the same, together with the said scheme and every part thereof, shall have full and perfect effect from and immediately after such registration and insertion and publication as aforesaid.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 5th day of *October* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS in and by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for "carrying into effect the reports of the Com- "missioners appointed to consider the state of the

" the Established Church in England and Wales, " with reference to ecclesiastical duties and re- " venues, so far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, " revenues, and patronage," reciting, that His Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst others, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes, and having the full force of law; and that the southern part of the diocese of Bristol,

consisting of the county of Dorset, should be transferred to the diocese of Salisbury; that all parishes which are locally situate in one diocese, but under the jurisdiction of the bishop of another diocese, should be made subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which they are locally situate; and that such variations should be made in the proposed boundaries of the different dioceses as might appear advisable, after more precise information respecting the circumstances of particular parishes or districts; and that none of the proposed alterations affecting the boundaries or jurisdiction of any diocese, the bishop of which was in possession on the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, should take effect until the avoidance of the see, without the consent of such bishop; that all the archdeaconries of England and Wales should be in the gift of the bishops of the respective dioceses in which they are situate:

It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as should be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knt. should, for the purposes of this Act, be one body pol-

politic and corporate, by the name of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might upon further enquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing in any such scheme such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations; and, in particular, that it should be competent to the said Commissioners to propose in any such scheme that all parishes, churches, or chapelries which are locally situate in any diocese, but subject to any peculiar jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese in which the same are locally situate, should be only subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which such parishes, churches, or chapelries are locally situate:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of this Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Orde or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses, the bishops whereof

might or should be in any respect affected thereby :

And it is further enacted, that every such Order should, as soon as may be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be inserted and published in the London Gazette :

And it is further enacted, that, as soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects and as to all things therein contained have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared and laid before His Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the fourth day of October one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, in the words and figures following, that is to say :

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act of Parliament, passed in this present year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports "of the Commissioners appointed to consider the "state of the Established Church in England and "Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and "revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal "dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance thereof, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for carrying into effect so much of the recommendations in the said Act contained, respecting the bishoprics of Salisbury and Bristol, as relates to the county and archdeaconry of Dorset.

We humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the right Reverend Thomas Bishop of Sa-

Salisbury and Henry Bishop of Exeter, respectively, to such parts of this scheme as relate to their respective bishoprics, in testomony whereof they have respectivcly signed and sealed this scheme, that, except as hereinafter excepted, the whole county of Dorset, and the parish of Holwell, in the county of Somerset, now forming together the archdeaconry of Dorset and part of the dioccse of Bristol, the see whcreof is now vacant, and the parish of Thornecomb, in the county of Devon, but insulated in the said county of Dorset, and now in the diocese of Exeter, shall be forthwith absolutely detached and dissevered from the said dioceses of Bristol and Exeter respectively, and shall be and become permanently annexed and united to and included in and form part of the diocese of Salisbury ; and that the said parish of Thornccomb shall be included in the said archdeaconry of Dorset and within the deanry of Bridport, and that the said archdeaconry, and all parishes and places, churches, and chapels, within the limits thereof, and the present and every future archdeacon thereof, and all rural deans, and the whole clergy, and others your Majesty's subjects within the same, shall be forthwith exempted and released from all jurisdiction, authority, and control of the sees of Bristol and Exeter respectively, and shall be under and subject to the episcopal jurisdiction, authority, and control of the said Bishop of Salisbury, and of his successors bishops of Salisbury for the time being, as entirely and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as the archdeaconry of Salisbury and the archdeacon thereof now are.

And we further recommend and propose, with the like consent of the said Henry Bishop of Exeter testified as aforesaid, that the parish of Stockland, in the said county of Dorset, but insulated in the said county of Devon, and now in the diocese of Bristol, shall in like manner be dissevered from the said diocese of Bristol, and form part of the said diocese

of

of Exeter, and be included in the archdeaconry of Exeter and within the deanry of Honiton, and be subject to the jurisdiction of the Bishop of Exeter.

And we further recommend and propose, that the right of appointing the archdeacon of the said archdeaconry of Dorset shall be vested in the said Bishop of Salisbury and his successors bishops of Salisbury for ever.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing other measures relating to the bishopric of Salisbury, in conformity to the provisions of the said Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose to your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this fourth day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty six.

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said scheme into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to ratify the same, and it is hereby, by and with the advice aforesaid, ordered and directed that the same shall be carried into effect, and that this Order shall be forthwith registered by the registrars of the dioceses of Salisbury, Bristol, and Exeter, respectively, in the registries of their respective dioceses, and that the said registrars do forthwith respectively certify to His Majesty in Council, that they have complied with these commands; and it is further ordered and directed, by and with the advice aforesaid, that this Order shall be forthwith inserted and published in the London Gazette, and that the same, together with the said scheme and every part thereof, shall have full and perfect effect from and immediately after such registration and insertion and publication as aforesaid.

C. C. Greville.

At

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 5th day of *October* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS in and by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for "carrying into effect the reports of the Commis- "sioners appointed to consider the state of the "Established Church in England and Wales, with "reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so "far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, "and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight

eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect the following, amongst other, recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that the city and deanery of Bristol should be united to the diocese of Gloucester; and that the sees of Gloucester and Bristol should be united; and that the diocese should consist of, amongst other things, the present dioeese of Gloucester and of the eity and deanery of Bristol; and that the bishops of the see of Bristol and Gloucester should be elected alternately by the dean and chapter of Bristol and by the dean and chapter of Gloucester; and that power should be given to determine the future mode of confirming such aets of the bishop of the united see as might require confirmation by a dean and chapter; and that upon the first avoidanee of either of the sees of Gloucester or Bristol, the bishop of the other of the sees proposed to be united should become, ipso facto, bishop of the two sees, and thereupon become seized and possessed of all the property, advowsons, and patronage belonging to the see so avoided; and that none of the proposed alterations affecting the boundaries or jurisdiction of any diocese, or the patronage of benefices with cure of souls, or the revenues belonging to any see, the bishop of which was in possession on the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, should take effect until the avoidance of the see, without the consent of such bishop; and that so much of the sum of six thousand pounds, recovered by the late Bishop of Bristol for damages done to the episcopal re-

residence at Bristol, and of its accumulations, as might remain after deducting proper expences, together with the money arising from the sale of the site of such residence, if sold, should be applied to the purchase or erection of a residence for the bishop of the see of Bristol and Gloucester; and that a new archdeaconry of Bristol should be created, and that a district should be assigned thereto; and that the limits of the existing deanries and archdeaconries should be newly arranged, so that every parish and extra-parochial place be within a rural deanery, and every deanery within an archdeaconry, and that no archdeaconry extend beyond the limits of one diocese; and that all the archdeaconries of England and Wales should be in the gift of the bishops of the respective dioceses in which they are situate:

It is enacted, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as should be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knight, should, for the purposes of the said Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of "the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England,"

and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might, upon further inquiry, which the said Commissioners were thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing, in any such scheme, such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations; and, in particular, that it should be competent to the said Commissioners to propose in any such scheme that all parishes, churches, or chapelries which are locally situate in any diocese, but subject to any peculiar jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese in which the same are locally situate, should be only subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which such parishes, churches, or chapelries are locally situate:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby:

And

And it is further enacted, that every such Order should, as soon as might be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be inserted and published in the London Gazette:

And it is enacted, that, so soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects, and as to all things therein contained, have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared and laid before His Majesty in Council, a scheme, bearing date the fourth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act of Parliament, passed in this present year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the "reports of the Commissioners appointed to con- "sider the state of the Established Church in "England and Wales, with reference to ecclesias- "tical duties and revenues, so far as they relate to "episcopal dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance thereof, prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme respecting so much of the recommendations in the said Act contained, relating to the union of the sees of Gloucester and Bristol, as it appears to us may be forthwith carried into effect.

Whereas by a scheme, bearing even date herewith, we have recommended and proposed that the whole archdeaconry of Dorset, now forming part of

the diocese of Bristol, the see whereof is now vacant, shall be forthwith separated from the said diocese, and annexed to the dioceses of Salisbury and Exeter respectively.

We now humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Reverend James Henry Bishop of Gloucester, in testimony whereof he hath signed and sealed this scheme, that the remaining part of the said diocese of Bristol shall be forthwith permanently annexed and united to the diocese of Gloucester, and that the same, when so united, shall for ever hereafter be and be called and known by the name of the Diocese of Gloucester and Bristol.

And we further recommend and propose, that the sees of Gloucester and Bristol shall be forthwith permanently united, and shall, when so united, be and be called and known by the name of the See of Gloucester and Bristol, and that the said James Henry now Bishop of Gloucester shall be the Bishop of the said see of Gloucester and Bristol, and shall become absolutely confirmed in the said bishopric, and, ipso facto, seized and possessed of all the property, revenues, advowsons, and patronage now belonging to the said see of Bristol, and of all the episcopal jurisdiction, power, and authority heretofore possessed and exercised by bishops of Bristol, excepting so far as relates to the said county and archdeaconry of Dorset, without any other act, deed, form, or proceeding whatsoever, other than such Order or Orders as it may please your Majesty in Council to make and issue in pursuance of this scheme, and under the authority of the said Act.

And we further recommend and propose, that the said Bishop, and his successors bishops of Gloucester and Bristol, shall be one body corporate, by the name of the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, and by that name shall have perpetual succession and a common seal, and that he and his sucessors shall

and

and may by that name sue and be sued, and shall and may take and hold all lands, tithes, advowsons, tenements, and hereditaments now held by the said James Henry as Bishop of Gloucester, or so transferred as aforesaid, or which may be given or granted to him or them by your Majesty, your heirs and successors, or by any other person or persons whatsoever, and may give or grant the same, and make leases and enjoy and do all other rights and acts in respect of the same, in as full and perfect a manner as other bishops of England Wales, but no otherwise.

And we further recommend and propose, that the said James Henry, as Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, and his successors bishops of Gloucester and Bristol, shall occupy the same seat in the cathedral church of Bristol, and shall possess and exercise the same authority and jurisdiction, ordinary and visitatorial, over the dean and chapter thereof, as has heretofore been possessed and exercised by bishops of Bristol.

And we further recommend and propose, that the said James Henry Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol shall be exempted and relieved from the payment of first fruits, and of all costs, charges, fees, and expences whatsoever in respect of his so becoming Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol.

And we further recommend and propose, that upon the first avoidance of the said see of Gloucester and Bristol, the warrant for the election of a person to be the bishop thereof shall issue to the dean and chapter of the cathedral church of Bristol, and that upon all future avoidances of the said see, the warrant for the election of a bishop thereof shall issue alternately to the dean and chapter of the cathedral church of Gloucester, and to the dean and chapter of the cathedral church of Bristol.

And we further recommend and propose, that all such episcopal acts, gifts, grants, and leases performed

formed and made by the said James Henry Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, and by his successors bishops of Gloucester and Bristol, as may require confirmation under the common seal of a dean and chapter, shall be presented for confirmation to the dean and chapter of the cathedral church either of Gloucester or of Bristol, accordingly as the right of confirmation thereof would have belonged to the one or to the other dean and chapter, if the union of the two sees had not taken place; and that every such act, gift, grant, and lease, being so confirmed by such dean and chapter, shall be good and valid.

And we further recommend and propose, that the deanery of the Forest, in the said diocese of Gloucester, but now within the archdeaconry of Hereford, shall forthwith be severed from the said archdeaconry, and exempted and released from the jurisdiction of the archdeacon thereof, and shall be included in the archdeaconry of Gloucester, and that those parts of the existing archdeaconry of Gloucester which now form the deaneries of Bristol, Cirencester, Fairford, and Hawkesbury shall be forthwith absolutely detached and disseverd from the said archdeaconry of Gloucester, and that the same and the rural deans of all the said deaneries respectively shall be exempted and released from all jurisdiction, authority, and control of the present and every future archdeacon of Gloucester; and that all the parishes within the city of Bristol shall be included in and form part of the deanery of Bristol; and that the said deaneries of Bristol, Cirencester, Fairford, and Hawkesbury shall be constituted and made one archdeaconry, and shall be called and known by the name of the Archdeaconry of Bristol; and that the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol for the time being shall and may appoint some fit and proper person to be archdeacon thereof; and that the said archdeaconry and the archdeacon thereof, and all parishes and places, churches and chapels within the limits there-

thereof, and all rural deans, and the whole clergy, and others your Majesty's subjects within the same, shall be under and subject to the episcopal jurisdiction, authority, and control of the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol for the time being, as entirely and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as the archdeaconry and archdeacon of Gloucester are now subject to the episcopal jurisdiction, authority, and control of the said Bishop of Gloucester; provided that nothing herein contained shall affect any part of the parish of Bedminster.

And we further recommend and propose, that the right of appointing the archdeacons of both the said archdeaconries of Gloucester and Bristol, respectively, shall be vested in the said Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, and his successors bishops of Gloucester and Bristol for ever.

And whereas it is expedient that the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol for the time being should reside sometimes at or near to Bristol, as well as at Gloucester; and that for this purpose a second house of residence should be provided for the said bishop in some convenient situation at or near to the said city of Bristol, we further recommend and propose, that the site of the episcopal palace heretofore possessed and occupied by bishops of Bristol for the time being, but lately so much injured and impaired as to be wholly unfit for habitation, shall be forthwith sold under our direction, and shall and may be conveyed by the said Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol to the purchaser thereof, and that the proceeds of such sale, together with such portion of the sum lately recovered as damages in an action for compensation for such injury, and the accumulations thereof, as shall remain, after payment of all proper expences incident thereto, shall be paid and transferred to us, for the purpose of being applied towards the purchase or erection, under our authority and direction, of a fit house of residence, to be

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situate as aforesaid; provided that such house, or the site whereupon any such house is proposed to be erected, shall be first submitted to and approved of by your Majesty in Council.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing other measures relating to the said bishopric of Gloucester and Bristol, in conformity to the provisions of the said Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose to your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this fourth day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six.

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said scheme into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, hereby to approve thereof and to ratify the same; and it is hereby, by and with the advice aforesaid, ordered and directed, that this Order shall be forthwith registered by the registrars of the dioceses of Gloucester and Bristol respectively in the registries of their respective dioceses; and that the said registrars do forthwith certify to His Majesty in Council, that they have complied with these commands; and it is hereby further ordered and directed, by and with the advice aforesaid, that this Order shall be forthwith inserted and published in the London Gazette, and that the same, together with the said scheme and every part thereof, shall have full and perfect effect from and immediately after such registration and insertion and publication as aforesaid.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 5th day of *October* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for "carrying into effect the reports of the Commis- "sioners appointed to consider the state of the "Established Church in England and Wales, with "reference to ecclesiastical duties and revenues, so "far as they relate to episcopal dioceses, revenues, "and patronage," reciting, amongst other things, that His Majesty was pleased, on the fourth day of February, and on the sixth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, to issue two several commissions to certain persons therein respectively named, directing them to consider the state of the several dioceses in England and Wales, with reference to the amount of their revenues, and the more equal distribution of episcopal duties, and the prevention of the necessity of attaching, by commendam, to bishoprics, benefices with cure of souls; and to consider also the state of the several cathedral and collegiate churches in England and Wales, with a view to the suggestion of such measures as might render them conducive to the efficiency of the Established Church, and to devise the best mode of providing for the cure of souls, with special reference to the residence of the clergy on their respective benefices; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had, in pursuance of such directions, made four several reports to His Majesty, bearing date respectively the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, the fourth day of March, the twentieth day of May, and the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand

eight hundred and thirty-six; and reciting, that the said Commissioners had in their said reports, amongst other things, recommended that commissioners should be appointed by Parliament for the purpose of preparing and laying before His Majesty in Council, such schemes as should appear to them to be best adapted for carrying into effect, amongst others, the following recommendations; and that His Majesty in Council should be empowered to make Orders ratifying such schemes and having the full force of law; and that two new sees should be erected in the province of York, one at Manchester, and the other at Ripon; and that the diocese of Ripon should consist of that part of the county of York which is now in the diocese of Chester, of the deanry of Craven, and of such parts of the deanries of the Ainsty and Pontefract, in the county and diocese of York, as lie to the westward of the following districts, viz. the liberty of the Ainsty, and the wapentakes of Barkston Ash, Osgoldcross, and Staincross; and that all parishes which are locally situate in one diocese, but under the jurisdiction of the bishop of another diocese, should be made subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which they are locally situate; and that such variations should be made in the proposed boundaries of the different dioceses as might appear advisable, after more precise information respecting the circumstances of particular parishes or districts; and that the bishops of the two newly erected sees should be made bodies corporate, and be invested with all the same rights and privileges as are now possessed by the other bishops of England and Wales; and that they should be made subject to the metropolitan jurisdiction of the archbishop of York; and that the collegiate churches of Manchester and Ripon should be made the cathedrals, and that the chapters thereof should be the chapters of the respective sees of Manchester and Ripon, and should be invested with all the

the rights and powers of other cathedral chapters, and that the members of them, and of all other cathedral churches in England, should be styled Dean and Canons; and that none of the proposed alterations affecting the boundaries or jurisdiction of any diocese, or the patronage of benefices with cure of souls, or the revenues belonging to any see, the bishop of which was in possession on the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, should take effect until the avoidance of the see, without the consent of such bishop; and that a new archdeaconry of Craven should be created, and that a district should be assigned to the same; and that the limits of the existing deanries and archdeaconries should be newly arranged, so that every parish and extra-parochial place should be within a rural deanry, and every deanry with an archdeaconry; and that no archdeaconry should extend beyond the limits of one diocese; and that all the archdeaconries of England and Wales should be in the gift of the bishops of the respective dioceses in which they are situate:

It is enacted, amongst other things, that the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, the Lord Archbishop of York, and the Lord Bishop of London for the time being, John Lord Bishop of Lincoln, James Henry Lord Bishop of Gloucester, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord High Treasurer or the First Lord of the Treasury, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, respectively, and such one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as should be for that purpose nominated by His Majesty under His royal sign manual (such Lord Chancellor, Lord President, Lord High Treasurer or First Lord of the Treasury, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Secretary of State being respectively members of the United Church of Great Britain and Ireland), the Right Honourable Dudley Earl of

Harrowby, the Right Honourable Henry Hobhouse, and the Right Honourable Sir Herbert Jenner, Knt. should, for the purposes of this Act, be one body politic and corporate, by the name of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and by that name should have perpetual succession and a common seal:

And it is further enacted, that the said Commissioners should, from time to time, prepare and lay before His Majesty in Council such schemes as should appear to the said Commissioners to be best adapted for carrying into effect the thereinbefore recited recommendations, and should in such schemes recommend and propose such measures as might upon further enquiry, which the said Commissioners are thereby authorised to make, appear to them to be necessary for carrying such recommendations into full and perfect effect; provided always, that nothing therein contained should be construed to prevent the said Commissioners from proposing in any such scheme such modifications or variations, as to matters of detail and regulation, as should not be substantially repugnant to any or either of the said recommendations; and, in particular, that it should be competent to the said Commissioners to propose in any such scheme that all parishes, churches, or chapelries which are locally situate in any diocese, but subject to any peculiar jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese in which the same are locally situate, should be only subject to the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese within which such parishes, churches, or chapelries are locally situate:

And it is further enacted, that when any scheme, prepared under the authority of the said Act, should be approved by His Majesty in Council, it should be lawful for His Majesty in Council to issue an Order or Orders ratifying the same, and specifying the time or times when such scheme, or the several parts there-

thereof, should take effect, and to direct in every such Order that the same should be registered by the registrar of each of the dioceses, the bishops whereof might or should be in any respect affected thereby; and in any newly created diocese by such person as should be for that purpose named in any Order, which person should, in such last mentioned diocese, become registrar there, and so continue as long as he should demean himself well in his office:

And it is further enacted, that every such Order should, as soon as may be after the making and issuing thereof by His Majesty in Council, be inserted and published in the London Gazette:

And it is further enacted, that, as soon as any such Order in Council should be so registered and gazetted, it should in all respects and as to all things therein contained have and be of the same force and effect as if all and every part thereof were included in the said Act, any law, statute, canon, letters patent, grant, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding:

And whereas the said Commissioners, pursuant to the authority vested in them by the said Act, have duly prepared and laid before His Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the fourth day of October one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, appointed and incorporated by an Act of Parliament, passed in the present year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect the reports "of the Commissioners appointed to consider the "state of the Established Church in England and "Wales, with reference to ecclesiastical duties and "revenues, so far as they relate to episcopal "dioceses, revenues, and patronage," have, in pursuance thereof, prepared, and now humbly lay before

your

your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for carrying into effect so much of the recommendations in the said Act contained, relating to the erection of two new sees, in the province of York, as it appears to us may be forthwith carried into effect.

Whereas by a scheme, bearing even date herewith, we have recommended and proposed that the sees of Gloucester and Bristol shall be united and become one see, and be held by one bishop, to be styled the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol whereby the number of the bishoprics in England and Wales will be reduced.

And whereas the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend Edward Archbishop of York and the Right Reverend John Bird Bishop of Chester, respectively, have been obtained to such arrangements affecting their respective sees, as are necessary to the erection of the proposed new bishopric of Ripon, and as are set forth in this scheme, in testimony whereof they have respectively signed and sealed this scheme; we, therefore, humbly recommend and propose, that the collegiate church of Ripon shall be forthwith constituted, and shall become and for ever hereafter be, a cathedral church and the seat of a bishop within the province of York; and that the present dean and prebendaries thereof shall from henceforth be called and styled Dean and Canons; and that the said dean and canons shall be the dean and chapter of the said church, and shall be subject to all such future orders and regulations as may be hereafter made by competent authority, touching the said cathedral church, or the said dean and chapter thereof.

And we further recommend and propose, that the town and borough of Ripon, and all such parts of the deanries of the Ainsty and of Pontefract, respectively, now forming part of the archdeaconry of York, otherwise called the archdeaconry of the west riding, in the county and present diocese of York,

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as adjoin to the western boundaries of the liberty of the Ainsty, and of the wapentakes of Barkston Ash, Osgoldcross, and Staincross, respectively, and all that part of the county of York which now forms part of the archdeaconry of Richmond and diocese of Chester; and the whole of the parish of Aldborough, in the said county of York, shall be forthwith absolutely separated and dissevered from the respective dioceses of York and Chester, and exempted and released from all episcopal jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the archbishop of York and the bishop of Chester, and of their successors archbishops of York and bishops of Chester respectively, and shall be made and constituted, and shall become and be for ever hereafter called and known by the name of, the Diocese of Ripon; and all episcopal jurisdiction, authority, and controul within and over the same, and every part thereof, shall belong to, and be exercised by, the bishop of Ripon, to be duly constituted as hereinafter provided, and to his successors bishops of Ripon.

And we further recommend and propose, that such person as shall be duly elected by the said dean and chapter, in pursuance of a warrant from your Majesty in that behalf, and shall be duly confirmed and consecrated according to law, shall become bishop of the see and diocese of Ripon, and that the said bishop, and his successors bishops of Ripon, shall be invested with all the same and the like rights, privileges, dignities, power, jurisdiction, and authority as have heretofore been and now are possessed by the respective bishops of England and Wales, and shall be subject to the metropolitan jurisdiction of the Archbishop of York, for the time being, as entirely and effectually to all intents and purposes as the other bishops within the province of York now are.

And we further recommend and propose, that the said Bishop of Ripon and his successors shall be one

one body corporate, by the name of the Bishop of Ripon, and by that name shall have perpetual succession and a common seal, and that he and his successors shall and may by that name sue and be sued, and shall have power and authority to take and hold all lands, tithes, advowsons, tenements and hereditaments, whatsoever and wheresoever, which may be given or granted to him or them by your Majesty, your heirs, and successors, or by any other person or persons whatsoever, and may give or grant the same, and make leases, and enjoy and do all other rights and acts in respect of the same in as full and perfect a manner as other bishops of England and Wales, but no otherwise.

And we further recommend and propose, that the said collegiate church shall become, and shall for ever hereafter be, the cathedral church of the said bishop and of his successors bishops of Ripon, and shall be invested with all the honours, dignities, and privileges of an episcopal seat; and that the said bishop of Ripon and his successors for ever shall enjoy and exercise the like episcopal pre-eminence, jurisdiction, power, and authority within and over the said cathedral church and the aforesaid diocese of Ripon in as full and ample a manner as other bishops of England and Wales within and over their respective dioceses and the cathedral churches thereof, and shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Archbishop of York and his successors; and that the bishop and the said dean and chapter of Ripon, and all archdeacons, and the whole clergy, and others your Majesty's subjects within the said diocese of Ripon, shall own obedience to the said Archbishop of York as their metropolitan.

And we further recommend and propose, that the said bishop of Ripon and his successors bishops of Ripon, and the said dean and chapter of the cathedral church of Ripon, and their successors shall have full power and authority to do all acts and deeds, whether jointly

jointly or severally as the case may be, within the said diocese of Ripon, in like manner and as fully and effectually as any other bishop, and the dean and chapter of any other cathedral church may now do, either jointly or severally as the case may be, within the province of York.

And we further recommend and propose, that the said diocese of Ripon shall be divided into two archdeaconries, to be called the Archdeaconry of Richmond, and the Archdeaconry of Craven, and that the archdeaconry of Richmond, in the diocese of Ripon, shall consist of the deanries of Richmond, Catterick, and Boroughbridge, and so much of the deanry of Kirkby Lonsdale as is in the county of York; and that the archdeaconry of Craven shall consist of the deanries of Pontefract and Craven; and that the archdeacon of York, otherwise called the archdeacon of the west riding, in the diocese of York, shall be discharged from all jurisdiction over those parts of his present archdeaconry, which will be within the diocese of Ripon; and that the said bishop of Ripon shall forthwith appoint some fit and proper person to be the archdeacon of the said archdeaconry of Craven; and that the right of appointing the archdeacons of the said archdeaconries respectively shall be vested in the bishop of Ripon and his successors for ever; and that both the said archdeaconries, and the archdeacons thereof for the time being, shall be under and subject to the episcopal jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the bishop of Ripon for the time being, as entirely and effectually to all intents and purposes, as the archdeaconries of the east riding, and of Cleveland, and the archdeacons thereof, are now subject to the episcopal jurisdiction, authority, and controul of the archbishop of York.

And we further recommend and propose, that the said deanry of Pontefract, in the said archdeaconry of Craven, shall consist of all those parishes and

places now within the respective deanries of Pontefract and the Ainsty, which will be within the said diocese of Ripon; provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any such plan as, upon further enquiry and consideration, shall appear to us to be expedient for newly arranging the limits of the existing deanries within the said archdeaconries respectively.

And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any further or other measures relating to the said bishopric of Ripon, and the endowment thereof, in conformity to the provisions of the said Act.

All which we humbly recommend and propose to your Majesty in Council.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this fourth day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six.

Now, therefore, His Majesty having taken the said scheme into consideration is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, hereby to approve thereof, and to ratify the same, and it is hereby, by and with the advice aforesaid, ordered and directed that this Order shall be forthwith registered by the registrars of the dioceses of York and Chester, respectively, in the registries of their respective dioceses, and also by John Burder, of Parliament-street, Gent. in a book, to be by him provided and kept for the purpose, and which shall from thenceforth become and be the registry of the diocese of Ripon, and that the said registrars, and the said John Burder, do forthwith respectively certify to His Majesty in Council, that they have complied with these commands; and it is further ordered

and

and directed, by and with the advice aforesaid, that this Order shall be forthwith inserted and published in the London Gazette, and that the same, together with the said scheme and every part thereof, shall have full and perfect effect from and immediately after such registration and insertion and publication as aforesaid.

C. C. Greville.

Foreign-Office, October 6, 1836.

A DISPATCH has been received at this Office from Sir George Baillie Hamilton, K. C. H. His Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Berlin, dated 28th September 1836, stating, that the official brack for hemp and flax is no longer obligatory at Königsberg, and has been placed on the same discretionary footing as at Memel. The change will have no influence on the manner of using the brack, which will continue to offer the same security as before to the purchasers of hemp and flax.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 11, 1836.

Downing-Street, October 8, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-Colonel Henry George Macleod to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Island of St. Christopher.

Whitehall, September 23, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to ordain and declare, that Matilda-Sophia, wife of the Reverend Dr. Robert Austen (and not Dr. William Austen, as stated in the Gazette of the 23d of September last); Georgiana, wife of John-Edmund Maunsell, of Cheltenham, in the county of Gloucester, Esq.; and Caroline-Elizabeth, wife of Thomas-Philip Maunsell, of Thorpe Malsor, in the county of Northampton, Esq. one of the Representatives in Parliament for the said county, three of the daughters and coheirs of the late William Cockayne, of Rushton-hall, in the said county of Northampton, Esq. commonly called the Honourable William Cockayne, second and youngest surviving son of Charles Viscount Cullen, of the Kingdom of Ireland, deceased, and next brother of Borlase the last Viscount Cullen, also deceased, may henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same titles, place, pre-eminence, and precedence, as if their said late father, the Honourable William Cockayne, had survived his said elder brother, Borlase Viscount Cullen, and had succeeded to the title and dignity of Viscount Cullen:

And His Majesty has also been pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in the College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 14, 1836.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 5th day of *October*, 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by a certain Act of Parliament, passed in the session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of His present Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the abolition of slavery "throughout the British colonies; for promoting "the industry of the manumitted slaves; and for "compensating the persons hitherto entitled to the "services of such slaves;" after reciting, that it was necessary that provision should be made for the apportionment, amongst the proprietors of the slaves to be manumitted by virtue of the said Act, in each of the said colonies respectively, of that part of the said compensation fund which should be so assigned, as in the said Act is therein before recited, to each of the respective colonies; it was, amongst other things, enacted, that any person having, or claiming to have, any right, title, or interest in or to any mortgage, judgement, charge, incumbrance, or other lien upon any slave or slaves to be manumitted under the said Act, might prefer such claims before the said Commissioners:

And it was further enacted, that the said Commis-

missioners should proceed in the manner to be prescribed by any general rules to be framed in manner particularly mentioned, to enquire into, and adjudicate upon, any such claims as might be so preferred to them, and should upon each such claim make their adjudication and award, in such manner and form as should be prescribed by any such general rules; and if any person interested in, or affected by, any such adjudication or award should be dissatisfied therewith, it should be lawful for such person to appeal therefrom to His Majesty in Council, and notice of any such appeal should be served upon the said Commissioners:

And it should be competent to His Majesty in Council to make and establish all such rules and regulations as to His Majesty should seem meet, respecting the time and manner of preferring and proceeding upon such appeals, and respecting the course to be observed in defending the same; which rules should be so framed as to promote, as far as might be consistent with justice, all practicable economy and dispatch in the proceeding until the decision thereof:

And it was further enacted, that the several adjudications and awards of the said Commissioners, unless duly appealed from within the respective times to be limited by His Majesty in Council for that purpose, should be final and conclusive and binding upon all persons interested therein, or affected thereby; and that the decisions of His Majesty in Council upon any such appeal should, in like manner, be final, binding, and conclusive:

And whereas His Majesty hath this day taken into consideration the propriety of making and establishing certain rules and regulations, for limiting the time within which appeals shall be preferred to His Majesty in Council from any adjudication or award of the said Commissioners:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament,

liament, and in execution of the power in His Majesty in that behalf vested, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that whenever it shall happen that any person interested in, or affected by, any adjudication or award of the said Commissioners, shall be dissatisfied therewith and shall be desirous to appeal therefrom to His Majesty in Council, then and in every such case, such person or persons shall duly lodge a petition of appeal, within fourteen days from the date of such adjudication or award, and shall forthwith serve a notice of such appeal upon the said Commissioners, by leaving the same at the office of the said Commissioners, and that no appeal from any adjudication or award of the said Commissioners shall be received, nor the proceedings under such adjudication or award be in any way suspended, unless such petition of appeal shall be so lodged, and notice thereof be so served on the said Commissioners, within the said period of fourteen days from the date of such adjudication or award as herein-before mentioned.

C. C. Greville.

Foreign-Office, October 13, 1836.

A DISPATCH, dated 24th September 1836, has been received by Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from Mr. Villiers, His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Madrid, containing a notice, of which the following is a translation, respecting the erection of a new lighthouse at San Sebastian:

(Trans-

(Translation.)

NOTICE TO NAVIGATORS.

Light-House at San Sebastian (Guipuzcoa).

THE ancient light-house at the port of San Sebastian, placed at the summit of Mount Igueldo, has been suppressed, and is about to be replaced by nother light-house at the brow of Mount Orgulloa, which forms the eastern part of the quay of that port, and where the castle of La Mota is situated.

The new light-house lies at 43° 19′ 33″ north latitude, and 4° 17′ 57″ east longitude of Cadiz, at the distance of less than a mile to the east of the ancient one. The light itself will stand 221 feet above the level of the sea. It will be a constant, and not an intermitting light, but sufficiently bright to be distinguished on clear nights, without moonlight, from a distance of above fifteen miles.

It will be lighted for the first time on the evening of the 14th September next, and will continue to be so every evening till the 3d May following; and it will be lighted, during the same period, in each succeeding year.

Madrid, August 26, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, October 12, 1836.

This day the Count Sebastiani, Ambassador Extraordinary from the King of the French, had an audience of His Majesty upon his return to this Court:

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 18, 1836.

Downing-Street, October 15, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Major-General Sir Lionel Smith, K. C. B. to be Captain-General and Governor in Chief of the Island of Jamaica and the territories depending thereon.

Downing-Street, October 17, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Colonel Sir Evan John Murray MacGregor, Bart. to be Governor and Commander in Chief of the Islands of Barbadoes, St. Vincent, Grenada, Tobago, and their dependencies.

Downing-Street, October 18, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Major-General Sir Henry Frederick Bouverie, K. C. B. to be Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Malta and its dependencies.

Downing-Street, October 18, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Lieutenant-Governor of British Guiana, Major-General Sir James Carmichael Smyth, Bart. to be Governor and Commander in Chief of that colony and its dependencies.

Whitehall, October 17, 1836.

The King has been pleased to order a Commission to pass the Great Seal appointing Charles Shaw Lefevre, Esq. Lieutenant Colonel Charles Rowan, and Edwin Chadwick, Esq. His Majesty's Commissioners for enquiring as to the best means of establishing an efficient constabulary force in the several counties of England and Wales.

Whitehall, October 15, 1836.

The King has been pleased to order a congé d'elire to the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Ripon, empowering them to elect a Bishop of that See; and His Majesty has also been pleased to recommend to the said Dean and Chapter, the Reverend Charles Thomas Longley, Doctor in Divinity, to be by them elected Bishop of the said See.

Whitehall, October 17, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend William Bruere Otter, B. A. to the vicarage of Kinlet, in the county of Salop, and diocese of Hereford, void by the promotion of the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor William Otter to the See of Chichester.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 21, 1836.

Foreign-Office, October 21, 1836.

THE King has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Stephen Henry Sulivan, Esq. now First Attaché to His Majesty's Legation at Lisbon, to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at that Court.

Whitehall, October 19, 1836.

The King has been pleased to order a Commission to pass the Great Seal, appointing Thomas Drummond, Esq. Under Secretary of State in Ireland; Colonel John Fox Burgoyne; Peter Barlow, Professor of Mathematics at the Military Academy at Woolwich; and Richard Griffith, Esq. His Majesty's Commissioners for considering and reporting upon a general system of railways in Ireland.

Whitehall, October 20, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend John Tod Brown to the charge and office of Second Minister of the church and parish of Dumfermline, in the presbytery of Dumfermline and shire of Fife, vacant by the promotion of the Reverend Peter Chalmers to the office and charge of First Minister of the said church and parish.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 25, 1836.

Office of the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's-Palace, October 25, 1836.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint Dr. W. F. Chambers to be one of Her Majesty's Physicians in Ordinary.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 28, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, October 26, 1836.

THIS day had audience of His Majesty:—

Prince Esterhazy, Ambassador Extraordinary from the Emperor of Austria, upon his return to this Court:

Rechid Bey, Ambassador from the Sultan, to deliver his credentials:

And Count St. Martin D'Aglié, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sardinia, to take leave on going abroad for a temporary absence:

To

To which they were respectively introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, September 3, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Colonel the Honourable Sir Horatio George Powis Townshend, Lieutenant-Governor of the Round Tower of Windsor Castle, in the room of Colonel the Honourable Lincoln Stanhope.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, October 21, 1836.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed the Honourable William Fitzgerald De Roos, one of the Gentlemen Ushers Quarterly Waiters in Ordinary to His Majesty.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, October 27, 1836.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed Charles Kemble, Esq. Examiner of all plays, tragedies, comedies, operas, farces, interludes, or any other entertainment of the stage of what denomination soever, in the room of George Colman, Esq. deceased.

Whitehall, October 27, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Patrick Davidson to the church of Stoer, or Rhuistore, in the parish of Assint and presbytery of Dornock, and shire of Sutherland, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Donald Gordon to the parish of Edderton, in the shire of Ross.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 1, 1836.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 26th day of *October* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Counell.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board, the humble Memorial of Sir Henry Halford, Baronet, Physician to His Majesty, and President of the College or Commonalty of the Faculty of Physic in London, setting forth, that the said President and College have, with great eare, pains, and industry, revised, corrected, and reformed a book, by them formerly published, intituled Pharmacopœia Collegii Regalis Medicorum Londinensis, prescribing and directing the manner of preparing all sorts of medicines therein contained, together with the true weights and measures by which

which they ought to be made; which book is now perfected and ready to be published, and, it is conceived, will contribute to the public good of His Majesty's subjects, by preventing all deceits, differences, and uncertainties in making and compounding of medicines, if, for the future, the manner and form prescribed therein should be practiced by apothecaries and others in their compositions of medicines; the Memorialist, therefore, most humbly prays, that His Majesty will be graciously pleased to enforce the observance thereof, in such manner as to His Majesty shall seem meet; His Majesty this day took the said Memorial into His royal consideration, and being desirous to provide, in all cases, for the common good of His people, and being persuaded that the establishing the general use of the said book may tend to the prevention of such deceits in the making and compounding medicines, wherein the lives and health of His Majesty's subjects are so highly concerned, hath, therefore, thought fit, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, hereby to notify to all apothecaries and others concerned, to the intent they may not pretend ignorance thereof, that the said book, called Pharmacopœia Collegii Regalis Medicorum Londinensis, is perfected and ready to be published; and His Majesty doth, therefore, strictly require, charge, and command all and singular apothecaries and others, whose business it is to compound medicines, or distil oils or waters, or make other extracts, within any part of His Majesty's kingdom of Great Britain called England, dominion of Wales, or town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, that they and every of them, immediately after the said Pharmacopœia Collegii Regalis Medicorum Londinensis shall be printed and published, do not compound or make any medicine or medicinal receipt or prescription, or distil any oil or waters, or make other extracts, that are or shall be in the said Pharmacopœia

copœia Collegii Regalis Medicorum Londinensis mentioned or named, in any other manner or form than is or shall be directed, prescribed, and set down by the said book, and according to the weights and measures that are or shall be therein limited, except it shall be by the special direction or prescription of some learned physician in that behalf; and His Majesty doth hereby declare, that the offenders to the contrary shall not only incur His Majesty's just displeasure, but be proceeded against for such their contempt and offences, according to the utmost severity of law.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

St. James's-Palace, October 26, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Lord John Frederick Gordon, one of the Lords of His Majesty's Bedchamber, in the room of the Lord Elphinstone, resigned.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, July 16, 1836.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed John Hulbert Glover, Esq. Librarian in Ordinary to His Majesty, at Windsor Castle.

Foreign-Office, October 31, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve of Mr. Jacques Galléano, as Vice-Consul at Gibraltar for the King of Greece.

The King has also been graciously pleased to approve of Mr. Thomas Hughes, jun. as Consul at Liverpool for the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 4, 1836.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 3d day of *August* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the third and fourth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the general regulation of the "Customs," it is, among other things, enacted, that goods of places within the limits of the East India Company's charter shall be imported only into such ports of the United Kingdom as shall be approved of by the Lords of the Treasury, and declared by an Order in Council to be fit and proper for such importation:

And whereas the port of Limerick, in the county of Limerick, has been approved of by the Lords of His Majesty's Treasury for that purpose; His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is thereupon pleased to declare, and it is hereby declared, that the said port of Limerick is fit and proper for the importation of goods from places within the limits of the East India Company's charter:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 26th day of *October* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to regulate the trade of the "British possessions abroad," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that the several ports therein in that behalf mentioned shall be free warehousing ports for all the purposes of the said Act; and it is thereby further enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Order in Council, from time to time, to appoint any port in His Majesty's possessions in America, to be a free warehousing port for all or any of the purposes of the said Act; and that every port so appointed shall be, for all the purposes expressed in such Order, a free warehousing port under the said Act, as if appointed by the same:

And whereas His Majesty doth deem it expedient to appoint the port of Saint George, in the Bermudas, a free warehousing port under the said Act, subject to the proviso hereinafter contained:

Now, therefore, in pursuance and exercise of the powers and authorities in His Majesty by the said Act in that behalf vested, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said port of Saint George, in the Bermudas, shall be a free warehousing port for all the purposes of the said Act:

Provided always, and it is hereby ordered, that nothing herein contained shall exempt any goods, wares, or merchandise, imported from the said port of Saint George into any of the British possessions in the West Indies, or on the Continent of South Ame-

America, or into the Bahama Islands, from the payment of the duties now chargeable thereon in such places under the said Act:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Foreign-Office, November 3, 1836.

A NOTE, of which the following is a translation, has been received by Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. His Majesty's Prineipal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from M. Tricoupi, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of His Majesty the King of Greece:

(Translation.)

My Lord, *London, November 2,* 1836.

IN order to prevent the Cholera, which is spreading itself more and more in Italy, from being introduced into Greece, the Government of the King, my august master, resolved to establish in Greece two special provisional lazarettoes for vessels, passengers, and goods procceding from places in which the cholera prevails.

The establishment of these two lazarettoes has already taken place, one at Aghia, near Patras, and the other at Delos, near Syra.

All vessels, passengers, and goods procceding from countries in which the cholera prevails, will be sent to these lazarettoes, in order to perform quarantine, and will not be admitted under any pretext, into any other port in the Kingdom.

The quarantine will be for seventeen days.

The necessary measures have already been adopted in order that vessels, passengers, and goods may

have every requisite security, both by sea and land, and also every facility of which circumstances may admit.

Vessels proceeding from places in which there only exists a suspicion of cholera, will not be sent into those two special lazarettoes, but will be subject, in every port of the Kingdom, to a quarantine of observation of eleven days.

In hastening to communicate to your Lordship the foregoing sanitary regulations, I request you will accept the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

(Signed) S. TRICOUPI.

Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. &c. &c. &c.

IN pursuance of an Act, passed in the fortieth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to regulate the mode by which the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons, to serve in the Parliament of the United Kingdom, on the part of Ireland, shall be summoned and returned to the said Parliament," I do hereby give notice, that the Right Honourable Cornwallis Maude Viscount Hawarden has been chosen by a majority of votes to be the Peer to sit and vote, on the part of Ireland, in the House of Lords of the United Kingdom, in the room of James Stevenson Baron Dufferin and Claneboye, this 31st day of October 1836.

John Hart, Deputy Clerk, Crown and Hanaper.

White-

Whitehall, October 20, 1836.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Ensign Edward-Patrick Lynch, of the Bombay Native Infantry, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, of the second class, which His Majesty the Shah of Persia hath been pleased to confer upon him, in approbation of his services whilst attached to the Persian army; provided, nevertheless, that the said licence and permission doth not authorise, and shall not be deemed or construed to authorise, the assumption of any stile, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And to command, that this His Majesty's concession and especial mark of His royal favour, together with the relative documents, be recorded in the College of Arms.

Tithe Commission-Office, London, November 3, 1836.

The Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed John Johnes, of Dolecothy, in the county of Carmarthen, Barrister at Law, to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales; and the said John Johnes was sworn in on the 3d instant, before Sir James Allan Park, one of His Majesty's Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, according to the provisions of the said Act.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 11, 1836.

Tithe Commission Office, London, November 11, 1836.

THE Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed John Strangeways Donaldson, Gent. to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales; and the said John Strangeways Donaldson was sworn in on the 11th instant, before Sir Joseph Littledale, one of His Majesty's Justices of the Court of King's Bench, according to the provisions of the said Act.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 15, 1836.

THE names of those who were nominated for Sheriffs by the Lords of the Council, at the Exchequer, on the Morrow of Saint Martin, in the seventh year of the reign of King William the Fourth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six.

Bedfordshire, William Henry Whitbread, of Southill, Esq.

Wil-

	William Hugh Wade Gery, of Bushmead Priory, Esq.
	John Mackay, of Ravensden, Esq.
Berkshire,	James Wheble, of Woodley-Lodge, Esq.
	Winchcombe Henry Howard Hartley, of Bucklebury-House, Esq.
	Robert George Throckmorton, of Buckland-House, Esq.
Buckinghamshire,	John Membhard Hibbert, of Chalfont St. Petre, Esq.
	John Chester, of Chicherley, Esq.
	Benjamin Way, of Denham, Esq.
Camb' & Hunt'.	Thomas Mortlock, of Little Abingdon, Esq.
	Edward Humphrys Greene, of Hinxton, Esq.
	John Dobede, of Soham, Esq.
Cheshire,	Charles Peter Shackerley, of Somerford, Esq.
	George Cornwall Leigh, of High Leigh, Esq.
	Thomas Hibbert, of Birtles, Esq.
Cornwall,	John Bassett, of Trehidy, Esq.
	Thomas James Agar Robartes, of Lanhydrock, Esq.
	William Henry Pole Carew, of East Anthony, Esq.
Cumberland,	Sir Francis Fletcher Vane, of Armathwaite, Bart.
	John Dixon, of Knells, Esq.

Tho-

	Thomas Hartley, of Gillfoot, Esq.
Derbyshire,	George Moore, of Appleby-Hall, Esq.
	Edward Anthony Holden, of Aston-on-Trent, Esq.
	Broughton Benjamin Steade Pegge Burnell, of Beauchief-Abbey, Esq.
Devonshire,	William Roope Ilbert, of Bouringsleigh, Esq.
	Augustus Saltun Willett, of Tapley, Esq.
	Sir Anthony Buller, of Pound, Knt.
Dorsetshire,	James Chamness Fyler, of Hefleton-Lodge, Esq.
	Richard Brinsley Sheridan, of Frampton, Esq.
	Wyndham Godden, of Over Compton, Esq.
Durham,	Anthony Wilkinson, of Coxhoe-Hall, Esq.
	Sir Robert Johnson Eden, of Windleston, Bart.
	Sir William Chaytor, of Witton-Castle, Bart.
Essex,	Jonathan Bullock, of Faulkbourn-Hall, Esq.
	William Colton, of Wallwood in Leyton, Esq.
	Christopher Thomas Tower, of Weald-Hall, Esq.
Gloucestershire,	Henry Norwood Trye, of Leckhampton-Court, Esq.
	Purnell Bransby Purnell, of Stancomb-Park, Esq.

Ed-

	Edward Sampson, of Henbury, Esq.
Herefordshire,	James Phillips, of Bringwyn, Esq.
	Thomas Monnington, of Sarnesfield, Esq.
	John Holden Matthews, of Hereford, Esq.
Hertfordshire,	George Proctor, of Bennington, Esq.
	The Honourable George Frederick Hotham, of Hertingfordbury.
	Claude George Thornton, of Tewin, Esq.
Kent,	Francis Bradley, of Gore-Court, Esq.
	George Warde Norman, of Bromley, Esq.
	Sir Joseph Henry Hawley, of Leybourne Grange, Bart.
Leicestershire,	Sir Arthur Grey Heselrigg, of Noseley-Hall, Bart.
	Thomas Frewin Turner, of Cold Overton, Esq.
	Sir Edmund Cradock Hartopp, of Gumley, Bart.
Lincolnshire,	Sir Thomas Whichcote, of Aswarby, Bart.
	Sir Culling Eardly Smith, of Nettleton, Bart.
	George Fischi Heneage, of Stainton-Hall, Esq.
Monmouthshire,	Philip Jones, of Lanarth-Court, Esq.
	John Ethrington Welch Rolls, of the Hendre, Esq.

	Colthurst Bateman, of Pertholey, Esq.
Norfolk,	Jack Petre, of Westwick-Hall, Esq.
	Sir James Flower, of Eccles, Bart.
	Robert Fellowes, of Shottisham-Park, Esq.
Northamptonshire,	William Willes, of Astrop, Esq.
	John Reddall, of Darlington, Esq.
	William Drayson, of Floore, Esq.
Northumberland,	William John Charlton, of Hesleyside, Esq.
	John Davidson, of Ridley-Hall, Esq.
	William Lawson, of Longhirst, Esq.
Nottinghamshire,	William Taylor, of Ratcliffe-on-Trent, Esq.
	Robert Ramsden, of Carlton in Lindrick, Esq.
	James Lee, of West Retford, Esq.
Oxfordshire,	Philip Thomas Herbert Wykham, of Tythrop, Esq.
	John Lechmere, of Steeple Aston, Esq.
	Samuel Fortnam Cox, of Sandford, Esq.
Rutlandshire,	John Stokes of Caldecot, Esq.
	Matthew Laxton, of Greetham, Esq.
	Henry Heathcote, of North Luffingham, Esq.

Shrop-

Shropshire,	Benjamin Flounders, of Culmington, Esq. Thomas Henry Hope, of Netley-Hall, Esq. Philip Morris, of the Hurst, Esq.
Somersetshire,	Alexander Adair, of Heatherton-Park, Esq. Robert Phippen, of Badgworth-Court, Esq. Thomas Henry Ernst, of Westcombe, Esq.
Staffordshire,	Thomas Higgins Burn, of Loynton-Hall, Esq. William Moore, of Wychdon-Lodge, Esq. George Thomas Whitgrave, of Moseley-Court, Esq.
County of Southampton,	The Honourable William Henry Ashe A'Court Holmes, of Westover. Andrew Robert Drummond, of Cadlands, Southampton, Esq. George Henry Warde, of Northwood-Park, Esq.
Suffolk,	Thomas Hallifax the elder, of Shimpling, Esq. Arthur John Brook, of Horningsheath, Esq. Sir Hyde Parker, of Long Melford, Bart.
Surrey,	Thomas Challoner Biss Challoner, of Poxhales, Esq. Thomas Alcock, of King's-Wood-Warren Esq. Samuel Paynter, of Richmond, Esq.

Sussex,	George Henry Malcomb Wagner, of Hertmonceaux, Esq. John Davies Gilbert, of Eastbourne, Esq. George Palmer, of Tonbridge Wells, Esq.
Warwickshire,	John Ward Boughton Leigh, of Brownsover-Hall, Esq. Henry Cadwallader Adams, of Ansty, Esq. Sir George Philips, of Weston, Bart.
Wiltshire,	Sir Frederick Hutcheson Harvey Bathurst, of Clarendon-Park, Bart. John Christian Boodé, of Lucknum, Esq. Francis Thomas Egerton, of Roche-Court, Esq.
Worcestershire,	Wilson Aylesbury Roberts, of Bewdley, Esq. Robert Berkeley, of Spitchley, Esq. William Congreve Russell, of King's-Heath, Esq.
Yorkshire,	Sir Robert Frankland, of Thirkleby, Bart. Mark Milbank, of Thorpe Perrow, Esq. William Rookes Compton Stansfield, of Esholt, Esq.

Foreign-

Foreign-Office, November 12, 1836.

DISPATCHES, dated the 30th of August and 6th of September last, have been received by Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from Mr. Pakenham, His Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary, and Mr. O'Gorman, His Majesty's Consul General, in Mexico, containing decrees, of which the following are translations:

(Translation.)

Government of the District.

EDICT.

JOSE GOMEZ DE LA CORTINA, Citizen, Colonel of the Battalion of Commerce, and Governor of the District.

The following decree has been communicated to me by the Secretary of War and Marine.

" His Excellency the President *ad interim*, of the Mexican Republic has been pleased to address to me the following decree:

" The President *ad interim*, of the Mexican Republic to the inhabitants thereof, know ye, that the General Congress has decreed as follows:

" While the negociations pending with Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain for the recognition of the independence of this country are being definitively arranged, hostilities with that nation are suspended; and the Government is hereby empowered to regulate its dispositions with respect to com-

commeree, without exceeding the basis of reciproeity."

(Signed) Miguel Valentin, President.
Atenogenes Castillero, Seeretary.
Rafael de Montalvo, Seeretary.

Wherefore, I eommand, &e.

"Mexieo, August 27, 1836.

(Signed) Jose Justo Corro.

"*To Don Jose Maria Tornel.*"

And I communicate it to you for your information, &e.

(Signed) Tornel.

To the Governor of the District.

And, that all may know it, I order that it be published by edict in this eapital and throughout the distriet, being placarded in the aceustomed places, and distributed to those charged with the observanee of it.

Given in Mexieo, this 29th day of Augnst 1836.

(Signed) Jose Gomez de la Cortina.

(Translation.)

Department of Finance.

Section 1.

HIS Exeelleney the President *ad interim,* of the Republic has been pleased to address to this Department the decree which follows:

"The President *ad interim,* of the Mexiean Republie to the inhabitants thereof, makes known, that the General Congress has deereed the following:

"Art. 1. The tonnage duty, which the law of the 16th

16th of November 1827 imposes upon foreign vessels, when once paid by them at the port of delivery, neither ought to be, nor ought to have been, exacted from them in any other port to which they may proceed, and may have proceeded, for any purposes permitted by the laws.

"Art. 2. Neither shall said impost be exacted from distressed vessels which may be driven involuntarily into any port of the Republic, provided always that the fact is satisfactorily proved."

(Signed) Miguel Valentin, President.
Jose R. Malo, Secretary.
Atenogenes Castillero, Secretary.

Wherefore, I order, &c.

"Mexico, August 31, 1836.

(Signed) Jose Justo Corro."

And, for the due observance of the preceding law, His Excellency the President *ad interim*, orders that, with respect to the vessels which may be circumstanced as mentioned in the first article thereof, the authorities of the respective maritime custom-houses forthwith proceed either to cancel the bonds exacted by them from the parties concerned, for the payment of the duty in question, or to refund to the said parties what they may have recovered from them, making the proper entries of the same, and informing the Supreme Government in the manner pointed out by the superior orders upon the matter.

I communicate the above decree to you for your information and guidance.

God and liberty.

Mexico, August 31, 1836.

(Signed) J. de la Fuente.

Lord

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, October 26, 1836.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed Sir George Ballingall Surgeon in Ordinary to the King in Scotland.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 18, 1836.

Whitehall, November 18, 1836.

THE King has been pleased to present the Reverend Alexander Fraser to the church and parish of Kirkhill, in the presbytery and shire of Inverness, vacant by the death of the Reverend Donald Fraser.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 22, 1836.

IN pursuance of the directions of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act "to repeal so much of two Acts, made in the tenth "and fifteenth years of the reign of His present "Majesty, as authorises the Speaker of the House "of Commons, to issue his warrant to the Clerk of "the Crown for making out writs for the election "of Members to serve in Parliament, in the manner "therein mentioned, and for substituting other pro-"visions for the like purposes:"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of the Right Honourable George John Forbes, commonly called Viscount Forbes, late Member serving in this present Parliament for the borough of Longford, hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Knight to serve in this present Parliament for the said county of Longford, at the end of fourteen days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand the 21st day of November 1836,

J. ABERCROMBY, Speaker.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 29, 1836.

Foreign-Office, November 29, 1836.

THE King has been graciously pleased to appoint George Moore, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at Ancona.

The King has also been graciously pleased to approve of Don Antonio Brosa as Consul at Kingston, Jamaica, for Her Catholic Majesty.

The King has also been graciously pleased to approve of Mr. J. M. J. Tilby as Consul at Liverpool for His Majesty the King of Greece.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 2, 1836.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS it hath been represented unto Us, by Our Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral, that considerable doubts have arisen on the interpretation of those clauses of Our Royal Proclamations, dated the nineteenth of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and third of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, which direct that the said Proclamations shall take effect from the periods at which notice thereof shall have been received in the several Courts of Vice-Admiralty; and that in many instances the distribution of bounty for captured slaves is actually delayed in consequence of such doubts; and it hath been humbly submitted to Us, by Our said Commissioners, that, in order to obviate the same, it is expedient to assign a precise and uniform date at which each of the said Proclamations, of one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four and one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, are respectively to take effect: We do, therefore, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, think fit to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby directing, that distribution be

made by the scale authorised in Our said Proclamation, dated the nineteenth of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, with regard to the proceeds of all captures made within its scope, which shall have been, or shall be, condemned in the High Court of Admiralty, in any Vice-Admiralty Court, or any Court of Mixed Commission, from and after the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, inclusive; and hereby further directing, that distribution be made according to the scale authorised by Our Proclamation, dated the third of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, in regard to the proceeds of all captures made within its scope, which shall have been, or shall be, condemned in any such Courts as aforesaid, from and after the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, inclusive; save and except, that in cases of distributions already made, the proceedings therein are not to be subject to revision, as being in any way vitiated by this Our Royal Proclamation.

Given at Our Court at Brighton, this thirtieth day of November, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and in the seventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM, R.

WHEREAS Our Parliament stands prorogued to Thursday the eighth day of December next; We, with the advice of Our Privy Council, do hereby publish and declare, that the said Parliament shall be further prorogued, on the said eighth day of December next, to Tuesday the thirty-first day of January next; and We have given order to Our Chancellor of that part of Our United Kingdom called Great Britain, to prepare a commission for proroguing the same accordingly; and We do further hereby, with the advice aforesaid, declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure, that the said Parliament shall, on the said thirty-first day of January next, assemble and be holden for the dispatch of divers urgent and important affairs: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses, and the Commissioners for Shires and Burghs of the House of Commons, are hereby required and commanded to give their attendance accordingly, at Westminster, on the said thirty-first day of January next.

Given at Our Court at Brighton, this thirtieth day of November one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and in the seventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

The names of the Gentlemen nominated by the Judges of the respective Circuits in Wales, qualified to serve the office of Sheriff for the several counties in the principality of Wales, for the year 1837:

SOUTH WALES.

Breconshire,	Crawshay Bailey, of Beaufort, Esq. Howel Gwyn, of Abercrave, Esq. James Duncan Thompson, of Sunny-Bank, Esq.
Carmarthenshire,	William Henry Wilson, of Penycoed, Esq. John Lloyd Price, of Glangwilly, Esq. Timothy Powell, of Penycoed, Esq.
Cardiganshire,	John Hughes, of Alltlwyd, Esq. Thomas Winwood, of Tyglynayron, Esq George Edwards, of Noyadd, Esq.
Glamorganshire,	Howel Gwyn, of Alltwen, Esq. Thomas Starling Benson, of Tyrlandwr, Esq. John Nicholas Lucas, of Stouthall, Esq.
Pembrokeshire,	John Adams, of Holyland, Esq. Charles Longcroft, of Trewern, Esq. Thomas Lloyd, of Trewern, Esq.

Rad-

Radnorshire,	Thomas Baskerville Mynors Baskerville, of Clirow, Esq. Hans Busk, of Nantmel, Esq. Edward Rogers, of Stanage-Park, Esq.

NORTH WALES.

Anglesey,	William Massey, of Penygraigwen, Esq. Hugh Beaver, of Glyn Garth, Esq. William Bulkeley Hughes, of Brynllwyd, Esq.
Carnarvonshire,	Sir John Salisbury Piozzi Salisbury, of Tyrhent, Knt. The Honourable Thomas Pryse Lloyd, of Plashen. Love Albert Parry, of Dicock, Esq.
Denbighshire,	John Heaton, of Plas Heaton, Esq. Robert Myddelton Biddulph, of Chirk-Castle, Esq. Henry Meredith Mostyn, of Segwit, Esq.
Flintshire,	Sir Edward Mostyn, of Talacre, Bart. Joseph Lee, of Radbrooke, Esq. Edward Morgan, of Golden-Grove, Esq.
Merionethshire,	Sir Robert Williames Vaughan, of Nannan, Bart. John Manners Kerr, of Plasissa, Esq. Richard Wathin Price, of Rhiwlas, Esq.

Mont-

Montgomeryshire,	Robert Phillips, of Hiros, Esq. William Humffreys, of Llwyn, Esq. Thomas Lewis, of Caer saer, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 6, 1836.

St. James's-Palace, August 8, 1836.

THE King has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint Thomas Blewitt, Esq. late 86th Regiment, one of His Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice C. R. Coxwell.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 9, 1836.

At the Court at *Brighton*, the 30th day of *November* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for rendering "more easy the taking the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time hereafter, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division:

And whereas the justices of the peace of the county of Nottingham, assembled in quarter sessions at the Shire-hall in Nottingham, on Monday the seventeenth day of October in the year of our Lord

one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, presented their humble petition to His Majesty, therein stating, that the number of polling places for the said county is insufficient, and that the directions prescribed by the said Act of Parliament, in regard to the said petition, have been complied with, and, therefore, humbly praying, that His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, would be pleased to declare that the several places hereinafter mentioned should be additional polling places for the said county (that is to say), East Leake, Lowdham, and Sutton-upon-Trent, in the southern division, and Nuttall, in the northern division:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared accordingly, that the several places mentioned in the said petition (that is to say), East Leake, Lowdham, and Sutton-upon-Trent, in the southern division, and Nuttall, in the northern division of the county of Nottingham, shall be additional polling places for the said county.

C. C. Greville.

Foreign-

Foreign-Office, December 9, 1836.

DISPATCHES, dated the 24th of October last, have been received by Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from Mr. Pakenham, His Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary in Mexico, transmitting decrees of the Mexican Government, of which the following are translations:

(Translation.)

THE President of the Mexican Republic to its inhabitants: know that, taking into consideration the difficulties which experience has taught of completely fulfilling the provisions of the fourth article of the law of the 31st March 1831, with regard to the presentation of particular manifests, in triplicate, of every consignment, signed by the Mexican Consuls or Vice-Consuls nearest to the port of shipment, through its not having been possible to proceed to the definitive arrangement of the provisions of the fifth article of the same law, and in the exercise of the authority with which I am invested by the decree of the 20th September last, have thought proper to decree, as a general rule, that which follows:

1. When foreign merchant vessels leave a port where there is a Mexican Consul or Vice-Consul, they shall bring with them and present, in triplicate, the general manifest in the terms prescribed by the first article of the law of the 31st March above-mentioned, with the further obligation, that they come certified, signed, and sealed by that functionary.

2. The particular manifests, in triplicate, of every consignment in the terms prescribed by the fourth article of the said law, shall be brought and be presented at our maritime and frontier custom-houses,

with the same obligations, as to the certificate, signature, and seal, as are enjoined in the preceding article of this decree.

3. When foreign merchant vessels arrive from a port where there is no Mexican Consul, or Vice Consul, they shall bring with them, in triplicate, the general and particular manifests certified, signed, and sealed by the Collector of Customs or Chief Officer of the Customs, respectively, of the port whence such vessels sail, under which necessary condition they shall be admitted into our ports and frontiers.

4. The invoices or particular manifests in every one of the cases to which the 1st and 3d articles of this decree apply, shall be positively drawn up in an entire sheet of paper, without any interruption or separation between the statement of its contents and the dates, signatures, and certificate, even if it should be necessary to turn over or to add another sheet.

5. As there is now no reason for either the general or particular manifests being presented without their respective certificates, it is declared, that the omission of this requisite, with regard to the former, will be punished, in the first instance, by a fine of from five hundred to two thousand dollars, and, in case of recurrence, with the confiscation of the vessel; if the defect should be in the particular manifests by omission of articles, excess, or otherwise, it shall be punished with the penalties denounced in the said law of 31st March 1831, which is declared in full force in all particulars not opposed to this decree.

6. The provisions of the foregoing articles of this decree shall receive their strict and complete fulfilment at the expiration of three months of their publication in this capital, for the ports of the West Indies, and of the Gulf of Mexico, and for the other ports within six months of the said publication, it being understood that, until the conclusion of this period, the Custom-houses of the sea ports and fron-

frontiers will continue to act towards foreign merchant ships as hitherto practised.

With this view, I cause this to be printed, &c.

(Signed) Jose Justo Corro.

(Countersigned) Alas.

Mexico, October 4, 1836.

(Translation.)

Regulations for the Commercial Relations between Mexico and Spain.

Article 1. Spanish merchant vessels shall be allowed to trade in the ports of the Republic, provided that the captains or supercargoes of the said vessels in the act of being visited by the health officers or captain of the port present to the latter a certificate, signed and sealed from the Commandant-General of Marine, where there may be one, or from the captain of the port, stating that Mexican merchant vessels will be admitted into the ports from which they came, and that there will not be exacted from them therein other or higher duties than those prescribed by the tariff in force.

Article 2. Spanish merchant vessels shall be subject to all the laws and regulations in force in our ports, for foreign trade, respecting exhibition of general and particular manifests, payment of duties, and other relative requisites, as well of importation as of exportation.

Article 3. Spanish goods, produce, and effects may be imported into the ports of the Republic by the merchant vessels of any foreign nation, being subject in every particular to the laws of prohibition, and to the payment of duties prescribed in the tariff in force for those of fair trade.

Article 4. As soon as the certificates treated of in the

the first article of these regulations have been received and examined by the Captain of the port, they shall be officially forwarded by him to the Collector of the respective maritime Custom-house, in order that this functionary may proceed to the dispatch of the vessels in the manner laid down, and also that he may transmit said documents to this department to be made such use of as may seem expedient.

Article 5. The Collectors of the maritime Custom-houses of the Republic, may henceforth dispatch Mexican and Foreign merchant vessels, which wish to make their voyage directly to any port of the Peninsula or Spanish dominions, according to the provisions, and subject to the duties established for the export trade. (Signed) ALAS.

Department of Finance,
Mexico, 8, October 1836.

Foreign-Office, December 9, 1836.

A DISPATCH, dated the 26th November 1836, has been received by Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, from William Smith, Esq. His Majesty's Consul at Lisbon, containing a decree, of Her Most Faithful Majesty, of which the following is a translation:

Decree.

HAVING taken into consideration the Exposé of the Minister of Finance, I am pleased to order, provisionally and until the new Custom-house Tariff shall have been carried into effect, as follows, viz.

Those foreign goods which, in accordance with the second article of the decree of the 18th of April 1834, were to pay a less duty for consumption than thirty per cent. at the Lisbon and Oporto Custom-houses,

houses, shall enjoy the same benefit at the other Custom-houses of the kingdom, provided they were already admissible there for consumption prior to the publication of the said decree.

The Minister for Home Affairs shall cause this decree to be carried into execution.

Palace of Necessidades, 24th November 1836,

(Signed) THE QUEEN.

(Countersigned) MANOEL DA SILVA PASSOS.

Whitehall, December 7, 1836.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Duncan M'Dougall, Esq. Brigadier-General in the service of the Queen of Spain, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Order of San Fernando, of the first and third classes, which the Queen Regent of Spain has been pleased to confer upon him, in approbation of his conduct while in the actual service of Spain, and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that His Majesty's said concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

Whitehall, December 7, 1836.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Major John Gaspard Le Marchant, Brigadier-General in the service of the Queen of Spain, His royal licence and

and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Order of San Fernando, of the third class, which the Queen Regent of Spain has been pleased to confer upon him, in approbation of his conduct while in the actual service of Spain, and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided nevertheless, that His Majesty's said license and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that His Majesty's said concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

Whitehall, December 7, 1836.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Captain William Considine, Colonel in the service of the Queen of Spain, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Order of San Fernando, of the second class, which the Queen Regent of Spain has been pleased to confer upon him, in approbation of his conduct while in the actual service of Spain, and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that His Majesty's said concession and especial mark of His royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 16, 1836.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, December 16, 1836.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning, on Sunday next the 18th instant, for His late Majesty King Charles the Tenth, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The Court to change the mourning on Sunday the 25th instant, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And on Wednesday the 28th instant, the Court to go out of mourning.

Foreign-Office, December 16, 1836.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Gilbert Gordon, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at Havre de Grace.

War-Office, 16*th December* 1836.

MEMORANDUM.

His Majesty has approved of the 12th, 39th, 56th, and 58th Regiments, which have been permitted to bear the word "*Gibraltar*" on their colours and appointments, in commemoration of their distinguished gallantry in the defence of Gibraltar in the year 1782, bearing also *the Castle and Key,* being part of the armorial bearings of that fortress, together with the motto, "*Montis Insignia Calpe.*"

Tithe Commission-Office, London, December 14, 1836.

The Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Charles Pym, of Ryde, in the Isle of Wight, Gent. to be an Assistant-Commissioner under the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales; and the said Charles Pym was sworn in on the 14th instant, before Sir J. Vaughan, one of His Majesty's Justices for the Court of Common Pleas, according to the provisions of the said Act.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 20, 1836.

At the Court at *Brighton*, the 30th day of *November* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by letters patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster the twenty-second day of September one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, His Majesty was graciously pleased to grant unto John Howard Kyan, therein described, his executors, administrators, and assigns, for a term of fourteen years, the sole benefit and advantage of his invention of "an improved mode of preserving paper, canvass, "cloth, and cordage for ships and other uses, and "the raw materials of hemp, flax, or cotton, from "which the same may wholly or in part be made," as well within that part of His Majesty's United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, as also in all His Majesty's colonies and plantations abroad:

And whereas by letters patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster the eleventh day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, His Majesty was also graciously pleased to grant unto the said John Howard Kyan, his executors, administrators, and assigns, for a term of fourteen years, the sole benefit and advantage of his invention of a new mode of pre-

serving certain vegetable substanees from decay, within all His Majesty s colonies and plantations abroad:

And whereas speeifieations of the aforesaid inventions, and of the manner in whieh the same are to be performed, were duly enrolled, pursuant to the provisoes for that purpose in the said letters patent severally eontained:

And whereas under and by virtue of an Aet of Parliament, made and passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to enable John "Howard Kyan to assign to a eompany certain "letters patent," and of an indenture of assignment made pursuant thereto, the aforesaid letters patent, and all rights, privileges, and advantages thereby granted, have been assigned to the Anti Dry-Rot Company:

And whereas the said Anti Dry-Rot Company hath, by a memorial, addressed to His Majesty in Council, humbly represented that the said Anti Dry-Rot Company are now at very eonsiderable expence proceeding to bring into use the said invention greatly to the benefit of the public; and, that although the aforesaid letters patent of themselves severally extend to all His Majesty's colonies and plantations abroad, it is eonvenient, and, as regards some colonies, eonformable to usage, for the more effeetual maintenanee of the right thereby granted, that the said letters patent, or eertified copies thereof, should be respectively enrolled in the proper offiees of registry in His Majesty's several eolonies and plantations abroad, and therefore, praying that His Majesty would be pleased to make an Order in Council for the enrolment of the said letters patent, and of the specifieation thereof respectively, or of certified eopies thereof, within His Majesty's eolonies and plantations abroad respectively; His Majesty is, therefore, pleased, by and with the adviee of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that if the said Anti Dry-Rot Company shall deposit,

or

or cause to be deposited, in the Office of the Colonial Secretary, or in the Office for the Registration of Deeds within each of the several colonies to which the legislative authority of His Majesty in Council extends, true and perfect copies of the said letters patent and specification; and if to such copies so deposited there shall be annexed the affidavit or affidavits of one or more credible witness or witnesses to be sworn before the Colonial Secretary or Registrar of Deeds with whom the same may be deposited, to the effect of such witness or witnesses having diligently compared such copies with the original letters patent and specification, and found the same to be true, perfect, and exact copies thereof in every respect (which oath such Colonial Secretary or Registrar of Deeds is hereby authorised to administer), then and in that case each and every copy of the said letters patent and specification respectively, with the said affidavit or affidavits annexed, shall, within the colony in which the same shall be so deposited, be and be deemed, taken, and reputed to be, to all intents and purposes, as valid and effectual as the original of the said letters patent or specification, if there exhibited and produced, could or might be: and it is hereby further ordered, that in all courts, and before all judges, justices, and others whom it may concern, in all those colonies to which the legislative authority of His Majesty in Council extends, whenever and so often as it may be necessary to make proof of the said letters patent or specification, it shall be competent for the Anti Dry-Rot Company, and their assigns, to produce and give in evidence such copies thereof, so to be deposited as aforesaid in the Office of the Colonial Secretary or Registrar of Deeds of the respective colonies:

And the Right Honourable Lord Glenelg, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 27, 1836.

At the Court at *Brighton*, the 22d day of *December* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county in which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to settle and "determine the divisions of counties, and the limits "of

" of cities and boroughs, in England and Wales, " in so far as respects the elections of Members " to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the county of Middlesex, assembled at the Michaelmas quarter sessions, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing that the number of polling places for the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that Bethnal-green, the city of London, the city of Westminster, and Hampstead, may be polling places for the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Bethnal-green, the city of London, the city of Westminster, and Hampstead, shall be polling places for the said county of Middlesex: and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at *Brighton*, the 22d day of *December* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act "to settle and determine the divisions of counties, "and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England "and Wales, in so far as respects the elections of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the county of Surrey, assembled at the Michaelmas quarter sessions, one thou-

thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the western division of the said county is insufficient, and therefore praying, that the towns of Farnham, Godalming, Epsom, and Chobham, in the said western division of the said county, may be polling places for the said western division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Farnham, Godalming, Epsom, and Chobham, in the western division of the said county, shall be polling places for the said western division of the said county of Surrey; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said western division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at *Brighton*, the 22d day of *December* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for rendering more easy the taking "the poll at county elections," it is enacted, that it

shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England and Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying, that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for any county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to "settle and determine the divisions of counties, and "the limits of cities and boroughs, in England and "Wales, in so far as respects the elections of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

And whereas the justices of the county of Stafford, assembled at the Michaelmas quarter sessions, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, have presented their petition to His Majesty, representing, that the number of polling places for the northern divison of the said county are insufficient, and therefore praying, that the several towns of Burton-upon-Trent and Uttoxeter, may be polling places for the said northern division of the said county:

Now, therefore, His Majesty having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh year of His reign, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, declare, order, and

and direct, that the said several places mentioned in the said petition, namely, Burton-upon-Trent and Uttoxeter, shall be polling places for the northern division of the said county of Stafford; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, assembled in quarter sessions or some special sessions, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His Majesty's reign, shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide the said northern division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

C. C. Greville.

Whitehall, December 24, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Samuel Campbell to the church and parish of Berriedale, in the presbytery and county of Caithness, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Donald Maclachlan to the church and parish of North Knapdale.

Whitehall, December 26, 1836.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Edward Serjeantson, A. M. to the vicarage of Kirby Stephen, in the county of Westmorland and diocese of Carlisle.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 30, 1836.

At the Court at *Brighton*, the 22d day of *December* 1836,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS in the third year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, an Act was passed, intituled "An Act for further continuing, "altering, and amending several Acts for the better "regulation of lastage and ballastage in the River "Thames; and for enabling the Corporation of "Trinity-house of Deptford Strond to reduce, alter, "modify, relinquish, or abolish dues payable to "the said Corporation; and for other purposes "connected therewith;" whereby after reciting, among other things, that "under the authority and by virtue of the several Acts of Parliament therein recited, as well as of other Acts of Parliament, and of divers charters, grants, and letters patent of Kings and Queens of this realm, and also by prescriptive right, the Master, Wardens, and Assistants for the time being of the Trinity-house of Deptford Strond aforesaid have collected, taken, levied, and received from or in respect of ships and vessels requiring ballast, the several rates and prices specified in the Act therein mentioned, of the forty-fifth year of the reign of His

His late Majesty King George the Third, and certain dues or duties, rates or tolls of various denominations from or in respect of all British ships and vessels, and from or in respect of all foreign ships and vessels entering or departing from the ports, harbours, or roadsteads of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and that the Master, Wardens, and Assistants of the Trinity-house of Deptford Strond aforesaid have not, by the terms of the said several Acts of Parliament, charters, grants, and letters patent, or any of them, any power to reduce, modify, alter, relinquish, or abolish any of the rates, prices, dues, duties, and tolls imposed or granted, collected, taken, levied, and received as aforesaid; and that it is expedient that the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants should be empowered (under the regulations thereinafter contained) to reduce, alter, modify, relinquish, or abolish, and at any time or times thereafter to revive and re-establish any of the rates, prices, dues, duties, and tolls aforesaid, or any part or parts thereof, from time to time as to them the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants should seem meet, just, and reasonable;" it is, amongst other things, enacted, that the Master, Wardens, and Assistants for the time being of the Corporation of Trinity-house of Deptford Strond aforesaid shall be, and they are thereby, authorised and empowered, from time to time, and at any time or times thereafter, upon the requisition, or with the consent of His Majesty, His heirs and successors, in His or Their Most Honourable Privy Council, to reduce, relinquish, abolish, alter, or modify all or any or either of the rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls imposed or granted by the said several grants, charters, or Acts of Parliament, or any of them, or collected, taken, levied, and received under the authority thereof respectively, or by ancient usage, custom, or prescription, or any part

or parts thereof, as far as may be consistent with the charitable and other uses, purposes, and interests for which the said Corporation has been established and maintained; and that it shall also be lawful for the Master, Wardens, and Assistants for the time being of the said Corporation of Trinity-house of Deptford Strond, at any time or times after the passing thereof, to revive and re-establish any rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls which may have been relinquished or abolished, or to increase, or otherwise alter or modify, any rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls which may have been reduced, altered, or modified under the authority of the said Act, and so from time to time to relinquish or abolish, and revive or re-establish, and reduce or increase, alter or modify, all or any of such rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls as occasion may require, so as, nevertheless, that no such rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls shall at any time be increased beyond the amount which might be collected, taken, levied, or received by the said Corporation in respect thereof before the passing of the said Act; and it is thereby provided, that no such relinquishment, abolition, reduction, alteration, or modification, or subsequent revival, re-establishment, increase, alteration, or modification, of any such rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls, or any or either of them, or any part or parts thereof, shall at any time be deemed valid or take effect until the same shall have been submitted by the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants to, and shall have been assented to and confirmed by, His Majesty, His heirs, or successors, in His or Their Most Honourable Privy Council, and such assent and confirmation shall have been signified in writing unto the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants; and that it shall be lawful for the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants to fix and determine the period (so that the same do not exceed three calendar months, from the receipt by them of such assent or confirmation as afore-

aforesaid), from and after which all and every the rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls so relinquished or abolished, shall be discontinued and no longer collected, taken, levied, or received, or from and after which all and every the rates, prices, dues, duties, or tolls so revived or re-established, reduced, increased, altered, or modified respectively as aforesaid, shall and may be collected, received, levied, or taken:

And whereas by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for vesting light-"houses, lights, and sea-marks, on the coast of "England, in the Corporation of Trinity-house of "Deptford Strond, and for making provisions "respecting light-houses, lights, buoys, beacons, "and sea-marks," after reciting, that, by the above recited Act of 3 George IV, the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants were empowered to reduce, relinquish, or modify, as therein mentioned, the tolls due to them; and that in exercise of the said power they had, with such consent, reduced and modified sundry of the tolls in the said Act mentioned, to the great relief of the owners of vessels liable thereto; and reciting, that in order to the further relief of owners of vessels it was expedient that the powers of the said Act given to the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants should be enlarged and extended to the several tolls then or thereafter to be payable to the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants, it is enacted, that the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants may, from time to time, upon the requisition or with the consent of His Majesty in Council, reduce, relinquish, or modify the tolls then or thereafter payable to them in respect of any light-house, and, upon the like requisition or with the like consent, may revive and re-establish or increase and otherwise modify, as occasion shall require, in such manner and form, and subject to such conditions and limitations, as the said

Mas-

Master, Wardens, and Assistants are empowered to do in respect of the tolls mentioned in the above recited Aet, passed in the third year of His said late Majesty's reign:

And it is further enaeted, that the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants, Commissioners and Corporation respectively, from time to time, upon the like requisition or with the like eonsent of His Majesty in Council, may make regulations for the purpose of relieving certain vessels from the tolls payable to the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants, Commissioners, and Corporation respeetively, in respect of any light-houses, upon sueh terms and to such extent as to them respectively shall seem proper, or for the purpose of substituting any other class of toll or other payment in respect of vessels, or any partieular description of vessels, in lieu of the tolls to which sueh vessels may be subjeet at the time of the making sueh regulations respectively, or for the purpose of altering the times and places, or either of them, at which any tolls in respeet of any light-houses shall be payable, and may revoke or alter any such regulations; and from and after the time when such regulation shall take effeet, the tolls thereby made payable shall be paid by the owners and masters of the vessels mentioned therein (unless otherwise direeted by such regulation), and be recoverable by the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants, Commissioners and Corporations respectively, at sueh time and plaee, and in such manner, as were the tolls in lieu whereof the same shall have been so made payable: provided always, that no sueh regulation, or revocation or alteration of any sueh regulation, shall take effect until the same shall have been submitted by the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants, Commissioners or Corporation respectively, to, and shall have been assented to and eonfirmed by, His Majesty in Council, and such assent and confirmation shall have been signified in writing to the said Master, War-

Wardens, and Assistants, Commissioners or Corporation respectively, nor until one month after the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants, Commissioners or Corporation respectively, shall have caused notice of such regulation, or of such revocation or alteration of any regulation (as the case may be), to be published in the London Gazette:

And whereas the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants have submitted to His Majesty, in His Most Honourable Privy Council, the following propositions for the reduction of the duties on buoyage and beaconage payable at the port of London, and for establishing an uniformity of charge for the various duties now payable under ancient usage at other ports in respect of buoyage and beaconage, and also for regulating the collection of light-house and other duties on coasting vessels (that is to say):

FIRST.—*Trinity Duties, or Buoyage and Beaconage, in the Port of London, payable by Coasting Vessels, viz.*

From any port or place to the southward or eastward of Yarmouth—present rate per ton, one halfpenny; proposed rate per ton, one halfpenny.

From Yarmouth, or any port or place north thereof, to Berwick, inclusive—present rate per ton, five-eighths of a penny; proposed rate per ton, one halfpenny.

From or round Scotland—present rate per ton, one penny; proposed rate per ton, one halfpenny.

From all parts, if laden with coal present rate per ton, one farthing; proposed rate per ton, one farthing.

SECOND.—*Trinity Duties, or Buoyage and Beaconage, payable at the following Ports, viz.*

WOODBRIDGE.—On all vessels, present rate per ton, one farthing.

HARWICH.—Colliers, coastwise, present rate per ton, one farthing. All other British vessels, present rate per ton, one halfpenny. Foreign vessels, not privileged, present rate per ton, two pence.

ALDBOROUGH.—On all vessels, present rate per ton, one farthing.

COLCHESTER.—Colliers, coastwise, present rate per ton, one farthing. All other British vessels, present rate per ton, one halfpenny. Foreign vessels, not privileged, present rate per ton, two pence.

MALDON.—Colliers and coasters, present rate per ton, one halfpenny. All other British vessels, present rate per ton, one penny. Foreign vessels, not privileged, present rate per ton, two pence.

LEIGH.—On all vessels, present rate per ton, one halfpenny.

ROCHESTER.—Colliers, present rate per ton, one farthing. All other British vessels, present rate per ton, one halfpenny. Foreign vessels, not privileged, present rate per ton, one penny.

FAVERSHAM.—Colliers, from Newcastle and Sunderland, present rate per ton, one farthing. All other British vessels, present rate per ton, one halfpenny. Foreign vessels, not privileged, present rate per ton, two pence.

It is proposed, that at these several ports the under-mentioned duties be established in lieu of those before-mentioned, viz.

Coasters and colliers, coastwise, one farthing per ton.

All

All other British vessels, and Foreign privileged vessels, one halfpenny per ton.
Foreign vessels, not privileged, one penny per ton.

That at London, and the other ports above specified, the said rates of duty shall be payable for the inward passage only. That all British and Foreign privileged vessels shall be exempt therefrom, when navigated wholly in ballast. And that the ports so specified shall be deemed to comprise the several crecks, members, and roads within their respective limits.

THIRD.—That all light and other duties payable to the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants by coasters and colliers, coastwise, shall be collected at the port of delivery, instead of at the port of lading as at present.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the said Acts of Parliament, and in exercise of the authority thereby vested in His Majesty in Council in that behalf, His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, doth hereby assent to and confirm the said proposed reductions and alterations; and it is hereby ordered that such assent and confirmation be signified, in writing, unto the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants by the Clerk of His Majesty's Council in Waiting, to the intent that, in further pursuance of the said above recited Acts, the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants do fix and determine the period, not exceeding three calendar months from the receipt by them of such assent or confirmation, from and after which the rates and duties so reduced, altered, or modified may be collected, received, levied, and taken; provided always, that the said regulation for the collection of the said duties payable by colliers and coasting vessels shall

not take effect until one month after the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants shall have caused notice of the same to be published in the London Gazette:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

Hanover, December 1, 1836.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint George Chenevix, Esq. Surgeon-Major of the Coldstream Guards, to be Surgeon to His Royal Highness.

In pursuance of the directions of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act "to repeal so much of two Acts, made in the tenth "and fifteenth years of the reign of His present "Majesty, as authorises the Speaker of the House "of Commons to issue his warrant to the Clerk of "the Crown, for making out writs for the election "of Members to serve in Parliament, in the manner "therein mentioned, and for substituting other provisions for the like purposes:"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of Sir Michael Shaw Stewart, Bart. late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the county of Renfrew, hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament

liament for the said county of Renfrew, at the end of fourteen days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand the 26th day of December 1836, J. Abercromby, Speaker.

Downing-Street, December 21, 1836.

The King has been pleased to appoint Major-General Henry Sheehy Keating, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Commander of the said Order.

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the King of Greece, 21; John M'Neill, Esq. appointed His Majesty's Minister to the Shah of Persia, 60; also Envoy Extraordinary, 168; Justin Sheil, Esq. to be Secretary to the Legation at Persia, 65; notification of the blockade of the fortress and town of Puerto Cabello, 78; Thomas De Grenier Fonblanque, Esq. appointed Consul at Dantzig, 82; George Stoddart, Esq. to be Consul at Madeira, 103; Patrick W. Kelly, Esq. to be ditto at Carthagena, *ibid.*; Jacob James Hart, Esq. Consul for Saxony, 119; Hugh Wilson, Esq. Consul at Arica, *ibid.*; Judges, &c. to the mixed British and Spanish Court of Justice at Sierra Leone, and also at the Havana, under the treaty for the abolition of the slave trade, 121; James Brant, Esq. Consul at Erzeroom, 122; Mr. L. de Drusina, Consul at Port Louis, 126; Samuel Gardner, Esq. to be Consul at Jassy, 146; official letter from Mr. Villiers, Envoy Extraordinary, &c. at the Court of Spain, respecting the conduct to be pursued by British vessels passing the Castle of Tarifa, 189; dispatch from His Majesty's Consul at Elsinore, transmitting an account of the expence attending the towage of vessels through the Sound, 197; dispatch from His Majesty's Ambassador at the Court of Persia, relative to the duties payable by British subjects trading to Persia, 203; John Parkinson, Esq. to be Consul in Mexico, 242; Charles T. O'Gorman, Esq. to be ditto at Bahia, *ibid.*; John Hesketh, Esq. to be ditto at Para, *ibid.*; dispatch from His Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Berlin, stating that the official brack at Königsberg has been placed on the same footing as at Memel, for the benefit of purchasers of hemp and flax, 307; dispatch from His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary, &c. at Madrid, respecting the erection of a new light house at San Sebastian, instead of the old one, 311; Stephen Henry Sulivan, Esq. to be Secretary to the Legation at Lisbon, 315; Mr. Jacques Galléano, Vice-Consul at Gibraltar for the King of Greece, 320; Mr. Thomas Hughes, jun. Consul at Liverpool for the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, *ibid.*; official note from M. Tricoupi, Envoy Extraordinary, &c. of His Majesty the King of Greece, notifying the establishment of lazarettoes at Aghia, and at Delos, for the performance of quarantine, 323; dispatches from His Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary at Mexico, containing decrees relative to the tonnage duty imposed on foreign vessels, 335; G. Moore, Esq. Consul at Ancona, 338; Don Antonio Brosa, Consul at Kingston, Jamaica, for her Catholic Majesty, *ibid.*; Mr. J. M. J. Tilby Consul at Liverpool for the King of Greece, *ibid.*; further dispatches from His Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary at Mexico, containing various decrees of the Mexican Government; and also regulations for commercial relations between Mexico

Mexico and Spain, 347; dispatch from His Majesty's Consul at Lisbon, containing a decree of the Queen of Portugal relating to duties paid by foreign goods for consumption, at the Custom Houses at Lisbon and Oporto, giving them the same benefit as at the other custom houses of the kingdom, 350; Gilbert Gordon, Esq. appointed Consul at Havre de Grace, 354.

Franklin, Sir John, the King's permission to accept and wear the Gold Cross of the Order of the Redeemer, 20; appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Van Diemen's Land, 114.

Fraser, the Reverend Alexander, presented to the church and parish of Kirkhill, Inverness-shire, 336.

G.

Galléano, Mr. Jacques, Vice-Consul at Gibraltar for the King of Greece, 320.

Galvão, Monsieur, Envoy Extraordinary, &c. from the Emperor of Brazil, has audience of the King, 51, 89; his audience of the Queen, 52.

Gardner, Samuel, Esq. to be Consul at Jassy, 146.

Garter, Chapter of the Order of the, held, when the Duke of Hamilton and the Marquess of Lansdowne were invested with the insignia of the Order, 57; permission granted them to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the Order, 59;

Gersdorff, Monsieur de, his audience of the King, as Resident Minister from the King of Saxony, 51.

Glover, John Hulbert, Esq. Librarian in Ordinary at Windsor Castle, 320.

Gordon, Lord John Frederick, Lord of His Majesty's Bedchamber, 320.

———, Gilbert, Esq. Consul at Havre de Grace, 354.

Gregory, Caroline, wife of Arthur Francis, to hold and enjoy the same title and precedence as if her father had succeeded to the title of Viscount Hood, 125.

Grey, the Honourable and Reverend John, to be Vicar of Woller, alias Wooler, 115.

H.

Haldane, the Reverend James, presented to the church and parish of Kingoldrum, Forfarshire, 191.

Hall, T. J. Esq. to be Police Magistrate of Liverpool, 11.

Hallyburton, the Honourable Douglas Gordon, permission granted to, to hold and enjoy the same title and precminence as if his late father had succeeded to the title of Marquess of Huntley, 184.

Hamill,

Hamill, Thomas Cochrane, Esq. appointed Provost Marshal of British Guiana, 87.
Hamilton, Duke of, elected Knight of the Garter, 57.
Hampden, the Reverend R. D. appointed Regius Professor of Divinity at Oxford, 70.
Hart, Henry, Esq. Knighted, 81.
——, Jacob James, Esq. Consul for Saxony, 119.
Harvey, Colonel Sir John, appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Prince Edward Island, 23.
——, William Henry, Esq. Treasurer and Accountant-General at the Cape of Good Hope, 220.
Hawarden, Viscount, chosen Temporal Peer of Ireland, 324.
Hawkins, the Reverend B. L. appointed one of the Domestic Chaplains to the Duke of Cambridge, 10.
Herbert, Charles Lyon, Esq. Knighted, 241.
Hesketh, John, Esq. to be Consul at Para, 242.
Hesse, orders for Court mourning for the Grand Duchess of, 77.
Hindmarsh, John, Esq. appointed Governor and Commander in Chief of South Australia, 24.
Hodgson, the Reverend Francis, presented to the Archdeaconry of Derby, 199.
Home Department, Whitehall—Reverend George Burnside presented to the church and parish of Orr, alias Urr, Dumfrieshire, 5; the Reverend James Dewar presented to the church and parish of Salin, isle of Mull, 10; T. J. Hall, Esq. appointed Police Magistrate of Liverpool, 11; the Right Honourable H. Bickersteth appointed Master of the Rolls, 12; the Right Honourable Sir C. C. Pepys, Knt. granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom, 13; the Honourable Mary Elizabeth Campbell granted the dignity of a Baroness of the United Kingdom, *ibid.*; the Right Honourable H. Bickersteth granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom, *ibid.*; John M'Neill granted permission to wear the Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, 14; permission granted to Sir John Franklin to wear the Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, 20; Sir Keith Alexander Jackson granted the like permission, 21; permission granted to John Petty Ward, the Reverend Henry Ward, &c. to hold and enjoy the title of Viscount Bangor, 25; the Reverend Robert Lee presented to the church and parish of Campsie, 60; permission granted to the younger brothers and sister of the present Earl of Hardwicke to hold and enjoy the same title, pre-eminence, &c. as if their father had succeeded to the said title, 63; permission granted to Lieutenant John Laughton to accept and wear the insignia, of the second class, of the Order of the Lion and Sun, 69; the Reverend R. D. Hampden granted the office and place of Regius Professor of Divinity in the University of

Oxford, 70; the dignity of Baronet granted to the following gentlemen,—Sir H. Bethune, Lieutenant-General Sir T. M. Brisbane, D. Campbell, J. Rivett Carnac, and Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Fairfax, 71; also to C. Mackenzie, the Reverend J. B. Mill, R. W. Newman, H. C. Paulet, Sir F. A. Rowe, Vice-Admiral Sir C. Rowley, and J. S. G. Sawle, 72; Doctor Edward Maltby to be Bishop of Durham, 83; the Reverend John Downie Kennedy to be Preacher of the Gospel to the church and parish of Nigg, *ibid.*; Charles Sidebottom, Esq. appointed a Magistrate for the city of Worcester, 97; the Reverend Thomas Adam Colling to be Vicar of Buckland Brewer, *ibid.*; the Right Honourable Dominick Browne granted the dignity of a Baron of Ireland, 103, 113; the Honourable and Reverend John Grey to be Vicar of Woller, alias Wooler, 115; Lord Belhaven to be High Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, 121; permission granted to the younger brother and sister of Viscount Hood to hold and enjoy the same title and precedence as if their father had succeeded to the title of Viscount Hood, 125; the Earl of Errol appointed Lieutenant and Sheriff-Principal of Aberdeenshire, 163; Nassau William Senior, Esq. to be a Master in Ordinary of the High Court of Chancery, 168; the Reverend John Laird to be Preacher of the Gospel to the church and parish of Inverkeilor, 172; Doctor Joseph Allen to be Bishop of Ely, 173; Doctor Samuel Butler to be Bishop of Lichfield, *ibid.*; the Reverend Michael Stewart Johnstone to be Preacher of the Gospel to the church and parish of Monnigoff, 174; the Reverend Duncan Campbell presented to the church and parish of Glenlyon, *ibid.*; John Power, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 183; Sir F. W. Macnaghten, ditto, *ibid.*; J. Kennedy, Esq. ditto, *ibid.*; Lieutenant-General Sir W. Houstoun, ditto, *ibid.*; permission granted to Douglas Gordon Hallyburton, Esq. to hold and enjoy the same title and precedence as if his late father had succeeded to the title of Marquess of Huntley, 184; the Reverend Colin Hunter, presented to the church of Portnahaven, Argyleshire, 185; the Reverend James Haldane presented to the church and parish of Kingoldrum, Forfarshire, 191; the Reverend Francis Hodgson presented to the Archdeaconry of Derby, 199; the Reverend Lewis Macpherson presented to the church at Inch, Inverness-shire, 205; the Reverend Peter Chalmers presented to the church and parish of Dumfermline, *ibid.*; permission granted to Sir John Nicoll Robert Campbell to accept and wear the Order of the Lion and Sun, of the first class, 206; permission granted to Sir Henry Pynn to accept and wear the Cross, of the third class, of the Order of Saint Ferdinand, &c.

&c. 207; the Reverend John H. Caunter nominated to Saint Saint Paul's chapel, Mary-le-bone, 221; Lord John Russell one of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, 228; Thomas Henry Lister, Esq. Register-General of births, deaths, and marriages in England, 232; permission granted to John Martin, Esq. Historical Painter to the King, to accept and wear the insignia of the Order of Leopold, *ibid.*; James Huart, Esq. to be Inspector of Factories, 242; W. Blamire, T. Wentworth Buller, and the Reverend R. Jones appointed Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales, *ibid.*; take the oaths as such, 243; John G. Dalyell, Esq. Knighted, *ibid.*; the Reverend William Otter recommended to the Dean and Chapter of Chichester Cathedral to be elected Bishop of that See, 252; Commissioners appointed for enquiring into the state of registers of births, deaths, and marriages in England and Wales, 257; permission granted to the three daughters of the late William Cockayne, Esq. to have, hold, and enjoy the same title, place, pre-eminence, and precedence as if their father had succeeded to the title and dignity of Viscount Cullen, 271, 308; Commissioners for enquiring as to the best means of establishing an efficient constabulary force in England and Wales, appointed, 314; the Reverend Charles Thomas Longley, Bishop of Ripon, *ibid.*; the Reverend W. Bruere Otter, Vicar of Kinlet Shropshire, *ibid.*; Commissioners for considering and reporting upon a general system of railways in Ireland, appointed, 315; the Reverend John Tod Brown, Second Minister of the church and parish of Dumfermline, *ibid.*; the Reverend Patrick Davidson presented to the church of Stoer, or Rhuistore, Sutherlandshire, 318; permission granted to Ensign E. P. Lynch to accept and wear the Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, 325; the Reverend A. Fraser presented to the church and parish of Kirkhill, 336; permission granted to Major John Gaspard Le Marchant to accept and wear the Order of San Fernando, of the third class, 351; also permission granted to Captain William Considine to wear the second class of the said Order, 352; the Reverend Samuel Campbell presented to the church and parish of Berriedale, 363; the Reverend Edward Serjeantson presented to the vicarage of Kirkby Stephen, Westmorland, *ibid.*

Hood, Francis Grosvenor, Esq. to hold and enjoy the same title and precedence as if his father had succeeded to the title of Viscount Hood, 125.

Hooker, William Jackson, L. L. D. Knighted, 115.

Houstoun, Lieutenant-General Sir William, granted the dignity of a Baronet, 183.

Hughes, Mr. Thomas, Consul at Liverpool for the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, 320.

Hunter, the Reverend Colin, presented to the church of Portnahaven, Argyleshire, 185.
Hutchins, the Reverend William, to be Archdeacon of Van Diemen's Land, 114.
Hutt, William, Esq. appointed Colonization Commissioner of South Australia, 24.

I.

India Board—dispatch from Colonel Chesney, detailing the account of the loss of the Tigris steamer, 208;
Insolvent Debtors, Circuits of the Commissioners for the relief of, Spring, 7; Summer, 126; Autumn, 247, 263.
Ireland, the Right Honourable Baron Dunsany chosen one of the Representative Peers for, 21; Lords Justices of, appointed, 146; notice of writs having been issued for the election of a Temporal Peer, 258; Viscount Hawarden elected a Peer of, 324.

J.

Jackson, Sir Keith Alexander, permission to accept and wear the insignia of the Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, 21.
Jeremie, John, Esq. appointed First Puisne Judge of the island of Ceylon, 87.
Jerningham, Honourable G. S. S. to be Secretary to the Legation at Turin, 4.
Johnstone, the Reverend Michael Stewart, presented to the church of Monnigoff, 174.
Jones, Colonel William, appointed Gentleman Usher Quarterly Waiter to the Queen, 80.
——, Colonel Daniel, Knighted, 97.
——, the Reverend Richard, Tithe Commissioner for England and Wales, 242.

K.

Keating, Major-General Henry S. to be a Knight Commander of the Military Order of the Bath, 373.
Kelly, Patrick William, Esq. to be Consul at Carthagena, 103.
Kemble, Charles, Esq. Examiner of all plays, tragedies, commedies, &c. 317.
Kennedy, the Reverend John Downie, appointed Minister of the church and parish of Nig, 83.
——, John, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet, 183.

L.

Lansdowne, Marquess of, elected a Knight of the Garter, 57.
Laird, the Reverend John, Preacher of the Gospel to the church and parish of Inverkeilor, 172.

Laugh-

Laughton, Lieutenant John, permission granted to wear the insignia, of the second class, of the Order of the Lion and Sun, 69.
Lee, the Reverend Robert, presented to the church of Campsie, Stirlingshire, 60.
Lees, J. C. Esq. Chief Justice of the Bahama Islands, 220.
Lefevre, John George Shaw, Esq. appointed Colonization Commissioner for South Australia, 24.
Leigh, Capel Hanbury, Esq. appointed Lord Lieutenant of the county of Monmouth, 50.
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Lewis, G. Cornwall, Esq. Commissioner of Enquiry at Malta, 246.
Light, Henry, Esq. to be Lieutenant-Governor of Antigua, 106.
Lindesay, Colonel Patrick, Knighted, 223
Lister, Thomas Henry, Esq. Register-General of births, deaths, and marriages in England, 232.
Longley, the Reverend Doctor Charles Thomas, Bishop of Ripon, 314.
Ludolph, the Count de, Envoy Extraordinary, &c. from the King of the Sicilies, has audience of the Queen, 52, 96; his audience of the King, 60, 89.
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Lyster, John, Esq. Gentleman Usher Quarterly Waiter to the King, 124.
Lynch, Ensign E. P. permission to wear the Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, 325.

M.

MacGregor, Sir Evan John Murray, Governor and Commander in Chief of the islands of Barbadoes, Saint Vincent, Grenada, and Tobago, 313.
Mackenzie, Colin, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 71.
Mackinnon, William A. Esq. appointed Colonization Commissioner for South Australia, 24.
Macleod, Lieutenant-Colonel Henry George, Lieutenant-Governor of the island of Saint Christopher, 307.
Macnaghten, Sir F. Workman, granted the dignity of a Baronet, 183.

M'Neill, John, Esq. allowed to wear the Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, 14; appointed His Majesty's Minister to the Shah of Persia, 60; also Envoy Extraordinary, 168.
M'Pherson, William, Esq appointed Clerk of the Legislative and Executive Councils of New South Wales, 94.
Macpherson, the Reverend Lewis, presented to the church at Inch, Inverness-shire, 205.
Mahommed Noory Effendi, has audience of the King, 51.
Malet, Sir A. to be Secretary to the Legation at the Hague, 4.
Maltby, Doctor Edward, to be Bishop of Durham, 83.
Martin, John, Esq. permission granted to, to accept and wear the insignia of the Order of Leopold, 232.
Maude, Captain the Honourable James Ashley, Knighted, 80.
Maxwell, Major-General Charles William, Knighted, 82.
Meade, Urania Caroline, permission to hold and enjoy the same titles, place, and pre-eminence as if her late father had succeeded to the title of Viscount Bangor, 25.
Mill, the Reverend John Barker, granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 72.
Mills, Samuel, Esq. appointed Colonization Commissioner for South Australia, 24.
Moncorvo, the Baron del Torre de, Envoy Extraordinary, &c. from the Queen of Portugal, has audience of the King, 51; his audience of the Queen, *ibid.*
Montefiore, Jacob, Esq. appointed Colonization Commissioner for South Australia, 24.
Moore, Vice-Admiral Sir Graham, appointed a Knight Grand Cross of the Military Order of the Bath, 86.
——, George, Esq. Consul at Ancona, 338.
Mountain, the Venerable George J. appointed Bishop of Montreal, 65.
Mourning, Court, for the Queen of the Two Sicilies, and also for the Grand Duchess of Hesse, 77; for the King of Saxony, 176; and for King Charles the Tenth, 353.

N.

Netherlands, audience of the King by the Envoy Extraordinary, &c. from the King of the, 78; his audience of the Queen, 79.
Newman, Robert William, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 72.

O.

O'Gorman, Charles T. Esq. Consul at Bahia, 242.
Oldenburg, the Prince of, has audience of the King, 173; and also of the Queen, *ibid.*

Osborne, Theodosia, permission to hold and enjoy the same title, place, and pre-eminence as if her father had succeeded to the title of Viscount Bangor, 25.
Otter, the Reverend William, Bishop of Chichester, 252:
———, the Reverend W. Bruere, Vicar of Kinlet, Shropshire, 314.

P.

Palmer, George, Esq. appointed Colonization Commissioner for South Australia, 24,
Para, notice of the blockade of the ports of, by the Regent of Brazil, 20.
Parkinson, John, Esq. Consul at Mexico, 242.
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————, new Houses of, notice from the Commissioners for the examination of the designs for, of their having made a selection, 22.
————, Peeresses intending to be present at the opening of, to have places reserved for them, 23 ; His Majesty's procession to the House of Peers, and His speech to both Houses on opening the session, 26.
————, Acts of, received the Royal assent, 84, 90, 98, 118, 152, 156, 165, 177, 192, 201, 216, 224, 230, 237.
————, Speaker's notice certifying the death of Viscount Forbes, late Member for Longford, 337.
Paulet, Henry Charles, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 72.
Pearson, Edwin, Esq. appointed Lieutenant of the Yeoman of the Guard, 68 ; Knighted, 129.
Pellew, the Honourable F. B. R. Knighted, 90.
Pennington, James, Esq. appointed Colonization Commissioner for South Australia, 24.
Pentland, Joseph Barclay, Esq. Consul-General of Bolivia, 219.
Pepys, the Right Honourable Sir C. C. granted the dignity of Baron of the United Kingdom, 13.
Peyton, John Strutt, Esq. Knighted, 80.
Plunkett, John Hubert, Esq. appointed Attorney-General of New South Wales, 87.
Poor-Law Commissioners, notice from the, appointing Assistant Commissioners, 15, 61, 116.
Power, John, Esq. granted the dignity of a Baronet, 183.
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regard to the distribution of bounty for the capture of slaves, under the Proclamations of the years 1834 and 1836, 339; further prorogation of Parliament, and then to meet for dispatch of business, 344.

Puerto, Cabello, notification of the blockade of the fortress and town of, by the Republic of Venezula, 78.

Pynn, Sir Henry, permission granted to, to wear the insignia of the Cross, of the third class, of the Order of Saint Ferdinand, 207.

R.

Ralli, Mr. Pendias, approved of as Consul in London for the King of Greece, 21.

Reddie, John, Esq. to be Chief Justice of Saint Lucia, 101.

Reeve, Thomas Newley, Esq. to be Standard Bearer to the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, 159.

Revans, John, Esq. appointed Assistant Poor-Law Commissioner, 61.

Roberts, Josiah, Esq. appointed Colonization Commissioner for South Australia, 24.

Roe, Sir Frederick Adair, granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 72.

Rose, William, Esq. appointed one of the Gentlemen of the Privy Chamber, 219.

Rough, William, Esq. appointed Chief Justice of the island of Ceylon, 87.

Rowley, Vice-Admiral Sir Charles, granted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 72.

Russell, Lord John, one of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners of England, 228.

S.

Saint James's Palace—William Charles Ellice, Esq. Knighted, 5; procession of His Majesty to the House of Peers, and His speech to both Houses on opening the session, 26; the following Ministers at this Court have audiences of His Majesty, viz.:—the Baron del Torre de Moncorvo, Mahommed Noory Effendi, Monsieur Galvão, the Marquess de Barbecena, and Monsieur de Gersdorff, 51; Count de Ludolf has audience of the King, 60, 89; Edward Pearson, Esq. appointed Lieutenant of the Yeomen of the Guard, 68; Knighted, 129; the following Ministers at this Court have audience of His Majesty, viz.:—Count de Bjornstjerna, M. Van de Weyer, and M. Dedel, 78; Major-General Wilshire Wilson, Knighted, 79; James John Gordon Bremer, Esq. Knighted, *ibid.*; Captain the Honourable James Ashley Maude, Knighted, 80; John Strutt Peyton, Esq.

Esq. Knighted, 80; Henry Hart, Esq. Knighted, 81; Major-General C. W. Maxwell, Knighted, 82; T. Derenzy, Esq. appointed Exon of the Yeoman of the Guard, *ibid.*; Monsieur Galvão has audience of His Majesty, 89; the Honourable F. B. R. Pellew, Knighted, 90; A. Bunn, Esq. appointed one of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, *ibid.*; Prince Ferdinand of Portugal, Duke Ferdinand of Saxe Cobourg Gotha, and Prince Augustus of Saxe Cobourg Gotha, have audience of His Majesty, 96; Colonel Daniel Jones, Knighted, 97; Major-General W. G. Davy, Knighted, *ibid.*; the Baron Bülow has audience of His Majesty, 98, 168; George H. Seymour, Esq. Knighted, 100; William Jackson Hooker, LL.D. Knighted, 115; the Baron de Cetto has audience of His Majesty, 123; a Stick of Office presented to the Secretary to the Captain of the Gentlemen at Arms, *ibid.*; W. D. Bullock, Esq. to be one of the Gentlemen at Arms, 129; F. H. Talman, Esq. to be ditto, 145; Charles Dance, Esq. to be ditto, 158; Thomas Newley Reeve, Esq. to be Standard Bearer to the same Honourable Corps, 159; Duke of Saxe Cobourg Gotha and the Princes Ernest and Albert have audience of the King, 167; John Simpson, Esq. Knighted, 172; the Prince of Oldenberg has audience of their Majesties, 173; Major Warwick Hele Tonkin, Knighted, 175; David Wilkie, Esq. ditto, *ibid.*; Captain W. Symonds, Knighted, 183; Count Sebastiani and Andrew Stephenson, Esq. have audience of His Majesty, 199; David William Davidson, Esq. one of the Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, 223; Colonel Patrick Lindesay, Knighted, *ibid.*; procession of His Majesty to the House of Peers, and His speech to both Houses of Parliament on proroguing the same, 233; M. Tricoupi, Envoy Extraordinary, &c. from the King of Greece, has audience of His Majesty, 241; Charles Lyon Herbert, Esq. Knighted, *ibid.*; the Baron de Blome, Envoy Extraordinary, &c. from the King of Denmark, has audience of His Majesty, 245; M. Dedel, Envoy Extraordinary, &c. from the King of the Netherlands, has audience of His Majesty, 252; Baron Bülow has audience of His Majesty, 257; Count Sebastiani has audience of His Majesty, 312; the following Ministers have audience of His Majesty, viz.:—Prince Esterhazy, Rechid Bey, and Count St. Martin D'Aglié, 316; Lord John Frederick Gordon, Lord of His Majesty's Bedchamber, 320; Thomas Blewitt, Esq. one of the Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, 344.

Saint James's Palace, Court at,—memorial from the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty read, recommending a new scheme for the distribution of prize money, &c. 30; Sheriffs appointed, for the year 1836, for England and Wales, 47; the Right Honourable Lord Seagrave sworn in

as Lord Lieutenant of the county of Gloucester, 50; C. H. Leigh, Esq. sworn in as Lord Lieutenant of the county of Monmouth, *ibid.*; P. Williams, Esq. sworn in as Lord Lieutenant of the county of Brecon, *ibid.*; a Chapter of the Most Noble Order of the Garter held, when the Duke of Hamilton and the Marquess of Lansdowne were invested with the ensigns of the said Order, 57; permission granted them to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the said Order, 59; Henry Thomas Chamberlayne, Esq. appointed Sheriff of the county of Warwick, 78; investiture of Vice-Admiral Sir Graham Moore with the ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross of the Military Order of the Bath, 92; Lord John Elphinstone sworn of the Privy Council, 222; William Lloyd Wharton, Esq. continued Sheriff of the county of Durham, 240; Order in Council confirming the reduction of the rates payable to Pilots conducting vessels passing up and down the Rivers Thames and Medway, &c. 254.

Saint James's Palace (Queen's House), the following Ministers at this Court have audiences of Her Majesty, viz.:—the Count de Ludolf, the Baron del Torre de Moncorvo, Monsieur Galvão, and the Marquess de Barbacena, 51; M. Dedel has audience of Her Majesty, 79; Prince Ferdinand of Portugal, Duke Ferdinand of Saxe Cobourg Gotha, and the Prince Augustus of Saxe Cobourg Gotha, have audiences of Her Majesty, also the Count de Ludolf, 96, 168; Andrew Stevenson, Esq. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States, has audience of Her Majesty, 203; M. Dedel, Envoy Extraordinary, &c. from the King of the Netherlands, has audience of Her Majesty, 256; Doctor W. F. Chambers appointed Physician in Ordinary to Her Majesty, 316.

Seagrave, Right Honourable Lord, appointed Lord Lieutenant of the county of Gloucester, 50.

Senior, Lieutenant-Colonel H. to be Lieutenant-Governor of the island of Antigua, 11.

——, Nassau William Esq. to be one of the Masters in Ordinary of the High Court of Chancery, 168.

Serjeantson, the Reverend Edward, Vicar of Kirkby Stephen, Westmorland, 363.

Seymour, G. Hamilton, Esq. Knighted, 100.

Sheil, Justin, Esq. appointed Secretary to the Legation at Persia, 65.

Sheriffs appointed, for the year 1836, for England and Wales, 47; nomination of, by the Lords of the Council, for England, 326; nomination of, by the Judges of the respective Circuits in Wales, for the year 1837, 342.

Shiffner, Thomas, Esq. Paymaster of His Majesty's Household. 124.

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Sidebottom, Charles, Esq. to be a Police Magistrate of the city of Worcester, 97.
Simpson, John, Esq. Knighted, 172.
Smith, Benjamin, to carry a Stick of Office, as Secretary to the Captain of the Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, 123.
———, Major-General Sir Lionel, Captain-General and Governor in Chief of Jamaica, 313.
Smyth, Major-General Sir James Carmichael, Governor and Commander in Chief of British Guiana, 313.
Speaker, notice from, for the reassemhling of the Committee for enquiring into the Duhlin election, 62; announcing the death of the Earl of Kerry, Member for the borough of Calne, 246; notice from, of his intention to issue his warrant for the election of a Member to serve in Parliament for the county of Renfrew, in room of Sir Michael Shaw Stewart, Bart. deceased, 372.
Standish, Charles, Esq. appointed Sheriff of Lancashire, 52.
Stockenstrom, Andries, Esq. appointed Lieutenant-Governor of the eastern division of the Cape of Good Hope, 24.
Stoddart, John Frederick, Esq. appointed Second Puisne Judge of the island of Ceylon, 87.
———, George, Esq. to be Consul at Madeira, 103.
Stuart, Major-General the Honourable Patrick, to be Governor of Edinburgh Castle, 196.
———, James, Esq. to he Inspector of Factories, 242.
Sulivan, Stephen Henry, Esq. Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Lishon, 315.
Sussex, His Royal Highness the Duke of, operation on, for the cataract in the eye, 172, 175, 176.
Swale, Joseph S. G. Esq. gránted the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom, 72.
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